

# OWNER'S MANUAL LE MIRAGE XLII



PA1527

(3<sup>rd</sup> edition)

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

FOREWORD1	DRIVER'S POWER WINDOW	19
	FIXED WINDOWS	19
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS3	AWNING WINDOWS	
SAFE OPERATING PRACTICES3	SLIDING WINDOWS	20
DEFENSIVE DRIVING PRACTICES3	CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS	21
OTHER PRECAUTIONS4		
VEHICLE EXTERIOR5	KEYS	
VEHICLE LATERIOR	REMOTE ENTRY TRANSMITTER	
ENGINE COMPARTMENT COMPONENTS8	IGNITION SWITCH	_
ENGINE COMPARTMENT R.H. SIDE DOOR .9	LATERAL CONTROL PANEL	
R.H. SIDE REAR SERVICE COMPARTMENT	TRANSMISSION CONTROL PAD	
(XL2-45 MTH ONLY)9	CRUISE CONTROL SWITCHES	
BAGGAGE COMPARTMENTS10	MIRROR CONTROLS	
FUEL FILLER DOOR10	LEVEL LOW SYSTEM	
A/C CONDENSER DOOR11	PARKING BRAKES CONTROL VALVE	
ENGINE COMPARTMENT REAR DOORS11	TAG AXLE CONTROL VALVE	
110-120 VOLT CONNECTOR12	12-VOLT DC POWER OUTLET	
RECLINING BUMPER COMPARTMENT12	ACCESSORY POCKET	
FRONT SERVICE COMPARTMENT12	BLANK	
EVAPORATOR COMPARTMENT13	POWER WINDOW SWITCH	
RADIATOR DOOR13	ASHTRAY	
ENTRANCE DOOR13	CIGARETTE LIGHTER	
KEYLESS ENTRY SYSTEM14	DASHBOARD CONTROL SWITCHES	
REAR VIEW MIRRORS15	L.H. DASHBOARD PANEL	
BACK-UP CAMERA15	R.H. DASHBOARD PANEL HVAC CONTROL UNIT	
TRAILER HITCH16	AIR VENTS	
VEHICLE INTERIOR 47	INSTRUMENT CLUSTER	
VEHICLE INTERIOR17	CLUSTER	
DRIVER'S SEAT - DELIVERY17	MESSAGE CENTER DISPLAY (MCD)	
DRIVER'S AND CO-PILOT'S SEATS -	DASHBOARD GAUGES	
ISRI (OPTIONAL)17	VEHICLE CLEARANCE INFORMATION	
PNEUMATIC ISRI SEATS17	TELLTALE PANEL	
ELECTRIC ISRI SEATS17	STEERING COLUMN CONTROLS	
SAFETY BELTS18	MULTI-FUNCTION LEVER	
STEERING WHEEL ADJUSTMENT19	TRANSMISSION OUTPUT RETARDER	
SUNSHADES (BLINDS)19	HORN	
INSIDE MIRROR19	FOOT-OPERATED CONTROLS	
ADJUSTABLE HVAC REGISTERS19	SERVICE BRAKES	
WINDOWS19	ACCELERATOR PEDAL	

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

STEERING WHEEL ADJUSTMENT	KEYLESS ENTRY SYSTEM	57
UNLOCK AIR VALVE42	KEYLESS OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	57
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION42	PROGRAMMING A PERSONAL CODE	57
OPERATION42	REMOTE ENTRY TRANSMITTER	57
RANGE SELECTION - PUSH BUTTON SHIFTER42	PROGRAMMING TRANSMITTERS	58
FUNCTIONS OF THE "MODE" BUTTON43	SLIDE-OUT OPERATION	58
OTHER SEATURES 45	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	58
OTHER FEATURES 45	FRONT SLIDE-OUT OPERATION	59
DETROIT DIESEL ELECTRONIC	REAR SLIDE-OUT OPERATION	60
CONTROL (DDEC) SYSTEM45	SLIDE-OUT LOGIC CONTROLLER	60
DDEC V ELECTRONIC CONTROL MODULE (ECM)46	SLIDE-OUT MANUAL OVERRIDE PROCEDURE	61
MESSAGE CENTER DISPLAY (MCD)46	SLIDE-OUT TROUBLESHOOTING – THIRI GENERATION	
DRIVING MODE MENU47	CODE DESCRIPTION	
GAUGE MODE MENU47	GODE DESCRIPTION	09
FUEL ECONOMY MENU47	STARTING AND STOPPING	
TIME / DIST MENU47	PROCEDURES	71
FAULT ? MENU (Fault messages)48	STARTING THE ENGINE	71
NON-DRIVING MODE MENU48	STARTING FROM THE DRIVER'S SEAT	71
SET UP MODE MENU48	STARTING FROM THE ENGINE	
SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC MENU50	COMPARTMENT	
FAULT DIAGNOSTIC MENU51	COLD WEATHER STARTING	72
PART NUMBER52	ENGINE BLOCK HEATER	72
STATUS TEST52	ENGINE WARM-UP	72
DATA LOG MODE MENU53	WORLD TRANSMISSION (WT)	
PASSWORDS53	WARM-UP	
PRODRIVER <sup>TM</sup> 54	JUMP STARTING	73
ALLISON WORLD TRANSMISSION ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT (ECU)54	SAFETY FEATURES AND EQUIPMENT	75
TRANSMISSION RETARDER54		
JACOBS ENGINE BRAKE55	EMERGENCY EXITS	
ANTILOCK BRAKING SYSTEM (ABS)55	ELECTRIC AWNING WINDOWS	
DRIVER CONTROLLED DIFFERENTIAL LOCK (DCDL)55	SLIDING WINDOWSFIXED WINDOWS	
OPERATION TIPS56	ROOF ESCAPE HATCH	75
LOCKING THE DCDL56	EMERGENCY AIR-FILL VALVES	76
UNLOCKING THE DCDL56	EMERGENCY AND PARKING BRAKES	76
RETRACTABLE TAG AXLE56	SAFETY EQUIPMENT	77
VARIABLE ASSISTANCE STEERING	FIRE EXTINGUISHERS	77
GEAR (OPTIONAL)56	FIRST AID KIT	77

WARNING REFLECTORS	77	AIR TANK PURGE	89
JACK AND TOOLS	77	FIRE EXTINGUISHERS	89
SPARE PARTS KIT	77	FUEL FILTER / WATER SEPARATOR	89
CHANGING WHEELS	77	BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT	90
JACKING POINTS	78	BACK-UP CAMERA	90
HYDRAULIC JACK	78	AIR FILTER RESTRICTION INDICATOR	90
TOWING	78	A/C AND HEATING SYSTEM AIR FILTERS	91
DAYTIME RUNNING LIGHTS	79	DRIVER'S AREA AIR FILTERS	91
FOG LIGHTS	79	CABIN SYSTEM AIR FILTER	91
CORNERING AND DOCKING LIGHTS	S79	HOSE INSPECTION	92
COMPARTMENT LIGHTING		LUBRICATION	92
MUD FLAPS AND SPLASH GUARDS		PRE-STARTING INSPECTION	92
BACK-UP CAMERA	-	WITH ENGINE STOPPED	92
BACK-UP ALARM		WITH ENGINE RUNNING	93
BACK-UP ALARM CANCEL SWITCH		FIRST SERVICE ON NEW VEHICLE	94
		ENGINE OIL	94
ALARM SYSTEM	80	AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL FILTER	94
CARE AND MAINTENANCE	83	COOLANT SYSTEM STRAINER	94
CLEANING	00	GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS	94
SEAT UPHOLSTERY		WALK-AROUND INSPECTION	
PLASTIC AND VINYL		(BEFORE EVERY TRIP)	96
WINDOWS		LUBRICATION AND SERVICING SCHEDULE	07
STAINLESS STEEL			31
FORMICA		SERVICE EVERY 6,250 MILES (10 000 KM) OR TWICE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES	
CARPET		FIRST	
RUBBER COMPONENTS		SERVICE EVERY 12,500 MILES (20 000 KM OR TWICE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	
FLOOR CLEANING			
EXTERIOR SURFACES		SERVICE EVERY 12,500 MILES (20 000 KM)	)
WINDSHIELD		OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	
FLUID LEVEL VERIFICATION		SERVICE EVERY 25,000 MILES (40 000 KM)	)
ENGINE OIL LEVEL		OR ACCORDING TO THE FLEET	
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL LEV		MAINTENANCE INTERVAL, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	
POWER STEERING FLUID LEVEL		SERVICE EVERY 25,000 MILES (40 000 KM)	)
RADIATOR FAN GEARBOX OIL LEVEI	_	OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	98
DRIVE AXLE WHEEL BEARING OIL LE		SERVICE EVERY 50,000 MILES (80 000 KM)	
FRONT AND TAG AXLE WHEEL HUBS		OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES	
COOLANT FLUID LEVEL		FIRST	98
	88	OEDVIOLEVEDV 50 000 MV 50 (00 000 V/M)	١
WINDSHIELD WASHER TANK		SERVICE EVERY 50,000 MILES (80 000 KM) OR ONCE EVERY TWO YEARS, WHICHEVE	

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SERVICE EVERY 100,000 MILES (160 000 KM)	HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING	107
OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST99	SMALL CAPACITY A/C	107
SERVICE EVERY 100,000 MILES (160 000 KM)	COMPRESSOR (for small capacity A/C)	107
OR ONCE EVERY TWO YEARS, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST99	LARGE CAPACITY A/C	107
SERVICE EVERY 100,000 MILES (160 000 KM)	COMPRESSOR (for large capacity A/C)	107
OR ONCE EVERY FOUR YEARS, WHICHEVER	OIL SPECIFICATIONS	108
COMES FIRST99	ENGINE	108
SERVICE EVERY 250,000 MILES (400 000 KM) OR ONCE EVERY FOUR YEARS, WHICHEVER	AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION	108
COMES FIRST99	DIFFERENTIAL	108
MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE99	FAN GEARBOX	108
LUBRICANT SPECIFICATIONS100	POWER STEERING RESERVOIR	108
PART NUMBER SPECIFICATIONS101	DDEC V DIAGNOSTIC CODES	108
TECHNICAL INFORMATION 103	WORLD TRANSMISSION (WT) DIAGNOSTIC CODES	118
DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS104	DIAGNOSTIC CODE MEMORY LIST	119
CAPACITIES104	MAIN CODE	119
FUEL TYPE104	SUB CODE	119
WHEELS AND TIRES104	ACTIVE INDICATOR	119
RECOMMENDED TIRE INFLATION	IGNITION CYCLE COUNTER	119
PRESSURE AT MAXIMUM COLD LOAD104	EVENT COUNTER	119
BELTS105	CLEARING THE ACTIVE INDICATOR AND CODE RECORDS FROM THE CODE LIST IN	
ENGINE105	MEMORY	
TRANSMISSION105	CODE READING AND CODE CLEARING PROCEDURES	
GEAR RATIOS105	READING CODES	
BRAKES105	CLEARING CODES	
BRAKE CHAMBER EFFECTIVE AREA105	EXITING THE DIAGNOSTIC	120
AIR SYSTEM106	DISPLAY MODE	120
ANTILOCK BRAKING SYSTEM (ABS)106 TROUBLESHOOTING AND TESTING106	CLEARING RECORDS FROM THE CODE LIST IN MEMORY	
STEERING106	DIAGNOSTIC CODE RESPONSE	121
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM106	DIAGNOSTIC CODE LIST AND DESCRIPTION	404
SUSPENSION106		
INDEPENDENT FRONT SUSPENSION106	OIL LEVEL SENSOR (OLS) CODES	
DRIVE AXLE106	CLEARING CODES	
TAG AXLE106	LIGHT BULB DATA	
ALIGNMENT SPECIFICATIONS106	PLATES AND CERTIFICATION	
FRONT AXLE	SAFETY CERTIFICATION	
(INDEPENDENT FRONT SUSPENSION)107	DOT CERTIFICATION PLATE	
DRIVE AXLE107	EPA ENGINE LABEL	133
TAG AXLE107		

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (VIN)	133
COACH FINAL RECORD	
APPENDIX	135
SERVICE LITERATURE	135
NOTICE	136
INDEX	137

This PREVOST XL2 Owner's Manual has been prepared to thoroughly acquaint you, the owner, with vehicle's equipment and features in order to fully appreciate and safely enjoy your vehicle. Of course, you are anxious to drive your new private motorcoach and test its features, but first please read this publication carefully to help ensure enjoyable and trouble free operation. This book should be kept inside the vehicle at all times for convenient reference. It is also suggested that it remain with the vehicle at the time of resale. Please notify PREVOST CAR INC. when the vehicle's ownership is transferred so that our records can be kept up to date. Do this by filling out the appropriate form at the end of this manual.

The specifications, descriptions and figures given are based on the latest information available at printing time. And because at PREVOST we are constantly striving to improve our products, we reserve the right to make changes at any time without notice and/or obligation on our part.

Please note that this publication applies to factory-prepared, conversion-ready luxury motorcoaches, manufactured by PREVOST CAR INC. It describes and explains the equipment and options available for installation in our factory. Therefore, there may be equipment described herein that is not installed on your vehicle. This publication also does not cover equipment installed by your interior designer or system manufacturer.

This manual, or portions thereof, cannot be reproduced in any form whatsoever, in whole or in part, without the written consent of PREVOST CAR INC.

The following words are used to emphasize particularly important information:

# $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

Identifies instructions which, if not followed, could result in serious personal injury or loss of life.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Denotes instructions which, if not followed, could cause serious damage to vehicle components.

#### NOTE

Indicates supplementary information needed to fully understand and complete an instruction.

For your own safety and to ensure prolonged service life of your private motorcoach, heed our **WARNINGS**, **CAUTIONS** and **NOTES**. Ignoring them could result in extensive damage and/or serious personal injury.

# **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

To ensure safe and reliable operation, heed the following safety precautions.

## SAFE OPERATING PRACTICES

- Operation and maintenance of the vehicle must be performed only by qualified personnel.
- Before driving, conduct a walk around inspection and check that all baggage compartment doors and equipment access doors are securely shut.
- Make sure good visibility is maintained at all times. Keep windshields clean and free of obstructions.
- Adjust the driver's seat so that all controls can be reached easily.
- Always wear the safety belt when driving.
- Check the instrument panel frequently. Do not operate the vehicle when dials or indicators are not in their normal operating condition.
- Always pay attention to pedestrians passing in front and behind the vehicle. Always yield to pedestrians at pedestrian walkways.
- Do not drive over obstacles on the road. Empty boxes, piles of leaves, and snowdrifts could conceal hidden dangers that could damage the vehicle suspension and underbody.
- When turning or changing lanes, signal your intention well in advance.
- When approaching to make a right turn, reduce the space between the vehicle and the curb to make sure another vehicle cannot pass on the right. Since the vehicle makes wide turns, allow enough space to make safe turns.
- Switch from high beams to low beams when meeting or following other vehicles within 500 feet (150 meters).
- Never leave the vehicle unattended with the engine running or with the key in the ignition. Turn off the engine, remove keys and apply the parking brake before leaving the vehicle.
- Shut-off the engine before refueling, adding oil, performing maintenance or servicing tasks, unless stated otherwise.

- Fuel is highly flammable and explosive. Do not smoke when refueling. Keep away from open flames or sparks.
- Do not run the engine or HVAC system with access doors left open. Close compartment doors before operating any equipment.
- Do not remove the surge tank filler cap or the cooling system pressure cap when the engine is hot. Let the engine cool down before removing filler caps.
- Do not attempt to push or pull-start a vehicle equipped with an automatic transmission.
- The service life of the vehicle depends on the kind of maintenance it receives. Always record any problems and report them immediately to maintenance personnel.
- Do not use the trailer hitch before reading the safety, technical and operational requirements on page 16 of this manual.

#### **DEFENSIVE DRIVING PRACTICES**

- For city driving, allow a four to six second travel interval between your vehicle and the vehicle ahead. Increase this travel interval to six to eight seconds for highway driving. Increase time interval for driving at night or in foul weather.
- Be prepared to stop when approaching an intersection. The stopping distance of the vehicle increases with the weight and speed.
- Establish eye-to-eye contact with other drivers and with pedestrians. Use, high beam and low beam headlights, turn signals and horn as needed.
- On highway, don't stare at the road ahead.
   Keep your eyes moving. Check mirrors and dashboard instruments frequently.
- To keep the vehicle from drifting across lanes during highway driving, always look over the horizon on the road ahead.
- Adjust your speed to road conditions, traffic and visibility. Never exceed the posted speed limits.
- If another vehicle is following close behind, reduce your speed to let the vehicle pass.

For additional information about safe operation and defensive driving practices, contact the local department of motor vehicles authority.

## **OTHER PRECAUTIONS**

# △ WARNING △

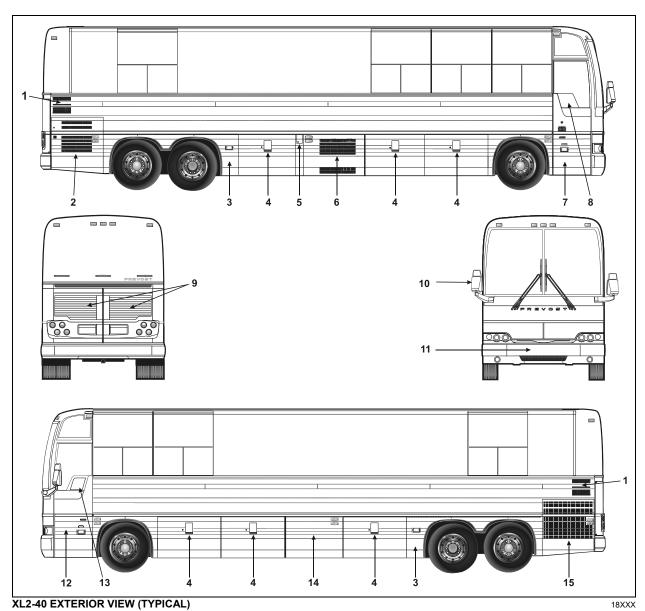
Prior to working on a system inside the vehicle, make sure to cut electrical power and air supply. A component could be supplied with electricity even if battery master switch is set to the *OFF* position and/or a component could be pressurized even if air tanks are emptied. Always refer to the appropriate wiring and pneumatic diagrams prior to working on electrical and/or pneumatic systems.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Prior to welding or soldering on the vehicle, disconnect all electronic modules, positive and negative battery connections. If these modules (ECM, ECU, ABS) are not disconnected, electronic components (EPROM, CHIPS) could be permanently damaged.

Refer to Section 00 of your maintenance manual for all related procedures.

# **VEHICLE EXTERIOR**



- Engine compartment R.H. side door 2.
- Hinged rear fender 3.
- Baggage compartment 4.

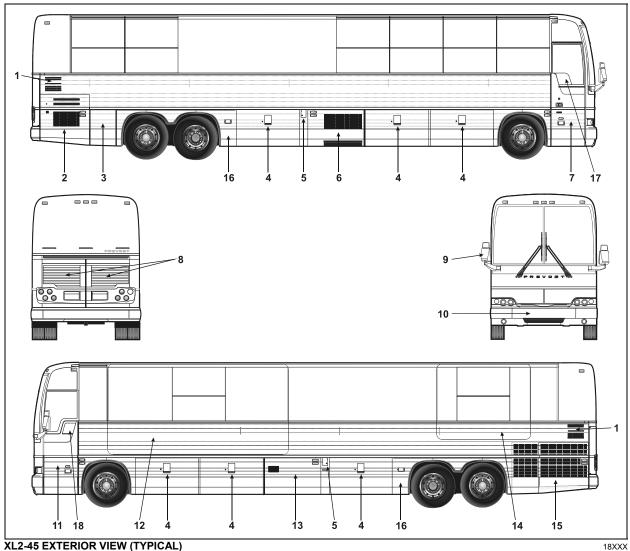
Engine air intake

Fuel filler door 5.

1.

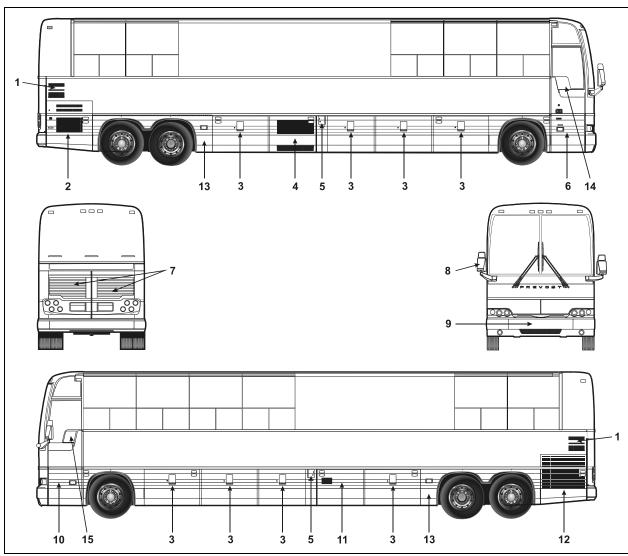
- 6. Condenser or baggage compartment
- Entrance door 7.
- Entrance door power window 8.

- 9. Engine compartment rear doors
- Rear-view mirror 10.
- 11. Reclining bumper
- Front service compartment Driver's power window 12.
- 13.
- 14. Evaporator or baggage compartment
- Radiator door 15.



- XL2-45 EXTERIOR VIEW (TYPICAL)
- 1. Engine air intake Engine compartment R.H. side door 2.
- R.H. side rear service compartment 3.
- 4. Baggage compartment
- 5. Fuel filler door
- Condenser or baggage compartment 6.
- 7. Entrance door
- Engine compartment rear doors 8.
- Rear-view mirror

- 10. Reclining bumper
- Front service compartment 11.
- 12. Front Slide-Out (Optional)
- Evaporator or baggage compartment and 13. access to Slide-Out electrical panel
- 14. Rear Slide-Out (Optional)
- Radiator door 15.
- Hinged rear fender 16.
- Entrance door power window 17.
- Driver's power window 18.



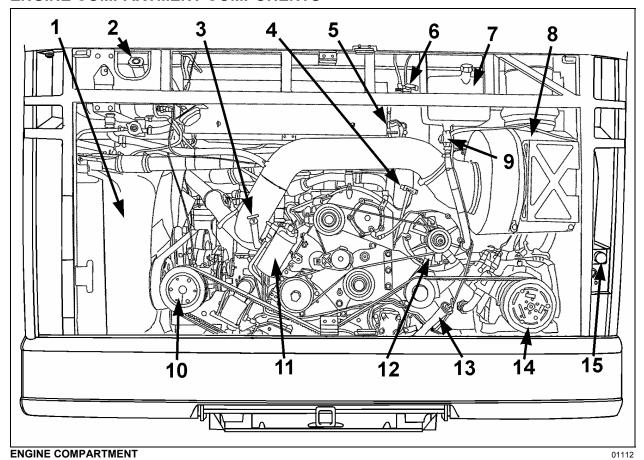
XL2-45E EXTERIOR VIEW (TYPICAL)

18XXX

- 1. Engine air intake
- 2. Engine compartment R.H. side door
- 3. Baggage compartment
- 4. Condenser or baggage compartment
- Fuel filler door
- 6. Entrance door
- 7. Engine compartment rear doors
- 8. Rear-view mirror

- 9. Reclining bumper
- 10. Front service compartment
- 11. Evaporator or baggage compartment
- 12. Radiator door
- 13. Hinged rear fender
- 14. Entrance door power window
- 15. Driver's power window

# **ENGINE COMPARTMENT COMPONENTS**



- 1. Radiator;
- 2. Coolant fluid surge tank;
- 3. Transmission oil dipstick;
- 4. Engine oil dipstick;
- 5. Starter selector switch and Engine rear start push-button switch;
- 6. Belt tensioner control valve;
- 7. Engine oil reserve tank;
- 8. Air filter;

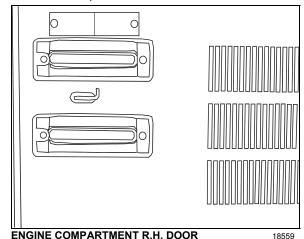
- 9. Oil reserve tank drain valve;
- 10. Radiator fan gearbox;
- 11. Engine coolant filter/conditioner;
- 12. Alternator;
- 13. Engine oil filler tube;
- 14. Main A/C compressor;
- 15. 110 120 volt connector.

Most serviceable parts may be accessed through exterior compartments. There may be slight differences in the location of parts and in the configuration of compartments between models, depending on options.

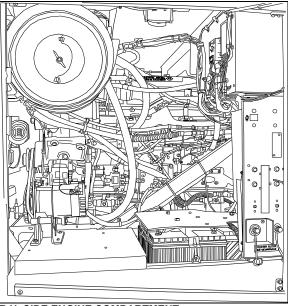
# ENGINE COMPARTMENT R.H. SIDE DOOR

The engine compartment R.H. side door provides access to the following (if equipped):

- Engine compartment rear door release lever:
- Batteries:
- Battery equalizer;
- Voltage regulator;(w/270A alternator only)
- Circuit breakers;
- Booster terminals;
- Alternator(s);
- Primary air circuit fill valve and drain cock;
- Fuel filter/water separator;
- Cold weather starting fluid bottle;
- A/C Compressor.



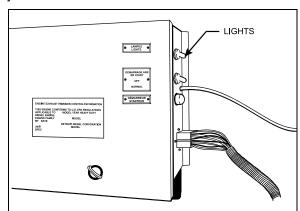
This door can be locked or unlocked using the exterior compartment key or, if so equipped, by the central door locking system. To open, push sideways the small lever located between the marker lights.



R.H. SIDE ENGINE COMPARTMENT

1851

Turn *ON* the light in the engine compartment using a switch on the right-hand side of the rear junction box.



REAR JUNCTION BOX

06409

# △ WARNING △

Unless otherwise stated, do not run the engine when the engine R.H. side compartment door is open. Close engine R.H. side compartment door before starting engine.

# R.H. SIDE REAR SERVICE COMPARTMENT (XL2-45 MTH ONLY)

This compartment is closed off from the engine compartment and can be used for storage or to house custom mechanical components.

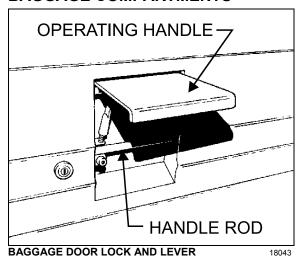
To open the door, first open the engine compartment R.H. side door and pull the lever close to the lower door hinge.



LEVER IN ENGINE COMPARTMENT R.H. SIDE DOOR

Lights in the compartment turn *ON* automatically when the door is opened.

## **BAGGAGE COMPARTMENTS**



The baggage compartment doors of the XL2-45 model provide 407 ft³ (11,53 m³) of storage space (the XL2-40 has 315 ft³ [8,9 m³] of storage capacity). The compartments can be locked or unlocked by using the exterior compartment key. Pull up operating handle to release the latch, and then pull the door open. Pressurized cylinders assist the opening and closing of the baggage compartment doors and hold the doors open.

To close, pull the door down by the handle rod. Complete the closing of the door by returning the operating handle to its initial position.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not slam shut the baggage compartment doors. Damage to door weather-stripping or locking mechanism could result.

Lights in the baggage compartments turn *ON* automatically when the door is opened.

# riangle WARNING riangle

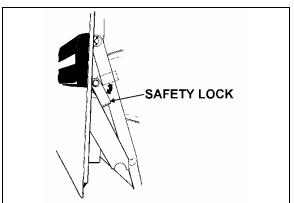
To avoid injury, keep hands clear of baggage compartment door edge and door frame when closing.

#### NOTE

To prevent theft and vandalism, always lock the baggage compartment doors before leaving the vehicle unattended.

### NOTE

In case of malfunction or special conditions, use the safety lock to keep the door securely opened.



SAFETY LOCK

18038

#### NOTE

The baggage compartment doors can be locked/unlocked from the driver's position by the optional central locking system. The switch is on the L.H. control panel. Refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter.

#### **FUEL FILLER DOOR**

There is one fuel filler door on each side of the vehicle, providing easy fuel filling (MTH-40 has only one). Both fuel filler doors can be unlocked with the exterior compartment key. Springs keep the door either open or shut.

#### NOTE

Provided the vehicle is parked on level ground, an automatic nozzle will automatically shut off when tank is approximately 95% full.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

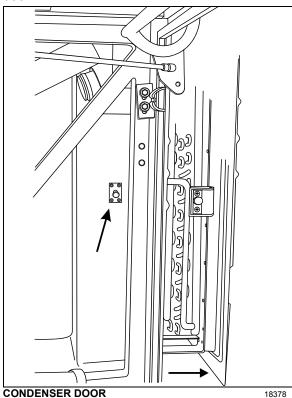
Do not fill to more than 95% of the tank capacity. Do not "top off" the tank, doing so may result in fuel spillage when the fuel expands.

### NOTE

The fuel filler door locks must be in the unlocked position before closing.

## A/C CONDENSER DOOR

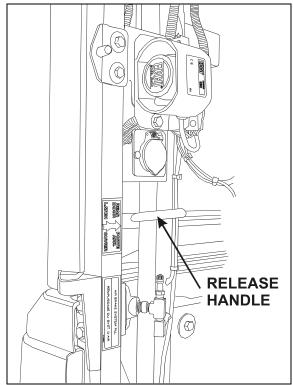
Pull the release latch located inside the adjacent baggage compartment to open the condenser door.



# ENGINE COMPARTMENT REAR DOORS

To open the engine compartment rear doors, open the engine compartment R.H. side door and pull the lever located on the rear door, close to the bottom door hinge. The engine compartment doors swing out to provide access to the following:

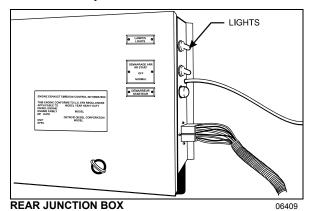
- Engine;
- Alternator(s);
- Compressor(s);
- Belt tension valve (refer to Care and Maintenance chapter);
- Engine starting selector (refer to Starting and Stopping Procedures chapter);
- Rear junction compartment;
- Certification plates;
- Diagnostic Data Reader (DDR) receptacle (refer to Other Features chapter);
- Engine coolant surge tank;
- Air cleaner restriction indicator;
- Engine oil dipstick;
- Engine oil reserve tank;
- Power steering fluid reserve tank;
- Automatic transmission oil dipstick;
- Engine coolant filler cap;
- Primary air circuit fill valve and drain cock;
- 110-120 volt connector.



OPENING THE ENGINE COMPARTMENT REAR DOORS
FROM R.H. SIDE DOOR

18547

A catch holding each door open engages when the door is fully open. Release the catches before closing the doors. Close the L.H. door first, then firmly shut the R.H. door.

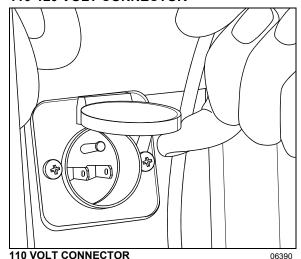


Turn the lights ON in the engine compartment using the switch on the right-hand side of the rear junction box.

# △ WARNING △

Unless otherwise specified, do not run engine when the engine compartment rear door is open. Close the engine compartment rear door before starting the engine.

#### 110-120 VOLT CONNECTOR



This connector is used with a 110-120 volt supply and is connected to the engine block heater. Refer to "Starting and Stopping Procedures" chapter.

To access the connector, open the engine compartment R. H. side door. The connector is attached to the L. H. side frame post.

# RECLINING BUMPER COMPARTMENT

The front bumper can be tilted downward to give access to the bumper compartment. Pull the release handle located inside front service compartment to unlock. Tilt down the entire bumper assembly to access the compartment. Push the bumper back up firmly in place to lock in position.

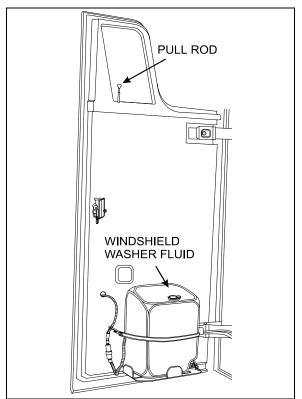
# △ WARNING △

The compartment behind the bumper is not designed for storage. Never store loose objects in this compartment since they can interfere with the steering linkage mechanism.

Use care when opening or closing the reclining bumper compartment to prevent personal injury.

#### FRONT SERVICE COMPARTMENT

To open the front compartment door, pull the rod inside the vehicle, next to the driver's power window or use the key to open from outside the vehicle. The front service compartment provides access to the following:

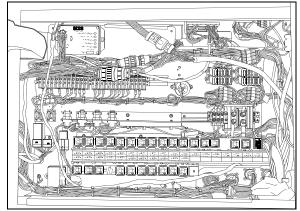


FRONT SERVICE COMPARTMENT DOOR

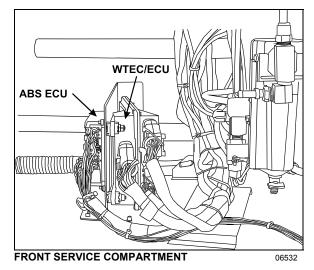
18381

- Front junction box;
- Windshield washer reservoir:
- Accessory air tank drain valve;
- Accessory system fill valve;
- (WTEC) transmission module (ECU);
- ABS electronic control unit.

The light in the front electric & service compartment turns ON automatically when the door is opened.



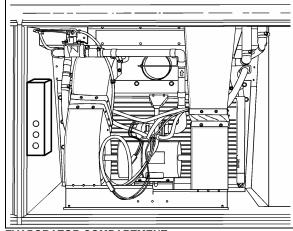
FRONT JUNCTION BOX IN SERVICE COMPARTMENT



# **EVAPORATOR COMPARTMENT**

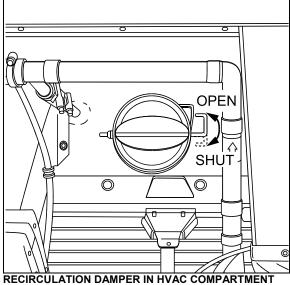
The HVAC (Heating, Ventilating and Air-Conditioning) breakers and power relays are found in this compartment.

The compartment door release latch is located on the left side of the baggage compartment and to the right of the HVAC compartment door. Pull the release latch then swing the HVAC compartment door open.



**EVAPORATOR COMPARTMENT** 

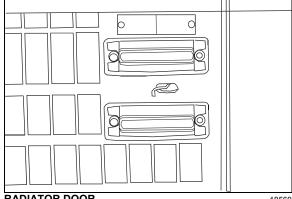
22178



Open or close the recirculation damper with the lever shown in the illustration above

#### RADIATOR DOOR

Open the engine radiator door by pushing sideways the release lever.

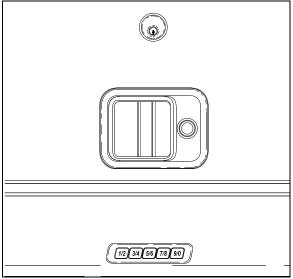


RADIATOR DOOR 18560

#### **ENTRANCE DOOR**

Lock or unlock the entrance door from outside the vehicle by either turning the key in the door lock (counterclockwise to lock, clockwise to unlock), by using the outside key pad (see "Keyless Entry System" in this chapter), or by using the remote control (electronic key).

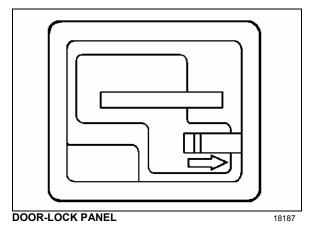
Open the door by pulling on the lever. Close by pushing the door shut.



**ENTRANCE DOOR** 

1838

There are two ways of unlocking the entrance door from the inside. The first consists in actuating the rocker switch on the R.H. dashboard panel. This operation will also unlock the baggage compartments. Also, you can unlock the entrance door by sliding its lock lever to the left. If the orange tab on the door-lock lever is visible, the door is unlocked.



#### **KEYLESS ENTRY SYSTEM**

By using this system, you can lock or unlock the entrance door and the baggage and service compartment doors. The keyboard is located below the entrance door handle. The master code in the microprocessor/relay module is preprogrammed by the manufacturer and cannot be deleted. Moreover, you can program your own entry code (e.g. a birthday or part of a social security number).

The master code is:

- Printed on the owner's wallet card;
- Printed on three decals, joined to the owner's wallet card.
- Printed on decal affixed to the keyless system microprocessor/relay module in the front console;

When you use the keyless entry system, the keyboard and step lights illuminate.

Do not push the buttons with a key, pencil or any other hard or sharp object as the buttons could be damaged. Although each button is provided with two digits separated by a vertical line, there is only one contact per button. Press in the center of the button (between the two digits, on the vertical line).

You must unlock the entrance door before you unlock any other baggage or service compartment door. If you let more than five seconds pass between the numbers you press, the system shuts down, and you have to enter your code again. If the keyless entry system does not work properly, use the key to lock or unlock entrance or compartment doors.

## **Keyless Operating Instructions**

- To unlock the entrance door, enter the five digits of the code. After pressing the fifth digit, the door will unlock. During the night, press any button to illuminate the keyboard, and then enter the code.
- 2. When pressing any button, the keyboard lights up for five seconds and the step lights illuminate for twenty-five seconds.
- 3. To unlock the baggage and service compartment doors, press button 3|4 within five seconds of entering the code.

4. To lock entrance door and compartments all at the same time, press buttons 7|8 and 9|0 at the same time.

# **Programming Your Personal Code**

#### NOTE

To avoid erasing your personal code from the system memory, you should connect the keyless entry system to house batteries, otherwise the code will be erased each time battery main disconnect switches are set to the OFF position.

You can program a personal code to unlock the entrance door and compartments. This code does not replace the permanent code that is programmed into the system. Use your personal code in the same manner that you would use the original code.

Do not choose a code that presents the numbers in sequential order, such as 1|2, 3|4, 5|6, 7|8, 9|0. Studies show that people who idly press the buttons usually press a sequential pattern. Also, do not select a code that uses the same button five times. Thieves can easily figure out these types of codes.

- 1. Choose and memorize your personal code.
- 2. Enter the original code, and within five seconds, press button 1|2.
- 3. Within five seconds of pressing button 1|2, enter your personal code, pressing each button within five seconds of the previous digit. The keyboard light will immediately turn *OFF* if the code is correctly entered.

The keyless entry system registers your personal code. To unlock the entrance door, you can use either code.

To erase your personal code, enter the original code, press button 1|2, then wait six seconds.

Refer to "Controls and instruments" chapter, for instructions on remote unlock key fob. Refer to "Other Features" chapter, for full details on keyless entry system.

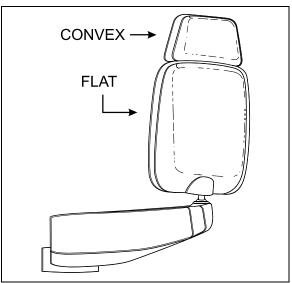
## **REAR VIEW MIRRORS**

The vehicle is equipped with flat-type and convex-type rear-view mirrors. Convex mirrors give a wide angle view. Objects viewed in convex-type rear-view mirrors appear smaller and are actually closer than they appear.

To provide good visibility in cold weather, the mirrors are equipped with heating elements. The elements are activated by a rocker switch located on the dashboard. Refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter. Thermostats are used to prevent continuous operation of the heating elements.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not attach stick-on type convex mirror accessories to the heated mirror glass. This could impede uniform heat distribution on the mirror surface and could break the mirror glass.



REAR VIEW MIRRORS

18376

The mirrors are adjusted using the controls located on the L.H. control panel. Refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter. Manual adjustment is also possible.

Adjust the side-view mirrors until the side of the vehicle is visible. Adjust the flat-type mirror until the road behind is in full view.

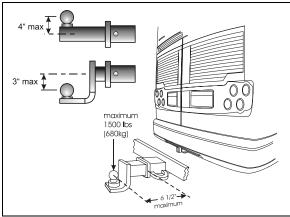
## **BACK-UP CAMERA**

An optional back-up camera is available which provides the driver with visual assistance when backing-up. For additional information, refer to "Controls & Instruments" and 'Care and maintenance' chapters.

#### TRAILER HITCH

# 20 000 lb max. Gross trailer weight capacity (optional)

Your vehicle may be equipped with a factory installed trailer hitch which has been designed to meet the following rating:



TRAILER HITCH

23337

- Maximum gross trailer weight: 20,000 lb (9072 kg)
- Maximum tongue weight at 6 1/2 inches (165 mm) or less from coupling receiver: 1,500 lb (680 kg)

# △ WARNING △

The draw bar and the ball used for towing the trailer should be rated for 20,000 lbs capacity or more.

# △ WARNING △

Pulling a trailer weighing more than the recommended maximum gross weight may cause engine and transmission overheating, and also possible hitch failure.

#### NOTE

Pulling a trailer over long distances is considered as a "severe operating condition" for the vehicle and therefore, power plant requires more frequent servicing.

#### NOTE

The minimum requirement for a trailer weighing up to 20,000 lbs when coupled to a 20,000 lb Prévost Trailer Hitch is as per the following:

- Trailer must comply with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations 393.52 regarding trailer breaking capability.
- 2. The trailer coupling attachments meet the following minimum static test load requirements:
  - Longitudinal tension and compression: (1.5 x GVWR of trailer)
  - Transverse thrust: (0.5 x GVWR of trailer)
  - Vertical tension and compression: (0.5 x GVWR of trailer)

Loads indicated must be applied without incurring loss of attachments or distortion or failure which could affect the safe towing of trailer.

- 3. The ball and trailer coupling should meet the following minimum test load requirements without incurring failure:
  - Longitudinal tension and compression: (Gross Trailer Weight of trailer x 3)
  - Transverse thrust: (Gross Trailer Weight of trailer x 1)
  - Vertical tension and compression: (Gross Trailer Weight of trailer x 1.3)

In this case, failure is identified as the point at which the coupling or ball will accept no additional test load without separation of the ball from the coupling ball socket, or the occurrence of a metal fracture of either coupling ball or coupling assembly, which results in separation of the ball from the coupling ball socket.

- 4. Two lengths of safety chain shall be used. The strength rating (minimum breaking force) of each individual chain and its connecting means shall be equal to, or exceed the trailer GVWR.
- 5. Towing vehicle must be equipped with engine or transmission retarder. The engine or the transmission retarder on the vehicle must be functional at all time (to be inspected frequently).
- 6. This hitch must be used for recreational use only.

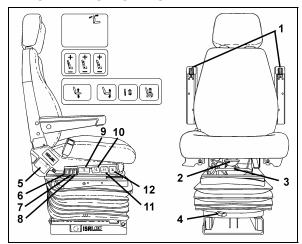
## **DRIVER'S SEAT - "DELIVERY"**

The driver's "delivery" seat is standard and legal only for driving the vehicle on its initial delivery. It is a conventional van seat equipped with tracks for fore and aft adjustments.

# DRIVER'S AND CO-PILOT'S SEATS - ISRI (OPTIONAL)

Two distinct *ISRI* model driver's and co-pilot's seats may be supplied with your vehicle: both with a sophisticated air suspension system, one being pneumatically operated, while the other is electrically operated. Both seats may be equipped with lumbar supports, heated cushions and adjustable armrests. Seats can be adjusted to the desired driving position by following the instructions listed below:

#### **PNEUMATIC ISRI SEATS**



PNEUMATIC DRIVER'S SEAT

18385

# riangle WARNING riangle

Never try to adjust seat while driving vehicle as this could result in loss of vehicle control.

#### Armrest (1)

Rotate control knob to select desired arm-resting angle. When not in use, raise armrest parallel with backrest.

#### Seat Cushion (2)

Provides optimum comfort and support for any leg shape or size. Adjustable to 50 mm (2 inch) length.

## Fore-and-aft (3)\*

Pull handle up and slide seat forwards or backwards to adjust distance between seat and dashboard.

### Isolator (4)

Reduces horizontal vibration, ensuring smooth ride.

#### Backrest (5)

Lift lever to select proper adjustment angle of backrest.

## Air Side Bolster (6)

Offers desired side support to avoid body sideway.

#### **Air Lumbar (7) (8)**

Provides back support with upper and lower settings, ensuring comfort during lengthy sitting.

#### Air Height Adjustment (9)

Moves seat up or down independently of other seat settings. 100 mm (4 inch) total travel.

#### **Adjustable Seat Recline (10)**

Allows easy adjustment of four-setting inclination.

#### Adjustable Shock Absorber (11)

Choose stiff or soft ride infinitely.

#### Quick Air Release (12)

Exhausts all air from suspension, allowing for easy entry/exit. Returns seat to previous position.

#### **ELECTRIC ISRI SEATS**

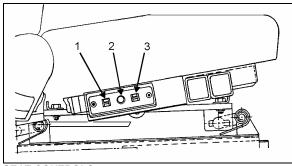
Adjust electric seats as follows:

## Tilt (rear) (1)

Pull switch up to raise rear section of seat. Push switch down to lower rear section of seat.

## Fore-and-aft/Up-Down (2)

Push switch towards dashboard to move seat forwards or back to move seat backwards. Pull switch up to raise seat or push switch down to lower seat.



SEAT CONTROLS

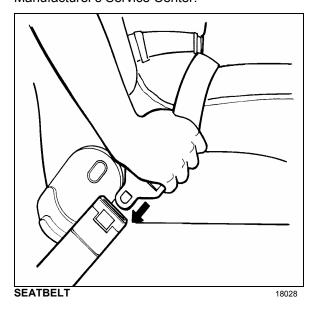
18040

# Tilt (front) (3)

Pull switch up to raise front section of seat. Push switch down to lower front section of seat.

## **SAFETY BELTS**

The driver's seat is equipped with a retractable safety belt as required by State, Provincial and Federal regulations. To fasten, pull seat belt out of the retractor and insert the latch plate into the buckle until it clicks. No special adjustment is required since the reel device is self-adjusting. If seat belt operation becomes defective, report to Manufacturer's Service Center.



## NOTE

The safety belt must be pulled out slowly and continuously, otherwise it will lock the reel before the latch plate reaches the buckle. If this happens, allow the belt to retract completely and repeat the procedure correctly.

# $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

A snug fit with the lap belt positioned low on the hips is necessary to ensure motorist's safety. The belt should not be worn twisted. Avoid pinching belt and/or belt hardware in seat mechanism. Do not wear belt over rigid or breakable objects, such as eyeglasses, pens or keys as these may cause injuries.

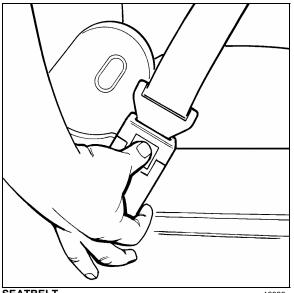
# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Never bleach or dry clean safety belt.

To unfasten belt, press the red button in center of buckle and allow belt to retract. If the belt does not fully retract, pull it out and check for kinks or twists. Make sure that it remains untwisted as it retracts.

# riangle WARNING riangle

Safety belts should always be worn by motorists using seats supplied with belts since this is required by most State and Provincial laws.



SEATBELT 18

### STEERING WHEEL ADJUSTMENT

Push on the valve button with the left foot to unlock the steering wheel for tilt and telescopic adjustment.

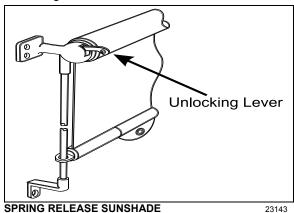
# △ WARNING △

Do not adjust the steering wheel while the vehicle is moving. Loss of control could result. Park the vehicle safely and apply parking brakes before adjusting the steering wheel.

## **SUNSHADES (BLINDS)**

This vehicle is provided with three pivoting type sun visors which are installed as standard equipment. Pivot the appropriate sun visor to the desired position. Two electrically operated sunshades may also be selected (optional) but are not factory installed.

Moreover, an optional spring release type sunshade is provided for the driver's window to protect him from side glare. To operate, pull down the shade by its hem to the appropriate position and release it. It will remain automatically in position. To lift, depress the unlocking lever.



## **INSIDE MIRROR**

One (optional) mirror is located in the driver's area, the central mirror allows the driver to see in the central cabin aisle.

#### ADJUSTABLE HVAC REGISTERS

The HVAC system has adjustable registers to control air flow. They are located on the dashboard; refer to Chapter, Controls &

Instruments. The direction and volume of air flow are adjustable.

## **WINDOWS**

The vehicle is equipped with single pane or double pane (thermos) windows. There are two automobile-like power windows and a possible combination of three types of side windows, all of them flush-mounted to the structure: fixed, awning and sliding windows. Following is a description and operating instructions for these types of windows:

#### **DRIVER'S POWER WINDOW**

The driver's area is equipped with a power window on the driver's side and another power window in the entrance door. The windows are controlled by rocker switches located on the L.H. control panel. Refer to Chapter, Controls & Instruments.

#### **FIXED WINDOWS**

These windows are glued to the structure and form an integral part of the body of the vehicle, helping reduce vibration and noise. Fixed windows cannot be opened.

#### **AWNING WINDOWS**

To open or close an electrically-operated awning window, use the rocker switch button located at the bottom of the window framing. After closing the window, maintain the rocker switch button depressed to latch the window.

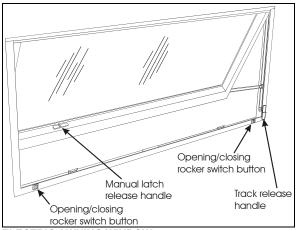
# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Avoid holding the rocker switch button depressed after the window has reached its full opened position or after the window has been latched.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Never try to open or close the awning window by pulling or pushing directly on the window; this could damage the opening mechanism gearbox.

A telltale light on the dashboard illuminates when an awning window is opened. Refer to Controls and instruments chapter for more information.



**ELECTRIC AWNING WINDOW** 

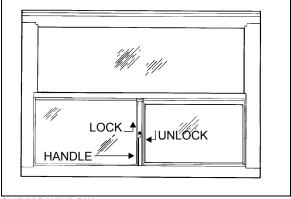
18585

# NOTE

The awning window electrical circuit is equipped with a thermistor protecting the components from overheating. If the awning window is opened and closed repeatedly, causing overheating of the components, the thermal protection will interrupt the operation of the window for a short while to permit cooling down of the components. This feature also prevents personal injuries and damages to the components if something obstructs the window movement.

#### **SLIDING WINDOWS**

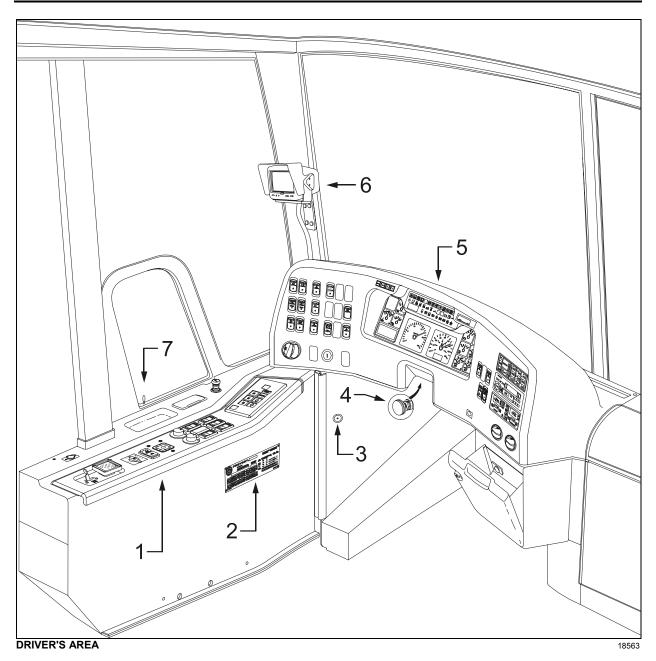
Unlatch and pull the sliding window inwards, then slide open. Reverse operation to close.



SLIDING WINDOW

18206

# **CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS**

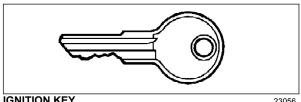


- 1. Lateral control panel
- 2. DOT certification plate
- 3. Diagnostic Data Reader (DDR) receptacle
- 4. Foot operated steering wheel adjustment unlock air valve

# **KEYS**

Four different key models are provided with the vehicle:

- 5. Dashboard
- 6. Rear view TV monitor (optional)
- 7. Front service door unlocking pull-rod



**IGNITION KEY** 23056 The ignition switch doubles as the battery master switch. Any position other than OFF activates the battery electrical circuit. The battery electrical circuit is also activated when the hazard switch is depressed.

Use the ignition key to activate the battery electrical circuit by turning it counterclockwise to the ACC position.

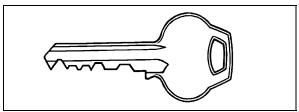
To start the engine, turn the key clockwise to the *START* position, and then release it. The key will set to *ON* position.

# riangle CAUTION riangle

When the vehicle is parked overnight or for an extended period of time, the battery master switch (ignition switch) should be set to the *OFF* position.

#### NOTE

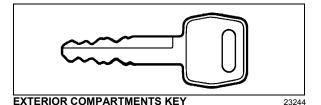
When the battery master switch (ignition switch) is set to the OFF position, all electrical supply from the batteries is cut off, with the exception of battery equalizer check module, ECM ignition and power supply, ECU power (World Transmission), coolant heater electronic timer, coolant heater and water recirculating pump, pro-driver, power-verter, keyless entry system and fire alarm.



ENTRANCE DOOR KEY

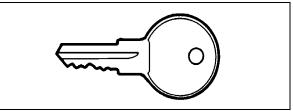
23057

Use the entrance door key to lock or unlock the door from the outside. It is also possible to lock or unlock the entrance door using the exterior compartment door lock, the entrance door unlocking switch or using the keyless entry system.



Use one of the two exterior compartment keys provided to lock or unlock any exterior compartment door, including the electrical or

service compartment doors, but excluding the fuel tank filling access doors. It is also possible to lock or unlock the baggage compartments and service compartments from the inside by means of a switch located on the dashboard.



**FUEL FILLER DOOR KEY** 

23014C

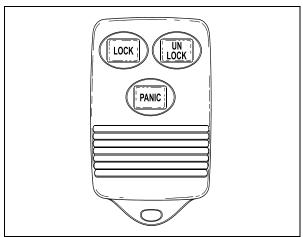
Use this key to unlock the fuel filler doors on either side of the vehicle.

## NOTE

For your protection against theft, record the key numbers and keep this information in a safe place. Do not keep these records inside vehicle. It is also advisable to deposit a duplicate of each key in a safe place, so they can be obtained without difficulty in case of an emergency or loss.

#### REMOTE ENTRY TRANSMITTER

Up to four hand held (electronic key) transmitters can control electronic door lock system.



REMOTE ENTRY TRANSMITTER

23208

To unlock the entry door:

Press the UNLOCK button on the transmitter. This will unlock the door and disarm the antitheft system.

To unlock all compartments:

Press UNLOCK a second time within five seconds of the first unlock. If more than five seconds pass pressing UNLOCK will only unlock the entry door. To lock all doors and arm the anti-theft system:

Press LOCK on the transmitter once.

To confirm that the door and compartments have been locked and that the anti-theft system is armed:

Press LOCK again within five seconds of the first lock. The horn will chirp once if the door and compartments have locked. If the door or one of the compartments is open, a door ajar signal prevents arming of the system.

To set off the personal security alarm:

Press the red PANIC button on any transmitter. The horn will sound and the headlamps will flash for a maximum of three minutes.

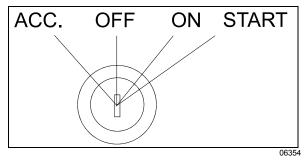
To deactivate the personal security alarm:

Press the red PANIC button again on any transmitter or turn the ignition key ON.

#### NOTE.

The remote entry features will not function when the ignition is in the ON or ACC. position.

#### **IGNITION SWITCH**



The ignition switch is located on the lower left side of the dashboard. It has four positions:

#### Off

In the *OFF* position, ignition cannot take place. The key can be removed in this position.

The electrical circuits are not activated when the switch is in this position. Only the accessories connected directly to the batteries can be activated. These are: the coolant heater and water pump, the keyless entry system and antitheft alarm, the central locking system, entry lights electric horn and Message Center Display (MCD). Maintain the switch in this position when parked overnight or for an extended period.

#### **Accessories**

To operate the accessories only, turn the ignition key counterclockwise. The key cannot be removed in this position.

The battery electrical circuits are activated when the switch is in this position or when the hazard flashers are activated.

The features enabled when the key is in the ACC position are all those linked directly to the battery plus the exterior temperature display, the radio or entertainment system, exterior and interior lighting.

#### On

To place ignition switch to *ON*, turn the key clockwise to the first position. The key cannot be removed in this position.

The electrical circuits activated are the same than when the switch is in the *ACC* position plus the transmission, engine and accessories, ABS system, wipers, level low system, dashboard cluster gauges and buzzers, air horn and air dryer heater are activated when the key is in this position. Do not leave the key in this position unless the engine is running.

#### Start

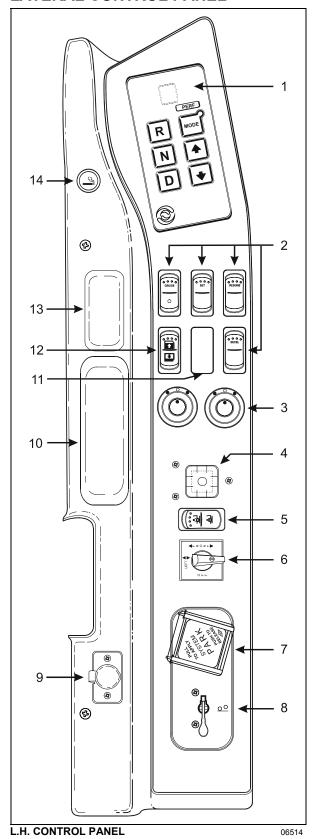
Turn the key clockwise to the second position and release as soon as the engine starts. The key will return to the ON position. If the engine did not start, return the ignition key to the OFF position before trying to restart the engine.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

To avoid overheating the starter, do not engage the starter for more than 15 seconds at a time. Allow the starter to cool before trying to restart the engine.

The features activated when the engine is running are all those described above plus the HVAC system and day time running lights. The optional ether cold-start system is automatically deactivated once the engine runs.

#### LATERAL CONTROL PANEL



- 1. Transmission Control Pad
- 2. Cruise Control Switches
- 3. Mirror Controls
- 4. Level Indicator
- 5. Height Control Switch
- 6. Level Low Control Valve
- 7. Parking Brakes Control Valve
- 8. Tag Axle Control Valve
- 9. 12 Volt DC Power Outlet
- 10. Accessory Pocket
- 11. Blank
- 12. Driver's Power Window Switch
- 13. Accessory Pocket or Ashtray (Optional)
- 14. Cigarette Lighter (Optional)

#### **TRANSMISSION CONTROL PAD (1)**

The control pad for the transmission is located as shown. Refer to "Automatic Transmission" in this chapter for operating instructions and more information.

# **CRUISE CONTROL SWITCHES (2)**

The cruise control is part of the DDEC V electronic engine control that will maintain a set speed when the vehicle is traveling above 20 mph (32 km/h).

# △ WARNING △

Do not use the cruise control when driving speed must be constantly adjusted, such as in heavy traffic or on winding, icy, snow-covered or slippery roads, or on gravel roads.

# △ WARNING △

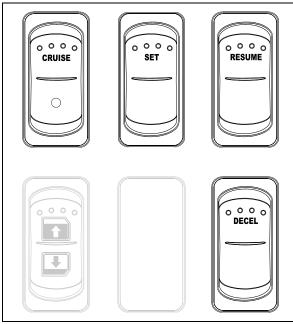
Do not put the transmission in the neutral (N) position while driving with cruise control. This will cause the engine to overspeed and may result in a loss of driving control.

# **Setting Coach Speed**

Depress the CRUISE rocker switch to activate the cruise control. A LED on the switch illuminates when the cruise control is activated. Accelerate the vehicle to the desired cruising speed using the accelerator pedal. Depress and release the **SET** switch then remove foot from the accelerator pedal. This will set the vehicle cruise speed and store it in memory.

## NOTE

The CRUISE CONTROL and RESUME switch do not operate at speeds below 20 mph (32 km/h).



**CRUISE CONTROL SWITCHES** 

06233

## **Increasing Set Speed**

The vehicle cruise speed setting can be increased by one of the following methods:

- Accelerate using the accelerator pedal until the desired cruising speed is reached. Depress and release the SET switch.
- Depress and hold the RESUME switch until the desired cruising speed is reached. When the RESUME switch is released, the new cruising speed will be stored in the cruise control memory. The RESUME switch does not operate at speeds below 20 mph (32 km/h).

When driving with cruise control ON, each time either the RESUME switch is momentarily depressed, the cruising set speed is raised by 0.6 mph (1.0 km/h).

## NOTE

When driving with cruise control, the vehicle can still be accelerated by depressing the accelerator pedal in the usual manner. Once the accelerator pedal is released, the vehicle will return to the previously set cruising speed.

#### **Decreasing Set Speed**

The cruise speed setting can be decreased by one of the following methods:

- Depress and hold the SET switch until the desired cruising speed is reached. When the SET switch is released, the new cruising speed will be stored in the cruise control memory.
- Depressing momentarily the SET switch will decrease set cruising speed by 0.6 mph (1.0 km/h).
- Slightly apply the service brake.
- Depress and release the DECEL switch.

After disengaging the cruise control, you can return to the preset cruising speed by pressing and releasing the RESUME switch providing that your speed is above 20 mph (32 km/h).

#### NOTE

To avoid sudden vehicle hesitation, slightly accelerator pedal depress the before disengaging the cruise control.

## NOTE

When the CRUISE rocker switch is turned off, the cruise control is completely shut off and the cruise speed setting is erased from the cruise control memory.

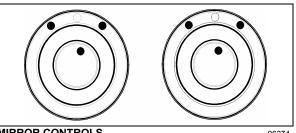
## IMPORTANT NOTE

If the engine was stopped and the CRUISE rocker switch was in the ON position, the rocker switch must be reset by turning it OFF then ON again in order for the cruise control to be reactivated.

# △ WARNING △

**Every time the SET or the RESUME switch** is depressed results in a decrease or increase (respectively) in cruising set speed of 0.6 mph (1.0 km/h).

#### **MIRROR CONTROLS (3)**



MIRROR CONTROLS

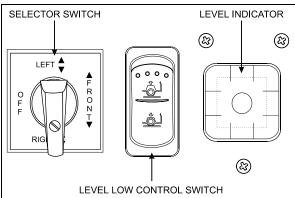
06374

Turn left pointer knob counterclockwise for outside flat mirror adjustments and to the right for convex mirror adjustments, then use the joystick control to adjust the selected mirror's viewing angle. Adjust the right outside mirror similarly but by using the right side control.

# NOTE

If the mirror assemblies on your vehicle do not include convex mirrors, only one (1) mirror control knob will be installed for both mirrors. To operate, turn pointer knob to the left for L.H. mirror adjustments and to the right for R.H. mirror adjustments, then use the joystick control to adjust the selected mirror's viewing angle.

#### LEVEL LOW SYSTEM (4, 5, 6)



LEVEL LOW SYSTEM CONTROLS

1609

During driving, the conventional air leveling system of the vehicle controls the height at three points: the front, the left rear and the right rear. Your vehicle is equipped with a suspension system that consists of air springs (pressurized air bellows) located near each wheel. The amount of air in each air spring (and thus the vehicle height) is controlled by automatic leveling valves that operate between the chassis and the axles of the vehicle.

The three leveling valves are located as follows: one at the front which controls the amount of air in both front air springs, one at the left rear which controls the left rear corner of the vehicle and one at the right rear which controls the right rear corner of the vehicle. During normal driving, these valves work automatically to maintain the chassis at the proper level above the axles, indifferent of road conditions or vehicle weight.

#### NOTE

Prévost Car vehicles are designed to operate within specific weight load/ranges for each axle (GAW) and for total vehicle weight (GVW). If the coach is heavier than the design limits, Level Low System (LLS) components damage and problems can occur.

When parked, and **ONLY** when parked, the level of the vehicle can be manually adjusted within the range of travel of the air springs. Thus, if the vehicle is parked on uneven ground, the manual override leveling system can be used to level the chassis of the vehicle. With the ignition ON (engine running or not), turn the selector switch located on L.H. side control panel to the area of the vehicle requiring leveling, then press the rocker switch accordingly (up or down) to inflate or deflate the selected set of air springs. The front position raises or lowers the front only and does not tilt the vehicle to its sides. Each rear position raises or lowers its respective side, therefore, the rear positions can be used to tilt the vehicle to one side or the other, or they can be used to raise or lower the rear of the vehicle. When leveling, it is often necessary to run the engine in order to get an adequate air supply.

#### NOTE

For maximum ease of ingress and egress as well as for maximum leveling range, lower the vehicle completely before leveling.

#### NOTE

It is always better to first level the rear of the vehicle (right to left) before raising or lowering the front. After adjusting the rear, watch the level indicator as you adjust the front. If the level indicator shows that the vehicle is starting to tilt to either side, stop adjusting the front as one of the air springs has come to the end of its travel range.

After manual leveling, turn *OFF* the engine. The vehicle will stay in the leveled position (the air is "locked" in the air springs) as long as there are no air leaks. The vehicle will hold this position for several days. When engine is restarted, with the level selector switch in the OFF position and air pressure is adequate, the vehicle will automatically level itself for driving conditions.

# △ WARNING △

Do not drive the vehicle with the level low selector switch in any position other than *OFF*, as this may render the vehicle unsafe and uncontrollable. If this is the case, the Level Low warning telltale light in the dashboard will flash, reminding you that the selector is not in the *OFF* position.

## NOTE

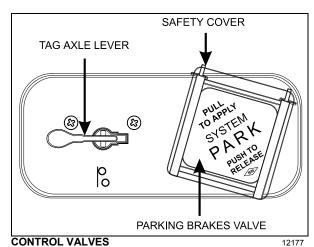
If, for any reason, you wish to start the engine without moving the vehicle (to warm up the engine for instance) while keeping the vehicle in the manually leveled position, place selector switch in any position except OFF. When ignition switch is turned to the OFF position, reset the selector switch to the OFF position.

#### **PARKING BRAKES CONTROL VALVE (7)**

Spring-loaded parking brakes are applied by pulling up the control valve knob and protector assembly. Lift the safety cover and push down to release brakes. Refer to "Emergency and Parking Brakes" in "Chapter: Emergency Features and Safety Equipment".

## **TAG AXLE CONTROL VALVE (8)**

Unload (or lift) the tag axle by pushing the lever forward. Pulling the lever back will load (or lower) the tag axle. Refer to "Other Features" chapter for additional information.



## 12-VOLT DC POWER OUTLET (9)

This socket can be used to power small 12 volt DC appliances such as a cellular phone or a vacuum cleaner. The maximum power consumption allowed for appliances plugged in this socket is 130 watts. Make sure appliances are equipped with suitable plugs that will not damage the socket.

#### **ACCESSORY POCKET (10)**

If no astray is installed, the space becomes an accessory pocket.

To open the ashtray, push slightly on the cover's side. The ashtray can be removed for cleaning by pulling it out.

# △ WARNING △

To prevent a fire, never put paper or plastic wrappers in the ashtray. Empty ashtray often.

## **BLANK (11)**

# **POWER WINDOW SWITCH (12)**



Use the rocker switch to open or close the driver's power window. The switch for the power window in the entrance door is on the R.H. dashboard panel.

## **ASHTRAY (13)**

To open the ashtray, push slightly on the cover's side. The ashtray can be removed for cleaning by pulling it out.

# △ WARNING △

To prevent a fire, never put paper or plastic wrappers in the ashtray. Empty ashtray often.

#### **CIGARETTE LIGHTER (14)**

Push lighter in to activate. When ready to use, it will spring out automatically. Replace lighter in non-activated position. The cigarette lighter socket can be used to power 12-volt appliances (e.g. flashlight, vacuum cleaner). The maximum power consumption allowed for appliances plugged in this socket is 130 watts. Make sure the appliances are equipped with suitable plugs that will not damage the socket.

### NOTE

The cigarette lighter can still be used after the ignition key has been removed.

#### Diagnostic Data Reader (DDR) Receptacle

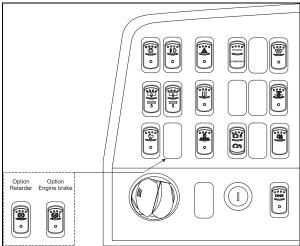
To facilitate troubleshooting of the DDEC, WT and ABS systems and to obtain data logged in the ECM (Electronic Control Module) memory, a Diagnostic Data Reader (DDR) (not supplied) can be connected through the DDR receptacle. A user's manual is supplied with the optional DDR.

The DDR receptacle is located inside the footwell, on the upper left side wall.

#### DASHBOARD CONTROL SWITCHES

High quality laser-engraved switches are used to control many of the features of the vehicle. Many switches have an embedded witness LED to inform the driver at a glance which features are active. Some switches' LED will turn OFF after a short while when the engine is running. This is normal and is designed to reduce glare when driving. The functions still operate even if the LED is OFF. If the switches are still ON when the engine is turned OFF, the LEDs will illuminate to warn the driver to turn them OFF. Switches are described in the order they appear, from left to right, top to bottom.

#### L.H. DASHBOARD PANEL

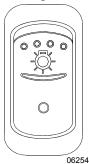


L.H. DASHBOARD PANEL

06567

The dashboard is designed with driver-exclusive controls at the left side and controls shareable with travel companions at the right side.

## Headlights

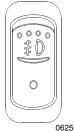


Push down rocker switch to the position to activate clearance, tail and marker lights. Push down fully to turn ON both the clearance and marker lights and the headlights. The controls and instrument lights illuminate.

# NOTE

Daytime running lights will be automatically cancelled when the exterior lighting switch is fully depressed.

### **Fog Lights**



Optional halogen fog lights provide better visibility in fog and precipitation. They improve close range visibility and provide added safety. Remove protective covers from fog lights before use.

# $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

Turn OFF engine and apply parking brake before removing fog light covers.

#### NOTE

Some states and provinces restrict the use of fog lights. Verify local state or provincial regulations before using.

### **Hazard Warning Flashers**



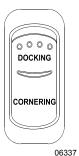
Depress the rocker switch to make all turn signal lights flash at once. The dashboard telltale lights will flash when the hazard warning flashers are ON.

Activating the hazard flashers also activates the vehicle's electrical circuits.

# riangle Caution riangle

Do not use the hazard flashers for an extended period of time unless necessary because the electrical circuits are activated when the hazard switch is depressed.

## **Docking/Cornering Lights**



Depress the upper portion of the switch to activate both the docking and the cornering lights. Depress the lower portion of the switch to activate the cornering lights.

Two sealed beam halogen lights are installed on each side of the vehicle. One near the front and one near the rear.

When the switch is set to DOCKING, all four beams illuminate to ease parking.

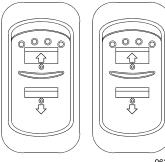
When the switch is set to CORNERING and the left or right turn signal is activated, the corresponding front beam will illuminate to increase lateral visibility.

## **Windshield Upper Section De-icing**



Optionally on Entertainers only, the vehicle may be equipped with a de-icing system in the windshield upper section. Press the rocker switch to activate the blower in order to clear fog, frost or thin ice from either side of the windshield upper sections.

# Left and Right Sunshades (Optional)



Press and hold to lower or raise left or right sun shade.

06353

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not attempt to raise or lower these shades manually. Damage to electric motor or roller mechanism could result.

## **Outside Mirror Heat (Optional)**



Turn *ON* to clear fog, frost or thin ice from outside mirrors.

#### **Telltale Light Test**



06263

Press this switch while ignition is in the *ON* position to illuminate the telltale light cluster. Perform this test to verify indicator light functionality. Telltale lights will extinguish automatically after about three seconds.

**Fast Idle** 



For extended idling periods, run the engine at fast idle. Press down the rocker switch to engage fast idle. This increases the engine speed to approximately 1,000 rpm. Return to slow idle before driving or when stopping engine.

06264

#### NOTE

If the parking brake is released and/or the transmission is engaged with the engine running at fast idle, the engine will return to low idle and remain there as long as the parking brake is not applied and/or transmission is not placed in neutral (N).

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Reduce the engine to low idle before shutting the engine *OFF*.

### **Transmission Retarder (Optional)**



Press down rocker switch to activate the transmission retarder. Refer to "Steering Column Controls" in this chapter.

06252

#### **JACOBS Engine Retarder (Optional)**



Press down rocker switch to the first position to actuate system to 2/3 engine brake and press to the second position for a full application of engine brake. Refer to "Other Features" chapter.

06253

# △ WARNING △

Engine brake must be used on dry road only. Never use the engine brake on slippery roads; loss of control could result.

## NOTE

Engine brake is activated when accelerator pedal is released and the engine speed is higher than 750 rpm. Stop lights turn ON when the engine brake is used.

#### **Engine Stop Override**



Press down this switch and release to override emergency engine shut down protection. Engine emergency shut down will be turned *OFF* for 30 seconds. This procedure can be repeated if done before the 30 seconds are up.

06265

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Use sparingly and in order to move the vehicle to a safe parking place only. Excessive use can cause severe engine damage.

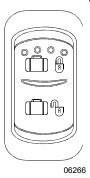
# **DDEC Diagnostic Request**

# riangle CAUTION riangle

Prior to reading blink codes, park coach and set parking brake.

With the engine at idle or *OFF* and with the ignition switch in the *ON* position, press and release the Engine Stop Override rocker switch. Active codes will be flashed on the "Stop Engine" and inactive codes on the "Check Engine" telltale lights alternately. The first digit of the diagnostic code is determined by the number of flashes before a short pause. The second number of the diagnostic code is then flashed in the same manner. As an example, code "25" (everything O.K.) consists of two flashes, followed by a short pause, then five flashes. Refer to the "Technical Information" chapter under "DDEC V Diagnostic Codes".

#### **Central Locking System (Optional)**



This system enables locking all compartments and doors by pressing down on the upper portion of the switch. To unlock all compartments, press down on the lower portion of the switch.

#### NOTE

Service panels are not linked to the central locking system.

## **Back-Up Alarm Cancel Switch**



Press down this switch to cancel the Back-Up Alarm

**Note:** After use, return to normal operation.

## **Ether Start Control (Optional)**



Activates the engine cold starting aid. Refer to "Starting and Stopping Procedures" chapter.

# **Driver Controlled Differential Lock (DCDL)** (Optional)



Press the rocker switch to lock or unlock differential action. Refer to "Other Features" chapter for the complete operating instructions.

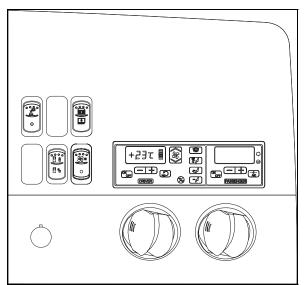
06571

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

- Engage DCDL only under poor road surface conditions.
- DCDL will not engage and will disengage in speed higher than 5 MPH.
- Do not lock DCDL when one or more wheels are slipping, spinning or loosing traction. You can damage the drive axle.

- Using the rocker switch, unlock DCDL when the need for improved traction has passed otherwise it will reengage automatically as speed gets below 5 MPH. Over a prolonged period, this situation will increase tire wear and stress to the vehicle.
- Do not engage during downhill operation.

#### R.H. DASHBOARD PANEL

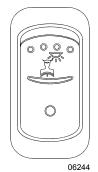


R.H. DASHBOARD PANEL

0656

The HVAC control module as well as the cluster dimmer switch, miscellaneous control switches and air vents, are located in the R.H. dashboard panel.

## **Driver's Area Lighting**



Press down the rocker switch to illuminate the ceiling lights in the driver's area as needed.

# **Back-Up Camera Switch**



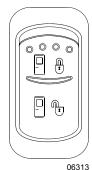
Press down this switch to turn *ON* the Back-up Camera monitor when the transmission is not in reverse gear.

**Entrance Door Power Window** 



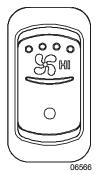
Use the rocker switch to open or close the power window in the entrance door. The switch for the driver's power window is on the Lateral control panel.

#### **Entrance Door Switch**



Use this rocker switch located on the dashboard's R.H. side panel for locking or unlocking the entrance door from the driver's seat.

**Cabin Fan Speed Control Switch** 



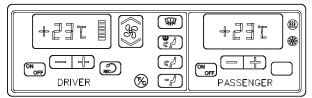
Switches fan speed to HI for cabin ventilation (only available on models equipped with central HVAC).

## **Brightness Control**



Adjusts the brightness of the dashboard instruments and switches.

### **HVAC CONTROL UNIT**



CENTRAL HVAC SYSTEM CONTROL UNIT



**DRIVER'S HVAC SYSTEM CONTROL UNIT** 

22184

The vehicle is slightly pressurized by the central HVAC system to prevent dust and moisture from entering. Air flow and controls divide the vehicle into two areas: driver's area with defroster and cabin area.

Fresh air is fed in each area and has a separate return air and discharge air duct.

## △ WARNING △

Warm temperatures may cause drowsiness and affect alertness while driving. For optimum driving conditions, keep temperature between 68°F and 72°F (20°C to 22°C).

### NOTE

To operate the air conditioning system when stationary, run engine at fast idle. When the A/C system is running, keep windows and door closed.

To prevent battery run-down, the A/C and heating systems will not operate if the charging system is not working properly.

When the A/C system is running, park at least 4 feet (1,5 m) from other vehicles or buildings to allow sufficient air flow through the condenser core.

Separate driver and passenger (cabin) heating, ventilation and air conditioning controls are located on this panel. To operate, the vehicle's engine must be running.

The driver's or the cabin unit may be turned ON by pressing or or buttons. On central HVAC system, the driver's HVAC section turns on automatically at starting of the engine and uses the settings that were kept in memory before turning off of the system.

### **Heating Mode Indicator**



Illuminates when system is heating.

## **Cooling Mode Indicator**



Illuminates when system is cooling.

### Fan Speed



The driver's fans have six speeds. Increase speed by pressing on the upper portion of the button, decrease by pressing on the lower portion.

## **Driver's section temperature display**



The temperature displayed on the driver's side HVAC control unit is the temperature set point.

### Passenger's section temperature display



The temperature displayed on the passenger's side HVAC control unit is the actual temperature in the passenger's area.

### **Temperature Set Button**



The driver's side and the passenger's side have independent temperature controls.

These buttons determine the heating and cooling set points.

To increase the temperature set point, press on the "+" sign, to decrease the temperature set point, press on the "-" sign. Temperature range is between 55°F and 85°F (13°C to 29°C).

### Air Recirculation



Closes or opens the fresh air damper. A red LED in the top right corner of the button illuminates when driver's section air is recirculated. Use for faster driver's section heating.

## Water Pump (small system only)



Engages the water recirculating pump to increase the coolant flow when <sup>22xxx</sup> more heat is necessary.

## A/C Button (small system only)



Engages the A/C compressor.

### NOTE

With the central HVAC system, the A/C compressor starts automatically upon a cooling demand in summer. During winter, the A/C compressor starts automatically for dehumidification purposes if the outside temperature is over 32°F (0°C) and the passenger's area temperature has reached 7°F (4°C) under the set point.

## Windshield Defogger



The dashboard damper sends air only to the lower windshield when activated. The footwell damper is closed also. A red LED in the top right corner of the button illuminates when activated.

With central HVAC system, at this position, fan speed 1 & 2 are not available when the outside temperature is below 37°F (3°C).

## NOTE

If the windshield is continuously fogged, check that the driver's air filter is not clogged.

## All Vents Open



Air is sent to defogger vents as well as panel and footwell vents.

### Panel and Footwell



Air is sent to panel and footwell vents

### Panel



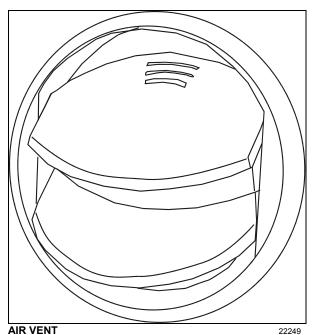
Air is sent to panel vents only.

## **Temperature Degree Selector**



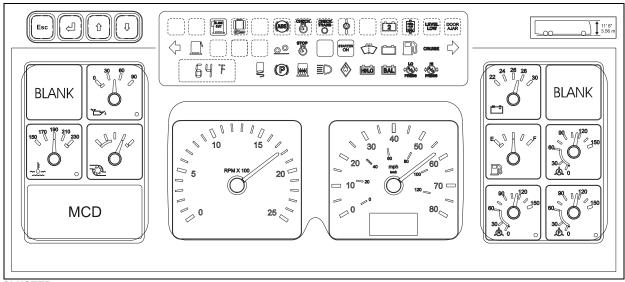
Toggles between Fahrenheit and Celsius units (Driver's HVAC unit must be turned ON).

## **AIR VENTS**



Three adjustable driver air vents in the dashboard and one near the door feed air to the driver's compartment. Use the HVAC control panel to set air temperature.

## **INSTRUMENT CLUSTER**

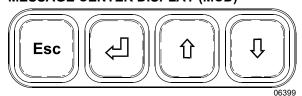


CLUSTER 06379

### **CLUSTER**

The instrument cluster incorporates the Message Center Display, the Telltale Panel, the Gauges and Vehicle Clearance Information.

## **MESSAGE CENTER DISPLAY (MCD)**



This standard feature gathers stores and displays important information about the vehicle's operation on a display screen on the lower left portion of the cluster. Refer to "Message Center Display" heading in "Other Features" chapter for a description of how to setup and operate the Message Center Display (MCD).

### **DASHBOARD GAUGES**

### NOTE

Do not refer to dashboard instruments during adjustment procedures. Use only calibrated gauges.

## **Engine Oil Pressure Gauge**



Indicates engine oil pressure. The normal reading should be between 50 and 70 psi (345 - 480 kPa) at 55 mph (90 km/h). A low oil pressure indicator LED (bottom right corner) illuminates when the oil pressure drops below 50 psi (345 kPa).

An audible alert signal also informs the driver of low oil pressure. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter for table of audible alarms.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Loss of oil pressure may cause severe engine damage. If low-oil pressure LED illuminates, park the vehicle safely and stop the engine immediately. Request service assistance.

### **Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge**



Indicates the operating temperature of the engine coolant. The normal reading should be between 190°F and 222°F (88°C to 106°C).

06231

A high coolant temperature indicator LED (bottom right corner of gauge) illuminates when the coolant temperature rises above 223°F (106°C). An audible alert signal also informs the driver of this condition. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter for table of audible alarms.

## **Turbo Boost Pressure Gauge**



Indicates turbo boost pressure in psi. Reading depends on engine rpm and load conditions.

### **Tachometer**



Indicates the operating speed of the engine in hundreds of revolutions per minute (rpm x 100).

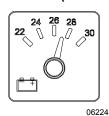
The tachometer serves as a guide for gear shifting and helps to prevent engine overspeeding when driving downhill with the JACOBS engine brake operating. The maximum allowed engine speed is 2,450 rpm.

### **Speedometer**



Indicates the vehicle speed in miles per hour (mph) and kilometers per hour (km/h). The digital odometer registers the distance traveled in miles or in kilometers (units are driver selectable).

## Voltmeter (24-Volt System)



Indicates the condition of the 24-volt electrical system. With the engine running, the normal reading should be between 26.5 and 28.0 volts.

## **Fuel Level**



Indicates the amount of fuel remaining in the fuel tank.

A telltale light illuminates when about 12 US gallons (45 liters) of fuel remain in the fuel tank.

06225

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Operating the vehicle when the reading is below 1/8 full is not recommended.

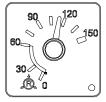
## Air Pressure Gauge (Accessories)



Indicates the accessories air system pressure. The normal operating pressure is from 95 to 125 psi (655 to 860 kPa).

06226

## **Air Pressure Gauge (Primary System)**



Indicates the primary air system pressure. The normal operating pressure is from 95 to 125 psi (655 to 860 kPa).

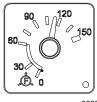
06228

A low air pressure indicator LED (bottom right corner) illuminates when the primary air system pressure drops below 66 psi (455 kPa). An audible alarm signal also informs the driver of low air pressure. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter for table of audible alarms. If the air pressure drops below 40 psi (276 kPa), the emergency brake applies at full capacity.

## $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

Do not drive the coach when air pressure is low.

### Air Pressure Gauge (Secondary System)



Indicates the secondary air system pressure. The normal operating pressure is from 95 to 125 psi (655 to 860 kPa).

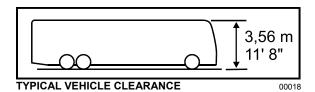
06227

A low air pressure indicator LED (bottom right corner) illuminates when the secondary air system pressure drops below 66 psi (455 kPa). An audible alarm signal also informs the driver of low air pressure. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter for table of audible alarms. If the air pressure drops below 40 psi (276 kPa), the emergency brake applies at full capacity.

## △ WARNING △

Do not drive the coach when air pressure is low.

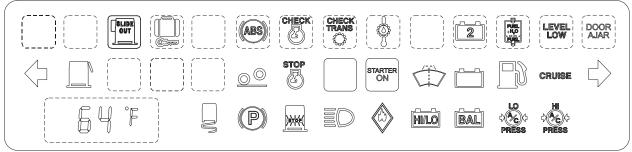
## **VEHICLE CLEARANCE INFORMATION**



# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Vehicle clearance will vary depending on type of vehicle. Vehicle clearance is higher when escape hatch is open or if additional equipment is installed on the roof.

#### **TELLTALE PANEL**



**TELLTALE PANEL** 

06377

Some telltale lights described bellow appear on the telltale panel only if the corresponding optional equipment is installed on the vehicle.

### Slide-Out



Illuminates when one or both slideouts are partially or fully extended. Blinks to indicate that an error condition has been detected.

### **Compartments Locked Indicator**



Illuminates when one or more compartments are unlocked.

## **ABS Brake System**



Illuminates when the ABS is not available or when the ABS is malfunctioning. Since the ABS system does not operate under 4 mph (7 km/h), the indicator will remain illuminated until the coach reaches that speed. Refer to "Other Features" chapter.

## **Check Engine Indicator**



Illuminates when the ignition switch is *ON* as a light bulb check. The light should turn *OFF* after five seconds. If the indicator remains

*ON* after five seconds or comes *ON* sometime after starting the engine; the Detroit Diesel Electronic Control (DDEC) system has detected a minor problem.

The indicator will remain *ON* until the malfunction has been corrected.

A diagnostic code will be stored in the memory and the indicator can be used to identify the problem. Refer to the "Technical Information" chapter under "DDEC V Diagnostic Codes".

### **Check Transmission Indicator**



Illuminates briefly when the ignition is switched *ON* as a light test. The indicator light should go out after two seconds.

When the "CHECK TRANS" indicator is illuminated and the shift selector emits short beeps for 8 seconds, the ECU is restricting transmission shifting because special or abnormal conditions are detected. The control pad display will be blank. An audible alarm will sound when this condition occurs. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter.

If this happens, drive the coach to the next available service station to receive assistance. The ECU will not respond to shift selector requests since operating limitations are being placed on the transmission (i.e. upshifts and downshifts may be restricted). Direction changes and shifts to and from neutral (N) will not occur.

Any time the CHECK TRANS telltale light illuminates, the ECU will register a diagnostic code. It may be identified on the display or by using a diagnostic tool. Refer to "Technical Information" chapter under "World Transmission (WT) Diagnostic Codes".

### NOTE

The CHECK TRANS indicator may also illuminate when starting the engine in extremely cold weather. Refer to "Starting and Stopping Procedures" under "World Transmission (WT) Warm-up".

## **Transmission Oil High Temperature Indicator**



Illuminates when the transmission oil temperature is too high. Disengage the retarder to allow the oil temperature to cool down. An audible alarm will sound when this condition occurs. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter.

## **Secondary Charge System Indicator**



Illuminates when the secondary alternator is not functional.

## **Fuel/Water Separator Indicator**



Illuminates when accumulated water in the fuel filter/water separator needs to be drained. Refer to "Care and Maintenance" chapter.

## **Level Low System Indicator**



Illuminates when the vehicle leveling system is activated.

## **Door Ajar Indicator**



Illuminates when the central entrance door (if equipped) is ajar.

## **Left Turn Signal Indicator**



Flashes when the left turn signals are activated. Signal right and left turns by operating the multi-"Steering function lever. See Column Controls" in this chapter.

## Window Open Indicator



Illuminates when awning an window is open.

## Retracted Tag Axle Indicator



Illuminates when the tag axle is retracted or unloaded. When the tag axle is retracted, an audible alarm will sound to inform the driver. Refer to Safety Features 06271 and Equipment chapter. control valve is located on the L.H. lateral console.

## STOP Engine Indicator



Illuminates when the ignition switch is ON as a light bulb and DDEC system check. The indicator should go OFF after five seconds.

If the indicator remains illuminated after five seconds or comes ON sometime after starting the engine, the DDEC system has detected a major problem. An audible alarm will sound when this condition occurs. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter.

When a problem is detected, the engine power will automatically begin to decrease gradually. followed by full shutdown after 30 seconds.

The engine emergency shutdown may be bypassed by using the "Engine Stop Override" switch on the L.H. lower control panel.

### NOTE

Once the engine is stopped, it cannot be restarted until the problem has been corrected. A diagnostic code will be stored in memory. The STOP engine indicator can be used to identify the problem. Refer to "Technical Information" chapter under "DDEC" V Diagnostic Codes".

## Starter ON Indicator



STARTER Illuminates when the engine starter is ON.

# $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

If the "STARTER ON" Indicator light remains illuminated even after releasing the ignition switch, Stop the engine immediately and set the battery master switch (ignition key) to the OFF position. Have the starter checked immediately.

### Low Windshield Washer Fluid Level



Illuminates when the windshield washer fluid level is low. The washer fluid container is located on the inside of the front service compartment door.

## $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

Do not drive without sufficient windshield washer fluid.

### **Primary Charge System Indicator**



Illuminates when the alternator is not charging the batteries.

### Low Fuel Level Indicator



Illuminates when approximately 12 US gallons (45 liters) of fuel remain in the tank. After the light comes ON, the remaining fuel will provide less than 60 miles (100 km) of travel. Do not exceed this distance.

## NOTE

Refuel as soon as possible.

### **Cruise Control Indicator**



CRUISE Illuminates when cruise control is activated.

## **Right Turn Signal Indicator**



Flashes when the right turn signals are activated. Signal right and left turns by operating the multifunction lever. See "Steering Column Controls" in this chapter.

## **Freezing Conditions Indicator**



Flashes for about 10 seconds when the outside temperature is between 2°C and 1°C (35°F and 34°F), when the road is most slippery. An audible alarm will sound when these conditions arise. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter.

## **Emergency/Parking Brake Indicator**



Illuminates when the emergency /parking brake is applied. The control valve is located on the L.H. control panel. A buzzer will sound if ignition is turned to OFF and the parking brake is not engaged.

## Stoplight Indicator



Illuminates when rear stop lights illuminate. This occurs when either cruise control DECEL switch. service brakes, parking brakes, engine retarder or transmission retarder is applied.

## High Beam Indicator



Illuminates when high beams are selected. High and low beams are selected by operating the multifunction lever. Refer to "Steering 06300 Column Controls" heading in this chapter.

### Fire Indicator (Engine Compartment)



Illuminates if a fire is detected in the engine compartment. An audible alarm also informs the driver when a fire is detected. Refer to Safety Features and Equipment chapter.

## 🛆 WARNING 🛆

In case of a fire, stop the vehicle immediately, stop the engine and evacuate the vehicle.

### NOTE

For extinguisher's location, refer to "Safety Features and Equipment" chapter.

## **High/Low Battery Voltage Indicators**



Illuminates when the battery voltage exceeds 30 volts or drops below 24 volts.

06275

### NOTE

The high/low battery voltage indicator will illuminate for a few seconds after the engine is started because of the voltage drop when the starter is engaged.

## **Battery Equalizer Indicator**



Illuminates when the battery voltage is not equalized.

0627

## NOTE

If the battery equalizer indicator illuminates, make sure that the battery equalizer circuit breakers are reset before requesting breakdown assistance (if battery equalizer is equipped with circuit breakers). Wait 15 minutes after setting breakers to allow batteries to equalize. The breakers are located in the main power compartment.

# Low Air Conditioning (A/C) Pressure Indicator



Illuminates when the A/C system pressure is too low. If the A/C pressure is too low, the compressor clutch is disengaged but the fan still runs.

NOTE

In cold weather, the low A/C pressure indicator may light up. This is not an abnormal condition.

## **High A/C Pressure Indicator**



Illuminates when the A/C system pressure is too high. If the A/C pressure is too high, the compressor clutch is disengaged, but the fan remains activated.

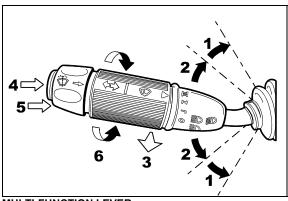
### NOTE

In hot weather, the high A/C pressure indicator may light up. This is not an abnormal condition.

## STEERING COLUMN CONTROLS

Many of the most frequently used controls are conveniently placed on the steering column or the steering wheel, just like a passenger car. The Multi-function lever is located on the left side of the steering wheel while the optional transmission retarder lever is located on the right side of the steering wheel. Switches for the electric horn and the air horn are located directly on the steering wheel.

## **MULTI-FUNCTION LEVER**



MULTI-FUNCTION LEVER

2313

The multi-function lever is used to operate the following:

## Turn Signal (1)

Move the lever all the way up until it locks in position to signal a right turn. Move the lever all the way down until it locks in position to signal a left turn. The lever automatically returns to the horizontal *OFF* position once the turn is completed.

## Lane Change Signal (2)

Move the lever part way to the catch position and hold until the lane change maneuver is completed. The lever will spring back into the *OFF* position once released.

## Headlight Beam Toggle Switch (3)

Toggle between high and low beams by pulling the lever up towards you. To flash the headlights, pull the lever up halfway. The lever will spring back into normal position once released.

### Courtesy Blinkers (4)

Clearance and parking lights can be flashed by pressing the button located on the lever tip.

## Windshield Washer Control (5)

Push the external ring at the end of the lever toward the steering column to activate the windshield washers. The wipers come *ON* and continue wiping for a few seconds after the ring is released.

## △ WARNING △

Before using the windshield washer in cold weather, heat the windshield with the defroster to prevent icing and reduced visibility.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

To avoid damaging the pump mechanism, do not use the windshield washer when the fluid level is very low or empty.

## Windshield Wipers (6)

Turn the lever counterclockwise to activate the windshield wipers. The first position activates the wipers intermittently. The second position is the slow speed and the third position is for high speed wiping.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

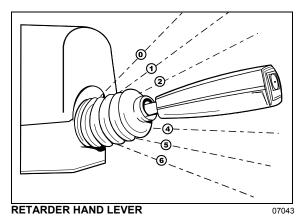
To avoid scratching the windshield, do not operate the wipers when the windshield is dry. To avoid damaging the wiper motor, free wiper blades that may be frozen to the windshield before operating the wipers.

# TRANSMISSION OUTPUT RETARDER (OPTIONAL)



Press down this rocker switch to activate the transmission retarder.

## **Operating the Retarder Using the Hand Lever**



With the retarder activated (retarder switch depressed) and the accelerator pedal released, move the output retarder lever clockwise from the first to the sixth position. The efficiency for each position is as follows:

**Position Efficiency** 0% Initial 1st 16% 33% 2nd 3rd 49% 71% 4th 5th 89% 6th 100%

## NOTE

The output retarder lever is located on the right side of the steering column.

# Operating the Retarder Using the Brake Pedal

With the retarder activated (retarder switch depressed), the accelerator pedal released and the output retarder lever in the initial position, apply the brake pedal as if using the service brakes. The further the brake pedal is depressed, the more the output retarder is applied. Refer to "Other Features" chapter for more information about the transmission retarder.

### NOTE

For vehicles equipped with the Anti-lock Braking System (ABS), if the wheels start to lock-up on slippery roads, the output retarder will automatically deactivate until the wheels turn freely.

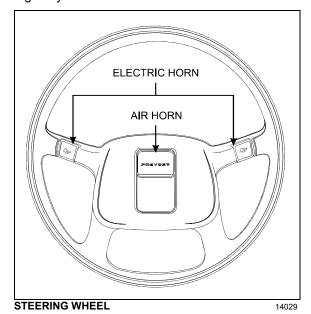
### **HORN**

#### **Electric Horn**

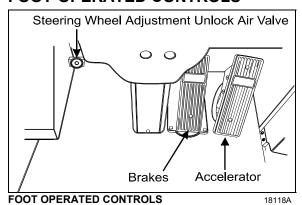
The electric horn buttons are on the steering wheel spokes. Use only the electric horn in urban areas.

### Air Horn

The air horn button is located on the center of the steering wheel. Use this horn only on the highway.



## **FOOT-OPERATED CONTROLS**



## SERVICE BRAKES

The coach is equipped with a dual braking system. The front brakes operate differently from the drive and tag axle brakes.

The dual braking system becomes a modulated emergency system if a pressure drop occurs in the rear brake system. Only the drive and tag axles are equipped with parking brakes.

Service brakes are applied by depressing the brake pedal. Braking increases with the amount of pressure applied to the foot pedal. Refer to "Other Features" chapter under "Anti-lock Braking System". When the brake pedal is depressed, the brake lights turn *ON* automatically.

For safe and effective braking, the air system pressure should reach at least 95 psi (655 kPa) in both the primary and secondary circuits.

A warning light and a buzzer will sound when the air pressure in either the primary or secondary circuits drops below 70 psi (483 kPa). If this occurs, stop the coach; determine the cause of the pressure loss before proceeding. The brake pedal can be used in conjunction with the transmission retarder. Refer to Transmission Output Retarder in this section.

## △ WARNING △

Immediately report any brake system problem to the nearest Prévost or Prévost-authorized service center.

## $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

Do not "fan" or "pump" the brake pedal. This practice does not increase brake system effectiveness but rather reduces system air pressure thereby causing reduced braking effectiveness.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

"Riding" the brake by resting one's foot on the brake pedal when not braking can cause abnormally high brake temperature, can damage and cause premature wear of brake components and reduce brake effectiveness.

#### ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Controls engine RPM as needed.

## NOTE

The accelerator pedal will not operate when the front door is open.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not let the engine operate above 2,450 RPM.

## STEERING WHEEL ADJUSTMENT UNLOCK **AIR VALVE**

Push on the valve button with the left foot to unlock the steering wheel for tilt and telescopic adjustment.

## △ WARNING △

Do not adjust the steering wheel while the vehicle is moving. Loss of control could result. Park the vehicle safely and apply parking brakes before adjusting the steering wheel.

### **AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION**

The operation and driving of this vehicle with an automatic transmission is similar to that of an automobile equipped with an automatic transmission.

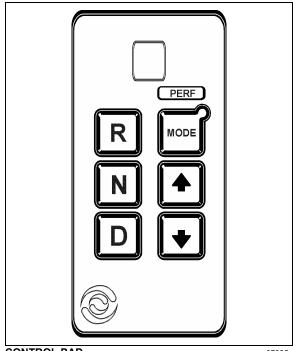
The transmission is fully automatic: Proper ranges will be automatically selected according drivina speeds to improve performance and control. The speed ratio of the power converter changes automatically as vehicle speed increases and direct-drive goes in and out as necessary. The speed ratio is modulated by vehicle speed and accelerator position.

### **OPERATION**

When a push button is depressed, the corresponding letter or number is displayed indicating that the transmission is ready to operate in the selected range. When the electronic control system detects a serious problem in the transmission, a buzzing tone sounds for 5 seconds and the "CHECK TRANS" light on the dashboard illuminates to warn the driver that the transmission is held in gear. If another is depressed, the buzzing sound will continue until the original range is selected.

#### NOTE.

As a light bulb and systems check, the "CHECK TRANS" light will illuminate when the ignition switch is turned to ON. After about two seconds the light will turn off. If the "CHECK TRANS" light remains on, the self-diagnostic system has detected a problem. If the problem disappears, the light will go out, but a trouble code will remain stored in the ECU.



CONTROL PAD

07025

## **RANGE SELECTION - PUSH BUTTON** SHIFTER

The push button shifter is used by the operator to select Neutral (N), Reverse gear (R) or a range of forward gears (D). When a forward gear range has been selected, the transmission starts in the lowest gear of the range and, as conditions permit, automatically upshifts until the highest gear in the selected range is in use.

The digital display indicates the current gear of transmission operation.

The function of each button is as follows:

- Select REVERSE gear by pressing "R".
- Select NEUTRAL by pressing "N". Note the raised edge around the "N" button so the driver can orient his hand to the push buttons by touch, without looking at the display. It is not necessary to press this button prior to starting the vehicle.
- Select DRIVE range by pressing "D". The highest forward gear will appear on the digital display and the transmission will shift to the starting gear (not indicated on the digital display).

The "\undergamma" and "\undergamma" buttons are used to shift to a higher or lower range selected. One press changes gears by one range. If the button is held down, the selection will scroll up or down until the button is released or until the highest or lowest possible gear is selected. Protection mechanisms will inhibit selecting ranges that are not appropriate or that may damage driveline components.

### **FUNCTIONS OF THE MODE BUTTON**

This button is used to invoke a special function (mode) that has been programmed into the ECU. Both modes are equivalent from the first to the fourth gear as the transmission upshifts at around 2000 rpm.

The default "ECONOMY" mode allows for upshifts in fifth and sixth gear at around 1700 rpm. This is a more efficient operation of the transmission and thereby helps improve fuel economy.

The "PERF" (performance) mode keeps upshifts at 2000 rpm in fifth and sixth gears. This makes for better performance than the economy mode but with higher fuel consumption. It is recommended that this mode be selected while driving up or down grades. The mode status will be indicated on the digital display by a red LED illuminating in the upper right corner of the MODE button when selected.

## Oil Level Display Mode (optional)

Oil level codes are obtained as follows:

Press both the "•" (up arrow) and "•" (down arrow) push-buttons simultaneously. Oil level codes are displayed in 2 minutes (e.g. display will flash and 8, 7, ...; countdown will occur during the 2 minutes) once the following parameters are met:

- Waiting time, vehicle must be stationary for at least 2 minutes to allow the oil to settle;
- Engine at idle;
- Oil at normal operating temperature, between 140°F (60°C) and 220°F (104°C):
- Transmission in neutral (N);
- Transmission output shaft stopped;
- Oil level sensor present and working.
- After 2 minutes, the display will flash one of the codes shown hereafter:

CODE	CAUSE OF CODE
O, LO, K	Oil level is correct
O, LL, O01	One quart low
O, LL, O02	Two quarts low
O, LH, I01	One quart high
O, LH, I02	Two quarts high

### NOTE

Failure to meet one of the above parameters will stop the two minute countdown. One of the codes shown hereafter will indicate the cause of the countdown interruption. Once all parameters are met, the countdown will continue from where it left off.

CODE	CAUSE OF CODE
O, L0,X	Waiting time too short
OL-50	Engine speed (rpm) too low
OL-59	Engine speed (rpm) too high
OL-65	Neutral must be selected
OL-70	Sump oil temperature too low
OL-79	Sump oil temperature too high
OL-89	Output shaft rotation
OL-95	Sensor failure

### **Exiting the Fluid Level Display Mode**

To exit the Oil Level Display Mode, press any range button ("R", "N" or "D").

### Reverse (R)

Use this position to back-up the vehicle. Stop completely before shifting from forward to reverse or from reverse to forward. Touch the reverse (R) button, "R" will be displayed and the reverse warning signal will be activated.

### Neutral (N)

Use this position to start engine. Select neutral (N) when checking vehicle accessories and for extended periods of engine idle operation; parking brake must then be applied. The pushbutton shifter will automatically select neutral when the master switch is turned *ON*.

### NOTE

The automatic transmission does not have a park (P) position. Select neutral (N) and apply parking brake when the vehicle is left unattended. A warning buzzer will sound if the engine is stopped and the parking brake has not been applied when foot pressure is removed from the brake pedal.

## IMPORTANT NOTE

Brake pedal must be applied when selecting Drive (D) otherwise the transmission will stay in neutral (N).

## △ WARNING △

Always apply parking brake before leaving driver's seat.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Detroit Diesel engines should not be idled for extended periods at "slow" idle. For extended idling, engine should run at "fast" idle.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not allow your vehicle to "coast" in neutral. This practice can result in transmission damage. Also, no engine braking is available in neutral.

## Drive (D)

Use this position for all normal driving conditions. After touching this pad, the vehicle will start in first or second range and will automatically upshift to a higher range as output speed increases. As the vehicle slows down, output speed decreases, the transmission automatically downshifts to the correct range. If a locked brake or a slick surface condition should occur, the ECU (Electronic Control Unit) will command converter operation (disconnect lockup) and inhibit downshifts for a period of time or until normal wheel speed has been restored.

### First range (1):

Select this range when pulling through mud and snow or when speed control is needed for driving up steep grades. This range also provides maximum engine braking power or retarder braking effect. In the lower ranges (1, 2, 3 and 4), the transmission will not upshift above the highest gear selected unless engine overspeed is detected.

### NOTE

The transmission should normally be allowed to shift by itself, but manual shifting can be done as described below.

### Second range (2)

Select this range when operating in heavy and congested traffic. The transmission will start in first and automatically upshift to second. When slowing, the transmission will automatically downshift to first range. Low ranges provide progressively greater engine and retarder braking power (the lower the range, the greater the engine and retarder braking effect).

## Third and fourth ranges (3 and 4)

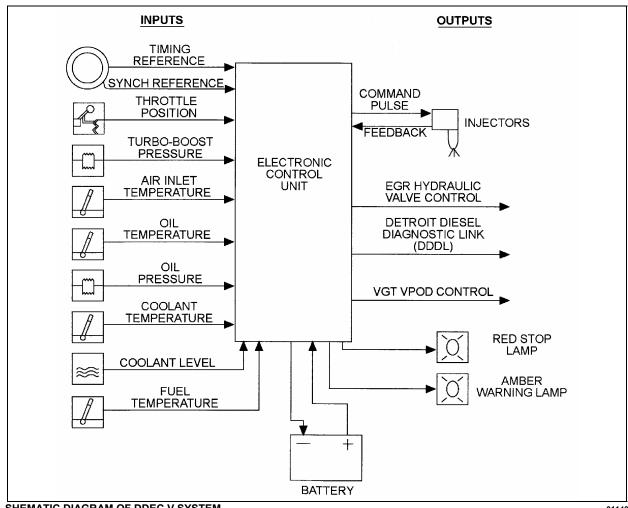
Select these ranges when driving on moderate grades or when load and traffic conditions limit speed.

## $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

Service brakes should not be used to control the speed of vehicle on long, steep descents. Instead, lower transmission ranges should be used (in conjunction with output retarder. Refer to "JACOBS Engine Brake" and "Transmission Retarder" headings in "Technical Information" chapter for details regarding both systems. This procedure keeps service brakes cool and ready for emergency stopping.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

When descending in lower ranges, care must be taken that engine speed does not exceed 2,450 rpm.



SHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF DDEC V SYSTEM

## DETROIT DIESEL ELECTRONIC **CONTROL (DDEC) SYSTEM**

DDEC is an advanced-technology electronic fuel injection and control system for Detroit Diesel engines. As an integral part of the engine, the provides **DDEC** system number а performance features and driver benefits including improved fuel economy performance, reduced cold smoke and reduced maintenance and repair costs. advantages are obtained by optimizing control of the critical engine functions which affect fuel economy, engine reliability and the performance of the injectors.

Its major components include an Electronic Control Module (ECM), Electronic Unit Injectors (EUI), electronic throttle pedal and sensors. The ECM, which provides central processing and control of the DDEC system, contains the following:

- A microprocessor that continuously monitors and analyzes the engine's performance using sensors during engine operation;
- Flash Random Access Memory (FRAM) that stores ECM runtime software, which contains engine control instructions;
- Electrically Erasable, Programmable, Read-Only Memory (EEPROM) that provides instructions for basic engine control functions such as rated speed and power, engine governing, cold start logic and diagnostics and an engine protection system.

The Electronic Unit Injectors (EUI) operates on a principle similar to the mechanical unit injector system. However, a solenoid operated control valve performs the injection timing and metering functions which make injector timing much simpler and more precise.

DDEC provides the capability of quickly diagnosing system malfunctions with a selfdiagnostic system. The self-diagnostic system monitors all engine sensors and electronic components and recognizes system faults and other engine-related problems by providing the technician with a diagnostic code. The DDEC system will illuminate the dashboard CHECK ENGINE and STOP ENGINE indicators which are integral parts of the electronic diagnostic system. These lights are designed to indicate a problem and transmit a coded signal to the technician to locate the defective component. To facilitate troubleshooting and obtain pertinent data logged in the ECM (Electronic Control Module) memory, a Diagnostic Data Reader (DDR) can be used (not supplied by manufacturer). Plug the DDR into the receptacle on the upper left wall in the driver's footwell. You can also momentarily depress the STOP ENGINE OVERRIDE switch on the L.H. lower control panel (refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter). Active and inactive codes will flash respectively the STOP ENGINE and the CHECK ENGINE indicators. Refer to "Technical Information" chapter under "DDEC V Diagnostic Codes".

# DDEC V ELECTRONIC CONTROL MODULE (ECM)

The simplest implementation of Data Hub does not require the addition of any hardware to the vehicle. Instead, basic Data Hub features built into the DDEC V ECM are used. The ECM stores data such as miles, fuel used, idle time, PTO time, idle fuel, cruise time and cruise fuel on life-to-date, trip and daily basis. Daily recording is limited to a maximum of two days.

Selected parameters, such as oil pressure, are measured periodically under specified conditions. The measurements are analyzed over long time periods, which allow the system to detect degradation in performance and warn the user prior to component failure.

The average life span of up to ten components may be specified in terms of miles, fuel used, time, engine RPM and engine hours. The ECM tracks the specified factors and automatically alerts the user when the average life span of the component has been attained. An event log is also stored which indicates the vehicle status (e.g., off, idle, in motion) at 15 minute intervals.

Data stored in the DDEC V ECM is extracted by connecting a cable from a PC to the vehicle's diagnostic connector via an RP1202 adapter

module. Data extraction takes about 20 seconds.

## **MESSAGE CENTER DISPLAY (MCD)**

MCD is a standard dashboard mounted graphic device that displays and records operational data transmitted by the Detroit Diesel Electronic Controls (DDEC) and other electronically controlled components on the SAE J1708/1587 diagnostic data link.

The many functions of the MCD include vehicle operating status for the driver and diagnostics for the technician.

The MCD uses a dashboard integrated liquid crystal display. It provides automated intensity control of the display, based on the dashboard instrument panel lights for improved driver convenience.

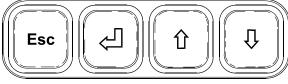
Should an alert message be sent out by the ECM, the driver will be shown what is wrong via an error code. Symbols may be displayed on the screen when a condition occurs or as a reminder that a feature is enabled. These symbols include a bell when the reminder alarm is on, "PTO" when fast idle is activated or "CC" when cruise control is activated.

### NOTE

When a condition requiring attention occurs, the screen relating to that condition will automatically replace the current display.

The MCD works with interactive menus in a series of cascading layers. The MCD allows access only to GAUGE MODE, FUEL ECONOMY and TIME/DIST menus when the vehicle is moving. Access to the remaining menus is granted when the vehicle is stopped.

The driver inputs commands and settings by using the keys on the MCD keypad.



06399

Use the up ( $^{\bigcirc}$ ) and down ( $^{\bigcirc}$ ) arrows to highlight a function or a setting. At any given level, small arrows may appear in the upper and lower right corner of the display. This means that more information is available by scrolling up or down with the arrow keys.

To change the setting of a feature, press enter key ( ). The first value to set is highlighted. Set the correct value with the arrow keys. Press the enter key when the correct value is displayed. The next value to set is highlighted. In some cases, the enter key will reset compiled data. In that situation, the MCD will prompt you to press the enter key for 1 second to prevent accidental resetting.

To return to the previous level, press Esc key any time. In most cases, the MCD will return to the previous level once a setting has been chosen.

To return to the main menu from any submenu, press Esc key a few times.

### **DRIVING MODE MENU**

This menu includes the following modes; Gauge Mode; Fuel Economy, Time/Dist; Faults?.

## **GAUGE MODE MENU**

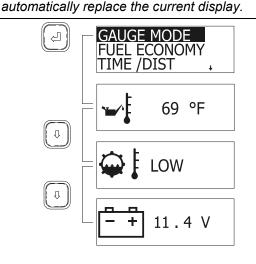
Transmission fluid temperature, engine oil temperature and battery voltage can be displayed in this mode.

To display:

- 1. Highlight GAUGE MODE.
- 2. Press enter key (└☐).
- 3. Choose a gauge using the up ( $^{\bigcirc}$ ) or down ( $^{\bigcirc}$ ) arrow keys.

To exit gauge mode, press Esc key.

# When a condition requiring attention occurs, the screen relating to that condition will



#### **FUEL ECONOMY MENU**

Check average and instantaneous fuel consumption, as well as distance until empty.

To display:

- 1. Highlight FUEL ECONOMY.
- 2. Press enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Toggle between average/instantaneous fuel consumption and leg fuel consumption using the up and down arrows.

To exit FUEL ECONOMY menu, press Esc key any time.

 To reset average and instantaneous fuel consumption, press enter key. The MCD will prompt you to press enter key for one second to reset.

If you do not wish to reset the fuel data, press Esc to return to previous menu.

### TIME / DIST MENU

This menu gives access to the digital clock, the reminder alarm, two trip odometers and the average speed counter.

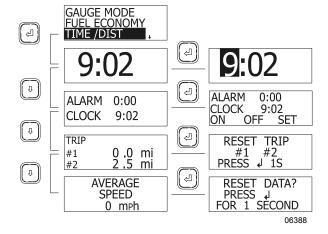
To display the digital clock.

- 1. Highlight TIME/DIST.
- 2. Press enter key (└☐).

The digital clock appears.

3. Use up down arrows to display the alarm and clock display, the trip odometer display or the average speed counter display.

To exit TIME/DIST menu, press Esc key.



06398

## **Setting the Digital Clock**

- 1. Display the clock.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).

The first digit of the time is highlighted.

- 3. Set the correct value using the arrow keys.
- 4. Press enter key (└☐).

The next digit of the time is highlighted.

5. Set the correct time using the arrow keys and the enter key.

After pressing the enter key when the last digit is highlighted, the display reverts to clock mode.

### **Reminder Alarm**

The alarm can be useful to remind the driver of a task to do at a given time.

To set the alarm:

- 1. Display the alarm and clock menu.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Using the arrow keys, highlight ON, to arm the alarm, OFF to disarm the alarm or SET to set the alarm time.
- 4. Press the enter key (⟨□).

If you have chosen SET, set the time using the arrow keys and enter key.

To exit any menu and return to the previous menu, press Esc key.

A bell appears in the upper right corner on all MCD screens if the alarm is armed.

When armed, the alarm will sound at the set time even when the battery master switch is off.

To stop the alarm from sounding, press any key on the MCD keypad.

## **Trip Odometers**

Two trip odometers are available for driver convenience.

To reset a trip odometer:

- 1. Display the trip odometers.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Using the arrow keys, highlight the trip odometer you wish to reset.

4. Press the enter key (←) for 1 second.

To exit anytime, press Esc key.

### **Average Speed**

The average speed display shows the average speed has been driven since the last reset.

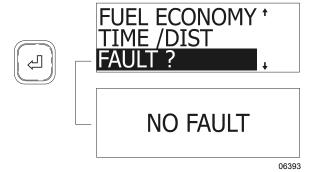
To reset:

- 1. Display the average speed.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. When prompted, press the enter key for 1 second to reset data.

## **FAULT? MENU (Fault messages)**

To display logged fault messages:

- 1. Highlight FAULT ?.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Fault messages are displayed (if any).



### **NON-DRIVING MODE MENU**

### **SET UP MODE MENU**

Set up mode allows the driver to customize the MCD. Set up mode allows setting the language, units used (Metric or Standard), clock format, display contrast, backlight and night display.

If the correct password is entered, default language, fleet fuel target and passwords can also be set.

To configure the MCD, highlight SET UP MODE using the arrow keys, then press the enter key.

## Language Selection

If available, language may be selected. To select a language:

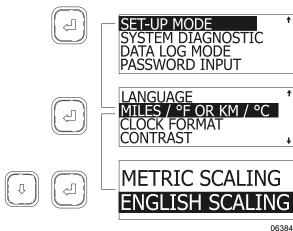
- 1. In SET UP MODE, highlight LANGUAGE using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Highlight the desired language using the arrow keys.
- 4. Press enter key (⟨¬□) to confirm the language choice.

The MCD returns to SET UP MODE menu.

### **Metric or Standard Units**

- In SET UP MODE menu, highlight MILES/°F OR KM/°C using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Highlight the desired units using the arrow keys.
- 4. Press enter key (←) to confirm.

The MCD returns to SET UP MODE menu.

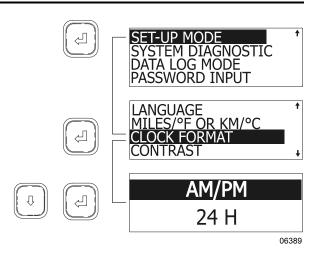


06

### **Clock Format**

- 1. In SET UP MODE, highlight CLOCK FORMAT using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Highlight the desired format (AM/PM or 24 H) using the arrow keys.
- 4. Press enter key (←) to confirm.

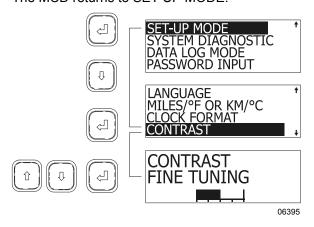
The MCD returns to SET UP MODE.



## **Setting Contrast**

- 1. In SET UP MODE, highlight CONTRAST using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- Using the arrow keys, set the desired contrast. A horizontal graphic shows state of contrast.
- 4. Press enter key (← ) to confirm.

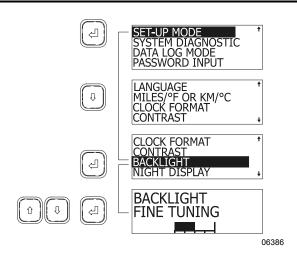
The MCD returns to SET UP MODE.



## Setting Backlight

- 1. In SET UP MODE, highlight BACKLIGHT using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (<□).
- Using the arrow keys, set the desired back lighting. A horizontal graphic shows state of lighting.
- 4. Press enter key (← ) to confirm.

The MCD returns to SET UP MODE.

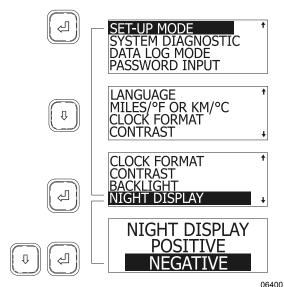


## **Setting Night Display**

Night display, when activated, shows all displays in negative when the headlights are ON.

- In SET-UP MODE, highlight NIGHT DISPLAY using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Highlight the desired display using the arrow keys.
- 4. Press enter key (← ) to confirm.

The MCD returns to SET UP MODE.



## **Setting Default Language**

This feature is enabled when the correct password is entered (see PASSWORD INPUT).

1. In SET UP MODE, highlight DEFAULT LANGUAGE using the arrow keys.

- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Highlight the desired language using the arrow keys.
- 4. Press enter key (⟨□) to confirm.

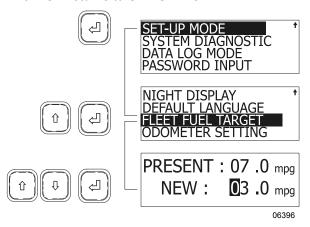
The MCD returns to SET UP MODE.

## **Setting Fleet Fuel Target**

This feature is enabled when the correct password is entered (see PASSWORD INPUT).

- 1. In SET UP MODE, highlight FLEET FUEL TARGET using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨¬¹).
- 3. Using the arrow keys set the highlighted digit.
- 4. Press enter key to confirm, the following digit is highlighted. Set as in step three.
- 5. When last digit is set, press the enter key to confirm new target.

The MCD returns to SET UP MODE.



## **Setting the Odometer**

This feature is disabled.

## SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC MENU

System Diagnostic menu allows the driver to request diagnostics from the ECU's of components such as the engine, ABS brakes and other instruments. The driver can also perform a cluster self test and read data about the ECU's

Enter diagnostic mode by using the arrow keys to highlight SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC, then pressing the enter key to confirm.

#### **FAULT DIAGNOSTIC MENU**

To request a diagnostic:

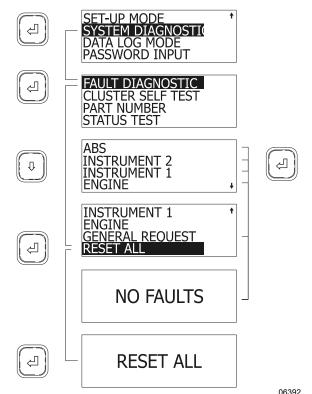
- Highlight FAULT DIAGNOSTIC with the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (└☐) to confirm.
- 3. Highlight the component to request a diagnostic using the arrow keys.
- 4. Press the enter key (⟨□).

After showing a fault message (if any) the MCD returns to FAULT DIAGNOSTIC screen.

To request a general diagnostic:

- 1. Highlight GENERAL REQUEST using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key (⟨□).

After showing a fault message (if any) the MCD returns to FAULT DIAGNOSTIC screen.



To reset fault codes:

- 1. Highlight RESET ALL using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press the enter key ( ).

The MCD displays RESET ALL.

3. Press enter key (←) to confirm.

After resetting the fault codes, the MCD returns to FAULT DIAGNOSTIC screen.

Exit FAULT DIAGNOSTIC and return to SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC using Esc key.

#### **Cluster Self Test**

Tests cluster light bulbs, gauges, MCD display and buzzers.

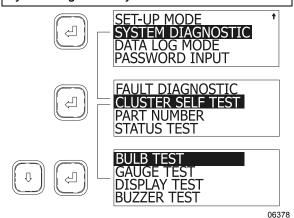
To perform a self test:

- 1. In diagnostic mode, highlight CLUSTER SELF TEST using the arrow keys.
- Press enter key (<sup>□</sup>) to confirm.
- 3. Highlight the test to perform using the arrow keys.
- 4. Press enter key (← ) to confirm.

The test may normally take several seconds to perform. The MCD may explain the progression of the test as it runs. The display returns to cluster self test mode once finished.

### NOTE

While in the cluster self test mode, the engine ECU data link is disconnected. Therefore, the gauges will not function until the cluster is out of the self test mode. To interrupt any test, cycle the ignition key off and on.



## **BULB TEST**

Turns ON all telltale lights and red warning LED's in the gauges which have them, for ten seconds.

### **GAUGE TEST**

This test causes the pointers in the tachometer, speedometer, oil pressure, coolant temperature; fuel and turbo boost gauges to move from minimum scale to full scale and back, briefly stopping at mid-scale each way. This occurs

three times. The air pressure and voltmeter gauges are excluded from the test.

### **DISPLAY TEST**

To help identify defects in the graphic display, the display goes from dark to bright in about ten seconds.

### **BUZZER TEST**

Sounds each of the buzzer signals for ten seconds each. The name of the buzzer is written on the display as the test runs.

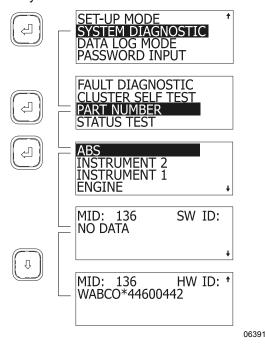
### **PART NUMBER**

This feature requests information from the available components. This information includes the component's SAE message identifier (MID), its software ID (SW ID) and hardware ID (HW ID) if available.

To access PART NUMBER:

- When in SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC menu, highlight PART NUMBER using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Highlight the desired component.
- 4. Press enter key (⟨□).

The MCD displays the information on two screens. Toggle between screens using the arrow keys.



### STATUS TEST

This feature allows testing the response of vehicle systems. This can be useful when troubleshooting or checking the proper working order of senders and other components. This feature is enabled when correct password is entered (see password input)

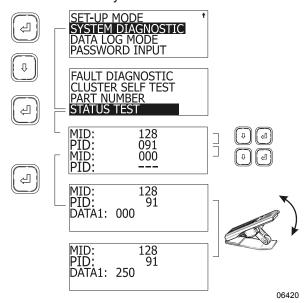
In Status Test mode, the MCD will monitor the system and display the data on the screen. Up to two components can be monitored at once.

To perform a status test:

- 1. When in SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC, highlight STATUS TEST using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press enter key (⟨□).
- 3. Using the arrow and enter keys, enter a MID and PID (or PPID).
- 4. Press enter key (⟨□).

The MCD now displays in real time the value of the component. The example below shows how changing the throttle position will be displayed on the MCD. That way one can verify if any identifiable sender unit is working properly or whether the link is OK.

Press Esc key to exit.



In this example, a throttle pedal in good working order will send a linear and continuous (no jumps) signal to the ECU, appearing as DATA value on the MCD screen. Full pedal movement will display values from 000 (no throttle) to 250 (maximum throttle).

### NOTE

The MCD can perform a status test on as many as two components simultaneously. To do so, when setting MID and PID codes, set a second (non zero) MID and PID code.

### **DATA LOG MODE MENU**

This feature shows total accumulated distance, fuel used engine hours and idle time.

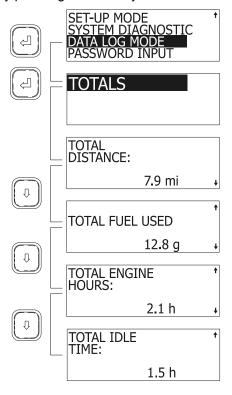
To access data log:

- Highlight DATA LOG MODE using the arrow keys.
- 2. Press enter key (⟨□) to confirm.

The screen shows TOTALS highlighted.

- 3. Press enter key (⟨□).
- 4. View totals using the arrow keys.

Exit by pressing the Esc key.



### **PASSWORDS**

The MCD recognizes two passwords: a mechanic's password and an owner's password. The mechanic's password allows setting DEFAULT LANGUAGE, FLEET FUEL TARGET, performing a STATUS TEST and using the

RESET ALL function. The owners password gives access to all the above and allows changing both passwords.

The mechanic's password is initially set to "0000".

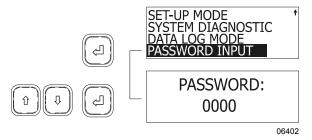
The owner's password is initially set to "1234".

## **Password Input**

To enter either password and have access to restricted functions of the MCD:

- 1. Use the arrow keys to highlight PASSWORD INPUT.
- 2. Press enter key ( ) to confirm.
- 3. Use the arrow keys to set the first digit of the password.
- 4. Press enter (←) to highlight the next digit.
- 5. Pressing enter key on last digit will confirm the password.

If the entered password is correct, the MCD will revert to the previous screen. Access to restricted screens is allowed.



### Changing passwords

To change any password, owner's password must be entered first.

To change passwords:

- Using the arrow keys, highlight SET UP MODE.
- 2. Press enter key (←) to confirm.
- Using the arrow keys, highlight PASSWORD CONFIG.
- 4. Press enter key (←) to confirm.
- Using the arrow keys, select MECHANIC or OWNER.
- 6. Press enter key ( $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\smile}$ ) to confirm.
- 7. Set new password.

06383

## **PRODRIVER™**

PRODRIVER™ is an optional graphic device similar to MCD but with added features. A summary of data displays available from PRODRIVER™ include:

- Instantaneous and average fuel consumption rate;
- Trip time, miles driven, fuel used, , average speed;
- Driving time, percentage, miles, fuel used, fuel consumption rate;
- Idle time, percentage and fuel used;
- Cruise time, percentage, miles cruised, fuel used, fuel consumption rate;
- Top gear time, percentage, miles driven, fuel used, fuel consumption rate;
- Overspeed time and percentage for two speed thresholds;
- Over-rev time and percentage;
- Maximum vehicle speed and RPM;
- Coasting time and percentage;
- Automated oil change interval tracking;
- Hard braking incident record;
- Driver initiated incident record:
- Stop Engine and Check Engine code log.

PRODRIVER™ has many additional features and benefits and can be combined with other members of Data Hub line of products from Detroit Diesel. This combination presents a powerful vehicle information management system.

# ALLISON WORLD TRANSMISSION ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT (ECU)

The ECU works with the automatic transmission equipped with a push-button shift selector.

The World Transmission electronic control has four major elements: The Electronic Control Unit (ECU), the Throttle Position Sensor (TPS), speed sensors and the transmission shift selector control pad. Refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter. These components work together to electronically control the functions of the transmission. The throttle sensor, speed sensors and shift selector transmit information to

the ECU. The ECU processes this information and then sends signals to actuate specific solenoids located on the control valve body in the transmission. The action of the solenoids affects hydraulic circuits, which in turn control the upshifts, downshifts, and lock-up functions. In addition to controlling the operation of the transmission, the WT electronic controls monitor the system for abnormal conditions.

When one of these conditions is detected, the WT electronic control system is programmed to automatically respond in a manner which is safe for the driver, the vehicle and the transmission. The WT electronic control system turns *ON* the CHECK TRANS light on the dashboard, which serves as a fault indicator.

To enhance troubleshooting and to allow interrogation of the ECU for valuable service information, the shift selector display on the transmission control pad or an optional diagnostic tool can be used. For information about reading and interpreting diagnostic codes, refer to chapter, "Technical Information" under "World Transmission Diagnostic Codes".

### TRANSMISSION RETARDER

The transmission retarder is an optional device that helps to reduce the speed of a vehicle. It improves vehicle control, increases driving safety and permits more economical operation. The retarder provides slowing power when it is most needed, such as when descending mountain roads, in stop-and-go traffic and on crowded freeways.

The retarder is provided with a switch on the dashboard and a lever on the steering column (refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter).

### NOTE

Extended use will raise the temperature of the transmission oil.

The retarder helps to reduce speed on grades without using the vehicle's conventional service braking system. A retarder greatly increases the service life of brake pads and discs, resulting in reduced brake maintenance costs.

### NOTE

Each time the transmission retarder system is in operation, the stoplights automatically illuminate.

### NOTE

For vehicles equipped with the Antilock Braking System (ABS), as the wheels start to lock-up on slippery roads, the output retarder automatically deactivates until the wheels roll freely.

## JACOBS ENGINE BRAKE

The JACOBS engine brake is an optional diesel engine retarder which uses engine compression to aid in slowing and controlling the vehicle. When activated, (refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter) the JACOBS brake alters the operation of the engine's exhaust valves so that the engine works as a power-absorbing air compressor. This provides a retarding action to the wheels.

The engine brake is a vehicle-slowing device, not a vehicle-stopping device. It is not a substitute for the service braking system. The service brakes must be used to bring the vehicle to a complete stop.

Effectiveness of the engine brake system will vary according to the transmission range in use. The engine brake system is more effective in lower ranges and at higher engine RPM.

## △ WARNING △

When descending significant grades, use the service brakes as little as possible. If the engine does not slow the vehicle to a safe speed, apply service brakes and shift to a lower range. Let the engine (and engine brake) slow the vehicle. Keep brakes cool and ready for emergency stopping.

## NOTE

For vehicles equipped with the Antilock Braking System (ABS), as the wheels start to lock-up on slippery roads, the engine brake automatically deactivates until the wheels roll freely.

### NOTE

Each time the engine brake system is in operation, the stoplights automatically illuminate.

## **ANTILOCK BRAKING SYSTEM (ABS)**

The purpose of the Antilock Braking System (ABS) is to maintain vehicle stability and control during braking and to minimize the stopping distance in any road condition.

On slippery roads and more generally in emergency situations, over-braking frequently induces wheel locking. Wheel locking greatly increases breaking distance on any road surface. Locked wheels also impede directional control and cause severe tire abrasion. An antilock braking system provides maximum braking performance while maintaining adequate control on slippery roads.

The basis of ABS is constant monitoring of wheel parameters during braking. Sensors on each wheel of the front and drive axles constantly measure wheel speed during braking. This information is transmitted to a four-channel electronic processor which senses when any wheel is about to lock. Modulating valves quickly adjust brake pressure (up to 5 times every second) to prevent wheel lock. Each wheel is therefore controlled according to the available grip.

In this way, the vehicle is brought to a stop in the shortest possible time while remaining stable and under the driver's control.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Vehicles following ABS-equipped vehicles may not be able to brake as fast on slippery roads. Whenever possible, warn other drivers by depressing the brake pedal lightly several times before braking.

# DRIVER CONTROLLED DIFFERENTIAL LOCK (DCDL)

By actuating the electric switch, the driver can lock or unlock differential action.

The purpose of the DCDL is to provide maximum vehicle traction and control on unfavorable road or highway surfaces. When the DCDL is actuated, a clutch collar completely locks the differential case, gearing, and axle shafts together. This feature maximizes traction to both wheels. The lock position will also protect against spinout damage to the differential. The DCDL should not be actuated when favorable road conditions exist.

#### **OPERATION TIPS**

- The DCDL can be locked or unlocked if the vehicle is standing still or moving at a constant low speed when the wheels are not spinning, slipping, or losing traction.
- When the DCDL is locked, operate the vehicle at low speeds. DCDL will not engage and will disengage in speed higher than 5 MPH (8 km/h).
- When the DCDL is locked, the vehicle's turning radius will increase. This condition is called "understeer." The driver must use caution, good judgment and drive at low speeds when operating the vehicle with the DCDL locked.
- Always unlock the DCDL as soon as the need for maximum traction has passed and the vehicle is traveling on a good road or highway.
- Do not lock the DCDL when the wheels are slipping or losing traction, or damage to the axle can result.
- 6. Do not lock the DCDL when the vehicle is traveling down steep grades, or potential loss of vehicle stability could occur.

### LOCKING THE DCDL

When encountering poor road or highway conditions where maximum traction is needed, follow the recommended procedures:

- Without the wheels spinning, slipping or losing traction, flip the DCDL control switch to the "LOCK" position while maintaining a constant vehicle speed.
- Let up momentarily on the accelerator to relieve torque on the gearing, allowing the DCDL to lock.
- When the DCDL is fully locked, the vehicle will have an "understeer" condition when making turns. Proceed cautiously over poor road or highway conditions.

### **UNLOCKING THE DCDL**

When the vehicle can safely operate and driving conditions have improved, disengage the DCDL following the recommended procedures:

- Flip the control switch to the "UNLOCK" position, when the vehicle is stopped or when traveling at low speed while the wheels are not spinning, slipping or losing traction.
- 2. Let up momentarily on the accelerator to relieve torque on the gearing, allowing the DCDL to unlock.
- 3. Resume driving at normal speed using good driving judgment.

### RETRACTABLE TAG AXLE

The optional lifting of the tag axle is controlled by a valve located on the left lateral console. The valve can be switched to either the WHEELS UP or WHEELS DOWN position. The axle will be automatically raised or lowered by air pressure according to the position of the valve switch. Refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter.

The tag axle service brakes operate only when the tag axle is in the WHEELS DOWN position. Never lower the tag axle while the coach is moving. When the tag axle is in the WHEELS UP position, the corresponding indicator light will illuminate and a beep will sound to alert the driver of the tag axle's position. Lifting the tag axle shortens the wheelbase and allows tighter turning. This is very useful in tight maneuvering areas like in a parking lot or when negotiating a tight corner. Raising the tag axle transfers extra weight and additional traction to the drive wheels providing improved control on slippery roads.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

In order to prevent damage to the suspension, always raise the tag axle before lifting the vehicle.

# riangle CAUTION riangle

Never lower the tag axle while vehicle is moving.

# VARIABLE ASSISTANCE STEERING GEAR (OPTIONAL)

The steering effort is controlled automatically in relation to vehicle speed. For more information, refer to Maintenance Manual Section 14: Steering.

### **KEYLESS ENTRY SYSTEM**

By using this system, you can lock or unlock the entrance door and the baggage and service compartment doors. The keyboard is located below the entrance door handle. The master code in the microprocessor/relay module is preprogrammed by the manufacturer and cannot be deleted. Moreover, you can program your own entry code (e.g. a birthday or part of a social security number).

The master code is:

- Printed on the owner's wallet card;
- Printed on three decals, joined to the owner's wallet card:
- Printed on decal affixed to the keyless system microprocessor/relay module in the front console.

When you use the keyless entry system, the keyboard and step lights illuminate.

Do not push the buttons with a key, pencil or any other hard or sharp object as the buttons could be damaged. Although each button is provided with two digits separated by a vertical line, there is only one contact per button. Press in the center of the button (between the two digits, on the vertical line).

You must unlock the entrance door before you unlock any other baggage or service compartment door. If you let more than five seconds pass between the numbers you press, the system shuts down, and you have to enter your code again. If the keyless entry system does not work properly, use the key to lock or unlock entrance or compartment doors.

## **KEYLESS OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

- To unlock the entrance door and disarm the anti-theft alarm, enter the permanent factory code or the personal code. After pressing the fifth digit, the door will unlock. During the night, press any button to illuminate the keyboard, and then enter the code.
- 2. When pressing any button, the keyboard lights up for five seconds and the step lights illuminate for twenty-five seconds.
- 3. To unlock the baggage and service compartment doors, press button 3|4 within five seconds of entering the code.

4. To lock entrance door, compartments and arm the anti-theft alarm system all at the same time, press buttons 7|8 and 9|0 simultaneously.

### PROGRAMMING A PERSONAL CODE

### NOTE

To avoid erasing your personal code from the system memory, you should connect the keyless entry system to house batteries, otherwise the code will be erased each time battery main disconnect switches are set to the OFF position.

You can program one personal code to unlock the entrance door and compartments. This code does not replace the permanent code that is factory programmed into the system. Use your personal code in the same manner that you would use the original code.

Do not choose a code that presents the numbers in sequential order, such as 1|2, 3|4, 5|6, 7|8, 9|0. Studies show that people who idly press the buttons usually press a sequential pattern. Also, do not select a code that uses the same button five times. Thieves can easily figure out these types of codes.

- 1. Choose and memorize your personal code.
- 2. Enter the original code, and within five seconds, press button 1|2.
- Within five seconds of pressing button 1|2, enter your personal code, pressing each button within five seconds of the previous digit. The keyboard light will immediately turn OFF if the code is correctly entered.

The keyless entry system registers your personal code. To unlock the entrance door, you can use either code.

To erase your personal code, enter the original code, press button 1|2, then wait six seconds.

#### REMOTE ENTRY TRANSMITTER

Up to four hand held (key fob) transmitters can control electronic door lock system.

To unlock the entry door:

Press the UNLOCK button on the transmitter. This will unlock the door and disarm the anti-theft system. To unlock all compartments:

 Press UNLOCK a second time within five seconds of the first unlock. If more than five seconds pass pressing UNLOCK will only unlock the entry door.

To lock all doors and arm the anti-theft system:

Press LOCK on the transmitter once.

To confirm that the door and compartments have been locked and that the anti-theft system is armed:

Press LOCK again within five seconds of the first lock. The horn will chirp once if the door and compartments have locked. If the door or one of the compartments is open, a door ajar signal prevents arming of the system.

To set off the personal security alarm:

Press the red PANIC button on any transmitter. The horn will sound and the headlamps will flash for a maximum of three minutes.

To deactivate the personal security alarm:

Press the red PANIC button again on any transmitter or turn the ignition key ON.

### NOTE

The remote entry features will not function when the ignition is in the ON or ACC position.

### PROGRAMMING TRANSMITTERS

To program additional transmitters or replacing a lost or broken transmitter, all transmitters for a vehicle must be programmed at the same time. The receiver assembly module erases all previous transmitters from memory. When the transmitters are programmed or reprogrammed, the receiver assembly module can store up to four transmitters in memory.

To program or reprogram transmitters into the remote/keyless entry system, perform the following steps:

- 1. Make sure that the anti-theft system is not armed or triggered.
- Turn the ignition key from OFF to ON eight times within ten seconds, ending in ON. Refer to, "Controls and Instruments" chapter for information on positions of the ignition switch.

If the system has successfully entered program mode, it will lock then unlock all doors.

 Press any button on a transmitter. The doors will lock and unlock to confirm that the transmitter has been programmed. Repeat for each other transmitter.

If the door locks do not respond for any transmitter, wait a few seconds and press the button again. If the doors still fail to respond, call your service representative.

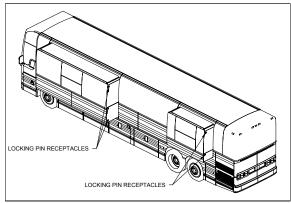
4. Turn ignition OFF (or wait up to five minutes after step two). To exit program mode. If a new set of transmitters have been programmed or reprogrammed, the remote control system will lock and unlock all doors one last time to confirm.

### SLIDE-OUT OPERATION

### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

Before operating both slide-out units, proceed to the following verifications:

- Make sure that the area <u>outside</u> of the slideout is clear and that there are no persons or objects within 3 feet of the slide-out outside wall. Serious personal injury or damage to the vehicle components may occur.
- Make sure that the area <u>inside</u> the motor home where the room retracts (30" for the front and 24" for the rear slide-out) is free of people or obstacles. Serious personal injury or damage to the vehicle components may occur.
- In temperatures below freezing point, make sure that the entire sliding surface outside the slide-out is free of snow, ice or sleet. Failure to clear all ice or snow may seriously damage the inflatable seal.
- The parking brake must be applied.
- The transmission shifter must be in the "Neutral" position.
- Make sure that the locking pin receptacles are free of foreign objects.
- Open a window to avoid slide-out movement restriction.
- Level the vehicle.



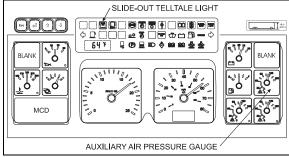
SLIDE-OUT LOCKING PIN RECEPTACLES

### FRONT SLIDE-OUT OPERATION

# Preliminary condition for the front slide-out operation

Before extending or retracting the front slide-out, please make sure all the following conditions are met:

1. Make sure the air pressure is 110 psi minimum on the auxiliary air pressure gauge.



VEHICLE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER

23343

- 2. Make sure the parking brake is applied
- 3. Turn the ignition key to the "ON" position, start the engine and set the RPM to fast idle.



**FAST IDLE BUTTON** 

06264

# △ WARNING △

The inflatable seals can be re-inflated only when the slide-out is in its full "OUT" or full "IN" position. Do not leave the slide-out in any position other than the full extended or closed position as water infiltration may occur.

## Front slide-out extending operation

With the ignition switch to the "ON" position and the engine running, press and hold down the handheld control rocker switch to the "OUT" position. The green indicator light "ROOM IN OPERATION" will come on to indicate that the slide-out operation cycle is activated. The following actions will be done in sequence:

- Deflation of the inflatable seal
- Unloading of the tag axle
- Retraction of the locking pins
- Movement of the slide-out to its full "OUT" position

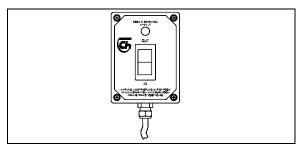
Then releasing the rocker switch will permit the following actions:

- Re-inflation of the seal
- Reloading of the tag axle

When the rocker switch is released, the green indicator light goes out. Note that for safety reasons, releasing the rocker switch will stop the slide-out movement instantly. At any time, releasing the rocker switch from the "OUT" position and pressing it to the "IN" position will reverse the operation.

## NOTE

Handheld control green indicator light flashing. A green light flashing indicates an error condition or missing operation condition. Refer to the troubleshooting list at the end of this section if that situation occurs.



SLIDE-OUT HANDHELD CONTROL

## Front slide-out retracting operation

With the ignition switch to the "ON" position and the engine running, press and hold down the rocker switch to the "IN" position to retract the slide-out. Note that the green indicator light "ROOM IN OPERATION" will come on. When the movement of the slide-out to its full "IN"

position is completed, the rocker switch can be released to allow the re-inflation of the seal and reloading of the tag axle. The green indicator light goes out as the rocker switch is released. At any time during the slide-out movement, releasing the rocker switch will stop the operation instantly.

Please note that while the room retracts, there is a hissing sound. This is normal, as air is being blown in the gear racks on top of the slide-out to clear out leaves, water or other foreign matter.

### **REAR SLIDE-OUT OPERATION**

# Preliminary condition for the rear slide-out operation

Before extending or retracting the rear slide-out, please respect all the following conditions:

- 1. Make sure the air pressure is 110 psi minimum on the auxiliary air pressure gauge.
- 2. Make sure the parking brake is applied
- 3. Turn the ignition key to the "ON" position, start the engine and set the RPM to fast idle.

### Rear slide-out extending operation

With the ignition switch to the "ON" position and the engine running, press and hold down the handheld control rocker switch to the "OUT" position. The green indicator light "ROOM IN OPERATION" will come on to indicate that the slide-out operation cycle is activated. The following actions will be done in sequence:

- Deflation of the inflatable seal
- Retraction of the locking pins
- Movement of the slide-out to its full "OUT" position

Then releasing the rocker switch will permit the following actions:

### Re-inflation of the seal

When the rocker switch is released, the switch green indicator light goes out. Note that for safety reasons, releasing the rocker switch will stop the slide-out movement instantly. At any time, releasing the rocker switch from the "OUT" position and pressing it to the "IN" position will reverse the operation.

### NOTE

Handheld control green indicator light flashing. A green light flashing indicates an error condition or missing operation condition. Refer to the troubleshooting list at the end of this section if that situation occurs.

## Rear slide-out retracting operation

With the ignition switch to the "ON" position and the engine running, press and hold down the rocker switch to the "IN" position to retract the slide-out. Note that the green indicator light "ROOM IN OPERATION" will come on. When the movement of the slide-out to its full "IN" position is completed, the rocker switch can be released to allow the re-inflation of the seal. The green indicator light goes out as the rocker switch is released. At any time during the slide-out movement, releasing the rocker switch will stop the operation instantly.

Please note that while the slide-out retracts, there is a hissing sound. This is normal, as air is being blown in the gear racks on top of the room to clear out leaves, water or other foreign matter.

## SLIDE-OUT LOGIC CONTROLLER

### Pin State Indicator

Determine the state of each pins of the slide-out.

### A/B/C/D Buttons

A+D (at the same time) set the current position as the outer limit.

B+C (at the same time) reset to the manufacturer settings.

## Inputs

Each LEDs determine the state of each of the inputs connected to the controller.

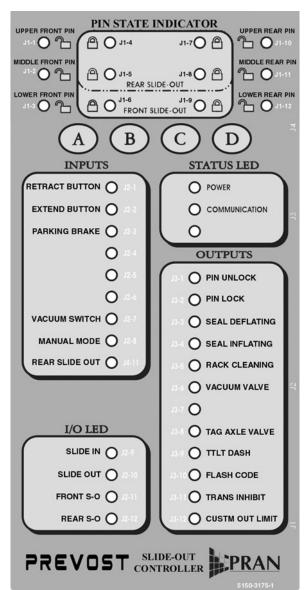
## Status LED

Power:

ON: the controller is powered OFF: the controller is not powered

### Communication:

Indicates the activity on the serial communication port. Blinking in normal operation at 1Hz



SLIDE-OUT LOGIC CONTROLLER INTERFACE DISPLAY

## **Outputs**

Each LED determine the state of the outputs controlled by the controller. The flash code description can be found in the troubleshooting list at the end of this section.

### I/O LED

Slide in: ON if the slide-out is retracting.

Slide out: ON if the slide-out is extending.

Front S-O Set: ON if the controller is configured as the front slide-out.

Rear S-O Set: ON if the controller is configured as the rear slide-out.

# SLIDE-OUT MANUAL OVERRIDE PROCEDURES

In case of power retracting system failure to function, it is possible to use two different manual override procedures to retract or extend the slide-out.

The first one, which is the <u>power assist override</u> will permit you to control the slide-out motor directly connected to the battery power, without the use of the logic controllers or motor controllers.

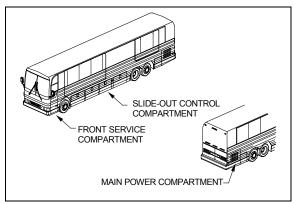
The second manual override procedure consist in rotating the slide-out motor shaft using a manual ratchet.

However, it is very important to follow all the instructions very carefully to insure that the inflatable seal or the retraction mechanisms are not damaged.

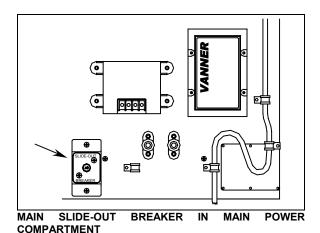
# Preliminary conditions for manual override procedure

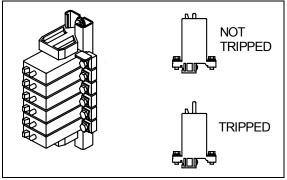
Before using one of the slide-out manual override procedures, make sure that the problem cannot be solved by one of the following simple checks:

- Make sure that none of the breakers are tripped (the breakers are located in the slide-out control compartment and in the main power compartment).
- Make sure the barking brake is applied.
- Make sure the voltage is high enough by running the engine at fast idle or having the battery charger connected.

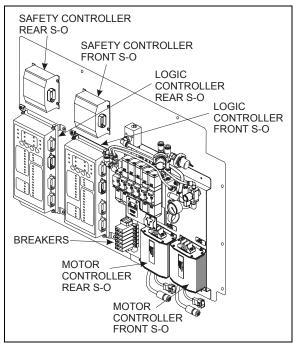


COMPARTMENTS LOCATION





**BREAKERS IN SLIDE-OUT CONTROL COMPARTMENT** 

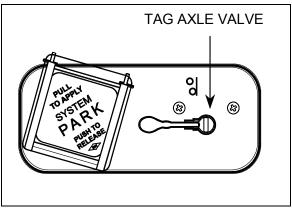


SLIDE-OUT ELECTRICAL PANEL

# POWER ASSIST OVERRIDE – Retracting procedure – Front and rear slide-out

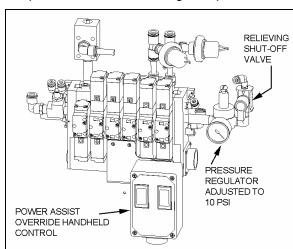
## NOTE

For the <u>front</u> slide-out, the tag axle must be unloaded with the manual switch located on the left-hand control panel with the ignition switch to the "ON" position. This procedure is not necessary for the rear slide-out.



TAG AXLE VALVE ON LEFT LATERAL CONTROL PANEL

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the "OFF" position.
- Deflate the inflatable seal by using the relieving shut-off valve located in the slideout control compartment. Turn the handle clockwise to deflate the seal. Make sure the pressure indicator reading is "0 psi".



**INFLATABLE SEAL PRESSURE REGULATOR** 

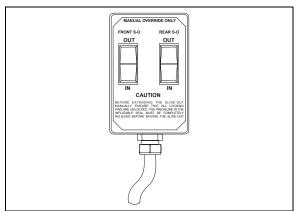
## riangle WARNING riangle

The pressure in the inflatable seal must be completely relieved to prevent any damage to the seal.

# riangle CAUTION riangle

Before moving the slide-out manually, ensure that all locking pins are unlocked. Refer to the slide-out manual extending procedure.

- 3. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position, start the engine and set the RPM to fast idle.
- 4. With the power assist override handheld control, press and hold down the Front S-O or Rear S-O rocker switch to the "IN" position, depending on which slide-out you want to retract.



POWER ASSIST OVERRIDE HANDHELD CONTROL

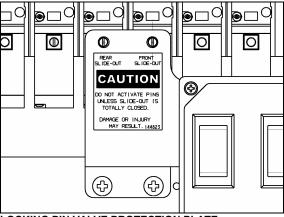
# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Remember that in override mode, the logic controller doesn't keep track of the slide-out position neither command the motor controller. Be careful as the slide-out approaches its closed position, in order not to overshoot it, which may damage the mechanism.

- 5. Once the slide-out room is lined up to its closed position (flush with the vehicle body), release the rocker switch.
- 6. To close the locking pins, use the following method:
  - a) Insert a small screwdriver in the protection plate hole to access the "pin valve manual override screw" corresponding to the slide-out to be locked. Turn the override screw clockwise to actuate the locking pins. During the process, you should hear a hissing sound, as the air flows to the pin cylinders.

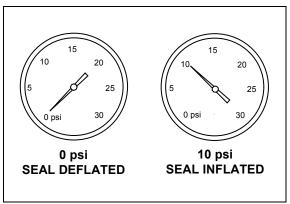
## riangle WARNING riangle

Actuating the locking pins on the slide-out not completely closed or with locking pins misaligned with their receptacle may result in glass breakage and cause serious injury.



LOCKING PIN VALVE PROTECTION PLATE

- b) When the locking pins have been locked, re-insert a screwdriver in the protection plate hole. Turn the override screw counterclockwise and keep it in this position to cancel the manual override actuation.
- Finally, the inflatable seal can be re-inflated by turning the shut-off valve handle counterclockwise. Check the pressure gage on the inflatable seal regulator if the pressure is increasing to 10 psi.



**INFLATABLE SEAL PRESSURE GAGE** 

8. When the retraction procedure is completed, if the transmission DRIVE range or REVERSE cannot be selected to move the vehicle, verify that at least one pin is locked on each slide-out. To do so, check the lights (12) on the "PIN STATE INDICATOR" zone of the logic controller interface display. A light next to all padlocks is used to identify

the state locked or unlocked of the pins. For the rear slide-out, take note that only 4 pins are used in the upper section of the pin state indicator zone. With the ignition key to the "ON" position, verify if at least one pin locked light is "ON". Otherwise, go back to step 7 of this section to manually lock all the pins until all pin locked lights go "ON".

### NOTE

The slide-out safety controllers use a relay to inhibit transmission range selection to prevent the vehicle from moving if each slide-out has not at least one pin locked.

# POWER ASSIST OVERRIDE – Extending procedure – Front and rear slide-out

### NOTE

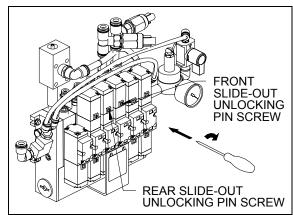
For the <u>front</u> slide-out, the tag axle must be unloaded with the manual switch located on the left-hand control panel with the ignition switch to the "ON" position. This procedure is not necessary for the rear slide-out.

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the "OFF" position.
- Deflate the inflatable seal by using the relieving shut-off valve located in the slideout control compartment. Turn the handle clockwise to deflate the seal. Make sure the pressure indicator reading is "0 psi".

## △ WARNING △

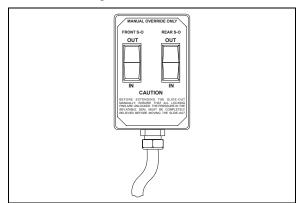
The pressure in the inflatable seal must be completely relieved to prevent any damage to the seal.

- 3. To unlock the pins, use the following method:
  - a) Identify the proper pneumatic valve controlling the unlocking of the pins of the slide-out to be extend.
  - b) Ensure the ignition key is in the "OFF" position. When the proper valve has been identified (right side for front slide-out and left side for rear slide-out), turn clockwise the "pin valve manual override screw" to actuate the locking pins. Keep the override screw in this position. During the process, you should hear a hissing sound, as the air flows to the pin cylinders.



UNLOCKING PIN VALVE LOCATION

- c) Verify if all the pins are unlocked with the ignition to the "ON" position. To do so, check the lights on the "PIN STATE INDICATOR" zone of the logic controller interface display. A light next to all unlocked padlocks is used to identify the state unlocked of the pins. For the rear slide-out, take note that only 4 pins are used in the upper section of the pin state indicator zone. If at least one light is off, that means all the pins are not unlocked and it will not be possible to manually move the slide-out. In this case, restart the engine and make sure the air pressure is 110 psi minimum on the auxiliary air pressure gauge.
- d) Switch the ignition to the "OFF" position, and remove the ignition key for more security.
- e) When the locking pins have been unlocked, turn the pin valve manual override screw counterclockwise and keep it in this position to cancel the manual override actuation.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position, start the engine and set the RPM to fast idle.



POWER ASSIST OVERRIDE HANDHELD CONTROL

 With the power assist override handheld control, press and hold down the Front S-O or Rear S-O rocker switch to the "OUT" position depending on which slide-out you want to retract.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

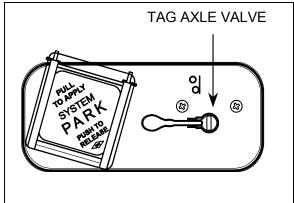
Remember that in override mode, the logic controller doesn't keep track of the slide-out position neither command the motor controller. Be careful as the slide-out approaches its opened position, in order not to overshoot it, which may damage the mechanism.

- 6. Once the slide-out room is lined up to its opened position (resting against the stoppers), release the rocker switch.
- Finally, the inflatable seal can be re-inflated by turning the shut-off valve handle counterclockwise. Check the pressure gage on the inflatable seal regulator if the pressure is increasing to 10 psi.

# Manual ratchet retracting procedure – Front and rear slide-out

## NOTE

For the <u>front</u> slide-out, the tag axle must be unloaded with the manual switch located on the left-hand control panel with the ignition switch to the "ON" position. This procedure is not necessary for the rear slide-out.



TAG AXLE VALVE LOCATION

06390

 Turn the ignition switch to the "OFF" position, and remove the ignition key for more safety.  Deflate the inflatable seal by using the relieving shut-off valve located in the slideout control compartment. Turn the handle clockwise to deflate the seal. Make sure the pressure indicator reading is "0 psi".

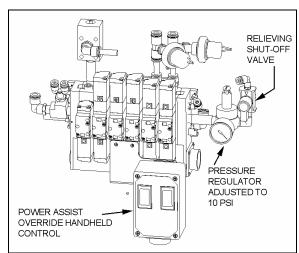
## $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

The pressure in the inflatable seal must be completely relieved to prevent any damage to the seal.

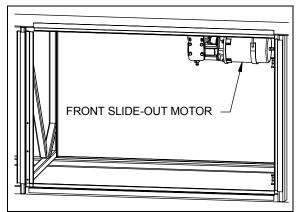
## riangle CAUTION riangle

Before moving the slide-out manually, ensure that all locking pins are unlocked. Refer to the slide-out manual extending procedure.

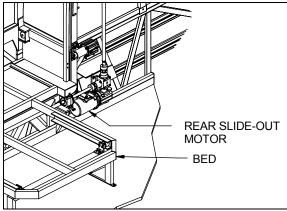
3. To move the slide-out use a ½" hexagonal socket on the back of the slide-out motor.



**INFLATABLE SEAL PRESSURE REGULATOR** 



FRONT SLIDE-OUT MOTOR

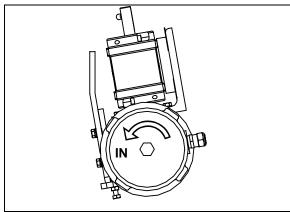


REAR SLIDE-OUT MOTOR INSIDE COACH

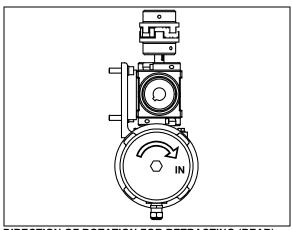
4. Rotate the slide-out motor with a manual ratchet or any power drill until the slide-out comes to its closed position.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Slow down on the closing speed as the slide-out approaches its closed position, in order not to overshoot it, which may damage the mechanism.

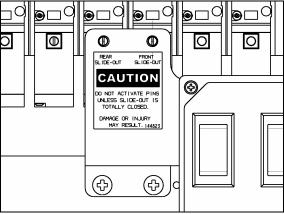


DIRECTION OF ROTATION FOR RETRACTING (FRONT)

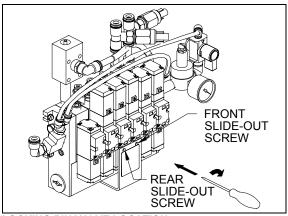


DIRECTION OF ROTATION FOR RETRACTING (REAR)

- 5. Once the slide-out room is lined up to its closed position, remove the tool from the motor.
- To close the locking pins, use the following method:
  - a) Insert a small screwdriver in the protection plate hole to access the "pin valve manual override screw" corresponding to the slide-out to be locked. Turn the override screw clockwise to actuate the locking pins. During the process, you should hear a hissing sound, as the air flows to the pin cylinders.



LOCKING PIN VALVE PROTECTION PLATE



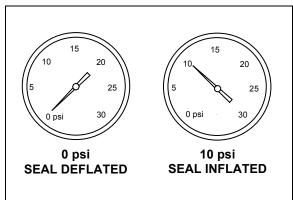
LOCKING PIN VALVE LOCATION

## $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

Actuating the locking pins on the slide-out not completely closed or with locking pins misaligned with their receptacle may result in glass breakage and cause serious injury.

b) When the locking pins have been locked, re-insert a screwdriver in the protection plate hole. Turn the override screw counterclockwise and keep it in this position to cancel the manual override actuation.

 Finally, the inflatable seal can be re-inflated by turning the shut-off valve handle counterclockwise. Check the pressure gage on the inflatable seal regulator if the pressure is increasing to 10 psi.



### INFLATABLE SEAL PRESSURE GAGE

8. When the retraction procedure is completed, if the transmission DRIVE range or REVERSE cannot be selected to move the vehicle, verify that at least one pin is locked on each slide-out. To do so, check the lights (12) on the "PIN STATE INDICATOR" zone of the logic controller interface display. A light next to all padlocks is used to identify the state locked or unlocked of the pins. For the rear slide-out, take note that only 4 pins are used in the upper section of the pin state indicator zone. With the ignition key to the "ON" position, verify if at least one pin locked light is "ON". Otherwise, go back to step 7 of this section to manually lock all the pins until all pin locked lights go "ON".

## NOTE

The slide-out safety controllers use a relay to inhibit transmission range selection to prevent the vehicle from moving if each slide-out has not at least one pin locked.

# Manual ratchet extending procedure – Front and rear slide-out

### NOTE

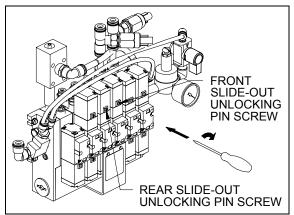
For the <u>front</u> slide-out, the tag axle must be unloaded with the manual switch located on the left-hand control panel with the ignition switch to the "ON" position. This procedure is not necessary for the rear slide-out.

 Turn the ignition switch to the "OFF" position, and remove the ignition key for more safety.  Deflate the inflatable seal by using the relieving shut-off valve located in the slideout control compartment. Turn the handle clockwise to deflate the seal. Make sure the pressure indicator reading is "0 psi".

## riangle WARNING riangle

The pressure in the inflatable seal must be completely relieved to prevent any damage to the seal.

- To unlock the pins, use the following method:
  - a) Identify the proper pneumatic valve controlling the unlocking of the pins of the slide-out to be extent.



UNLOCKING PIN VALVE LOCATION

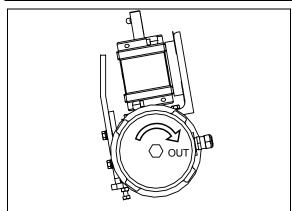
- b) Ensure the ignition key is in the "OFF" position. When the proper valve has been identified (right side for front slide-out and left side for rear slide-out), turn clockwise the "pin valve manual override screw" to actuate the locking pins. Keep the override screw in this position. During the process, you should hear a hissing sound, as the air flows to the pin cylinders.
- c) Verify if all the pins are <u>unlocked</u> with the ignition to the "ON" position. To do so, check the lights on the "PIN STATE INDICATOR" zone of the logic controller interface display. A light next to all unlocked padlocks is used to identify the state unlocked of the pins. For the rear slide-out, take note that only 4 pins are used in the upper section of the pin state indicator zone. If at least one light is off, that means all the pins are not unlocked and it will not be possible to manually move the slide-out. In this case, restart the engine and make sure the

pressure is 110 psi minimum on the auxiliary air pressure gauge.

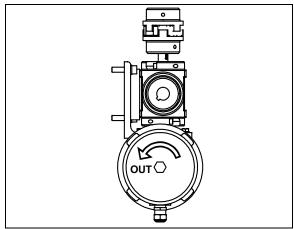
- d) Switch the ignition to the "OFF" position, and remove the ignition key for more security.
- e) When the locking pins have been unlocked, turn the pin valve manual override screw counterclockwise and keep it in this position to cancel the manual override actuation.
- 4. To move the slide-out, use a ½" hexagonal socket on the back of the slide-out motor.
- 5. Rotate the motor with a manual ratchet or any power drill until the slide-out comes to its full opened position.
- 6. Once the slide-out is lined up to its opened position, remove the tool from the motor.
- Finally, the inflatable seal can be re-inflated by turning the shut-off valve handle counterclockwise. Check the pressure gage on the inflatable seal regulator if the pressure is increasing to 10 psi.

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Slow down on the opening speed as the slide-out approaches its opened position, in order not to overshoot it, which may damage the mechanism.



DIRECTION OF ROTATION FOR EXTENDING (FRONT)



DIRECTION OF ROTATION FOR EXTENDING (REAR)

# SLIDE-OUT TROUBLESHOOTING – THIRD GENERATION

### How to recognize 3<sup>rd</sup> generation controller

When there is no error conditions, press and hold the handheld control rocker switch in the IN or OUT position for 3 seconds and release it. If the controller is a generation 3, the LED on the control will blink three times. Generation 3 controller can also be recognized by their different colors: gray instead of blue/yellow.

### Flash code operation

The flash codes are either displayed on the dashboard (telltale panel), on the handheld control or on the logic controller.

In a case where both the front and rear slide-out are in error and flashing error codes on their respective remotes, the dash telltale will flash the front slide-out error code.

A flash code consist of two consecutive series of blinks separated by a one-and-one-half second pause. The first series of blinks identifies the first digit of the error number and the second series of blinks identifies the second digit of the error number. The flash code repeats itself after a pause of 4 seconds. All flash codes except 12, 31, 32 and 33 are repeating themselves for ever until cleared with the Ignition turned OFF and ON. The codes 12, 31, 32 and 33 will repeat three times and then stopped.

### Examples of codes:

#### Code #12

Flashes 1 time, pause of 1,5 seconds, then Flashes 2 times, pause of 4 seconds

#### Code #23

Flashes 2 times, pause of 1,5 seconds, then Flashes 3 times, pause of 4 seconds

### $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

If the dash slide-out telltale light starts blinking while on the road for 30 minutes, it means that one of the structural pins (4 bottom pins for the front slide or 2 bottom pins for the rear slide) is not properly inserted. Driving for a long period in this condition can damage the vehicle structure.

## riangle CAUTION riangle

If the dash slide-out telltale light comes ON and stays ON (no blink) after 30 minutes on the road, it means that one of the 2 upper pins (not structural) are not properly inserted. Driving with the upper pins not inserted will not cause damage to the vehicle structure.

### Clearing the flash code blink

Turning the ignition OFF and ON again, will stop the flash code blinking.

### Bringing back the last flash code

Press and hold the handheld control rocker switch in the IN or OUT position for 2 seconds to see again an active flash code error that was cleared by turning the Ignition OFF and ON.

### **CODE DESCRIPTION**

SIGNAL	PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Code #12	The slide-out does not extend or retract	The parking brake is not seen as being active by the controller	Make sure the parking brake is applied  Confirm parking brake application with the parking brake light on the telltale panel  Check wiring
Code #13	The seal deflates but the slide-out does not extend or retract	Problem with the vacuum switch sensor or the seal deflating valve	Visually inspect the seal to confirm that it is deflated  If seal deflates, check/replace the vacuum switch  If seal does not deflate, check the seal deflating valve
Code #14	The seal deflates but the slide-out does not extend	The controller does not see all pins unlocked	Safety module not present or disconnected  One of the unlock sensor wrongly positioned or broken  Pin unlock valve defective
Code #21	When extending, the slide- out stops after having extended by 1 inch	The limit IN sensor is seen as active by the controller	Check the limit IN sensor

### OTHER FEATURES

SIGNAL	PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Code #22	When retracting, the slide- out went too far	The limit IN sensor is always seen as inactive by the controller	Check the limit IN sensor
Code #23	When extending, the slide- out stops after having extended by 8 inches	The controller does not see the teeth sensor	Check the teeth sensor
Code #24	The slide-out does not move out	Problem with the slide- out motor or motor drive controller module	Ensure the motor breaker is not tripped Check/replace the motor drive
Code #25	When retracting, the slide- out does not move at all or moves by 8 inches and stops	Teeth sensor not seen by the controller or a problem with the motor drive module or the motor itself	Check that the motor breaker is not tripped  Check/replace the teeth sensor  Check/replace the motor drive module
Code #26	The slide-out retracts but refuses to pin	The slide-out position has been moved manually, mixing-up the teeth counter	Use the manual procedure to re-pin, it will reset the counter. If this problem comes back, check the teeth sensor adjustment
Code #31	One of the unlock sensor is defective and needs repair. No immediate impact on the slide-out operation	One of the unlock sensor is always seen active even when the pins are locked	Check the unlock sensors
Code #32	One of the lock sensor is defective and needs repair. No immediate impact on the slide-out operation	One of the lock sensor is always seen as active	Check the lock sensors
Code #33	The slide-out stopped in overcurrent	There is abnormal friction in the slide-out movement or the slide-out mechanical stopper before reaching full extension	Check the mechanical slides
Code #41	The slide-out is not working properly	The front and the rear logic controllers have the same ECU number	Check the wiring of the rear module, to make sure the input J4-11 is ON.
Code #42	The slide-out does not extend or retract	The battery voltage is too low	Start the engine and set the RPM to fast idle  Connect to a battery charger capable to supply 40 Amps

### STARTING AND STOPPING PROCEDURES

### STARTING THE ENGINE

In normal circumstances, the engine should be started from the driver's seat. However, a rear-start panel in the engine compartment permits starting the engine from that location, mainly for maintenance purposes.

### STARTING FROM THE DRIVER'S SEAT

- Apply the spring-loaded parking brakes by pulling the parking brake control button all the way up;
- Make sure that the starter selector switch located in the engine compartment is set to the NORMAL position;
- Make sure that the battery master switch located on the rear circuit breaker panel is set to the ON position;
- Place transmission in neutral;
- Turn ignition key to START position (refer to "Controls and Instruments" chapter), release the key after the engine starts.
- Brake pedal must be applied when selecting Drive (D) otherwise the transmission will stay in neutral (N).

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not engage starter for more than 15 seconds at a time. If engine does not start within 15 seconds, release ignition key and let starter cool for one minute before attempting to restart.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not press accelerator pedal before starting. This could result in an electronic control unit fault and degrade the fuel system control.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Special precautions are necessary with turbocharged engines to avoid possible turbine damage. After starting, run the engine at slow idle for two minutes to allow lubricating oil to reach the turbocharger. Then run the engine at fast idle. Let oil pressure reach normal operating range before driving.

#### NOTE

If engine does not start, return key to OFF position before attempting to restart.

### NOTE

If the accelerator pedal is depressed before starting, release and wait 30 seconds before attempting to restart.

### **Stopping the Engine**

- Apply parking brake and place transmission in neutral (N);
- Allow engine to idle for at least two minutes before shutting engine OFF. This insures that the turbine speed drops and allows time for the engine exhaust gas temperature to drop to about 300°F (150°C);
- Turn the ignition key to the OFF position.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not shut *OFF* engine when running above slow idle.

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Set the battery master switch to the *OFF* position after parking and when left unattended for an extended period of time. Refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter.

# STARTING FROM THE ENGINE COMPARTMENT

Switches to start and stop the engine from inside the engine compartment are mounted on a small panel over the engine.

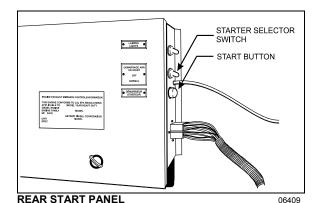
## $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

Apply parking brake and place transmission in neutral (N) before starting engine from inside the engine compartment.

Set the battery master switch to the *ON* position;

Set the starter selector switch to the REAR START position;

Press the starter push-button switch. Release push-button after the engine starts.



## △ WARNING △

Do not wear loose clothing when working near engine. Stand clear of rotating components.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Refer to cautions in "Starting Engine from Driver's Seat" in this chapter.

### Stopping the Engine

To stop the engine, set the starter selector switch to the *OFF* position.

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not stop engine by any other method.

### **COLD WEATHER STARTING**

The vehicle may be equipped with the optional ether cold starting aid to facilitate cold-weather starts when the temperature is below 35°F (2°C). To activate the ether starting aid, proceed as follows:

- 1. Before cranking engine, press the "Ether" rocker switch on the dashboard for 3 seconds to fill the solenoid valve:
- 2. Release rocker switch to discharge a shot of ether:
- 3. Allow 3 seconds for the shot to discharge;
- 4. Start engine.

## riangle CAUTION riangle

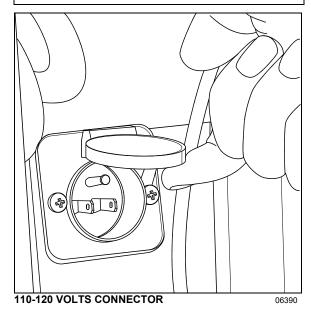
Use the cold starting aid only when absolutely necessary. Excessive use of starter fluid could result in serious engine damage.

### **ENGINE BLOCK HEATER**

The vehicle may be equipped with an engine immersion-type electric block heater to assist cold weather starting. The 110-120 VAC power connector is located to the right, behind the engine compartment rear doors. Connect the female plug of an extension cord to the 110-120 VAC male outlet. Plug the extension cord into a 110-120 VAC power source only. Use the engine block heater whenever the vehicle is parked for an extended period of time in cold weather and when a 110-120 VAC power source is available.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Use only a 110-120 VAC power source. Use only grounded (three prongs) extension cords with a minimum rated capacity of 15 amps. Disconnect the extension cord before starting. Before driving, make sure the extension cord is disconnected and the engine compartment door is closed.



### **ENGINE WARM-UP**

After starting the engine, keep the parking brake applied and let the engine run at slow idle for two minutes to allow lubricating oil to reach the turbocharger. Increase engine speed to fast idle, using the FAST IDLE switch located on the dashboard for five minutes, without loading the engine. Monitor the gauges and indicator lights to make sure all conditions are normal. If an abnormal condition is observed, stop the engine immediately and have the condition corrected.

### △ WARNING △

Never let the engine run in an enclosed, non-ventilated area. Engine exhaust fumes contain dangerous gases which can be fatal if inhaled. Before warming up the engine, open the door(s) or move the vehicle outside.

### NOTE

The engine will reach normal operating temperature shortly after driving. Avoid driving at full throttle until engine coolant temperature reaches 140°F (60°C).

# WORLD TRANSMISSION (WT) WARM-UP

When the transmission temperature falls below -20°F (-29°C), the CHECK TRANS telltale light illuminates after the engine is started. In this case, the transmission will be locked in neutral (N) until the transmission temperature rises above -20°F (-29°C) and the CHECK TRANS telltale light goes out. The transmission will only operate in first or reverse gears until it reaches normal operating temperature.

### JUMP STARTING

In order to avoid damage to solid-state electrical components, it is important that jumper (booster) cables be used correctly and only in emergencies. To jump start, use another 24 volt DC, negative grounded, power source. Use only jumper cables rated at 500 cranking amperes.

## △ WARNING △

Injury, explosion, battery acid damage or charging system overload may result if these jump starting procedures are not precisely followed.

## △ WARNING △

Wear eye protection and remove rings, metal jewellery and watches with metal bands.

## △ WARNING △

The battery could rupture or explode if jump started when the run-down battery fluid is frozen or if the battery fluid level is low. Check condition of run-down battery before attempting to jump start.

### △ WARNING △

The gases given off by batteries while jump starting are explosive. Do not smoke near batteries.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not let the two vehicles touch. Keep a walk-through distance between the two vehicles. Make sure positive (red) and negative (black) jumper cable clamps do not touch.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Never connect the jumper cable to the negative terminal post of the run-down battery.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not jump start if a maintenance-free battery has a yellow test indicator. Have the battery replaced.

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Before attempting to jump start, make sure the parking brake is applied and the transmission is in neutral (N). Turn off all lights, heaters and other electrical accessories.

To jump start, proceed as follows:

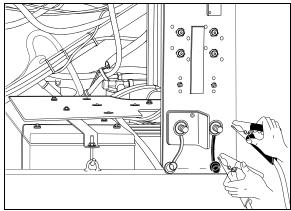
- 1. Remove the protective caps from the booster block terminals located in the R.H. side engine compartment;
- Connect one end of the red jumper cable to the positive (+) post of the booster power source. If the good battery is in another vehicle, that vehicle's engine must be shut OFF before connecting;
- 3. Connect the other end of the same red jumper cable to the positive (+) terminal on the booster block;
- 4. Connect one end of the black jumper cable to the negative (-) post on the booster power source:
- 5. Connect the other end of the same black jumper cable to the negative (-) terminal on the booster block; If the good battery is in another vehicle, start that vehicle's engine;

### **STARTING AND STOPPING PROCEDURES**

- 6. Let the engine run for a few minutes, then start the vehicle with the run-down battery;
- 7. Disconnect the jumper cables in reverse order given in steps 2 through 5;
- 8. Install protective caps on the booster block terminals.

### NOTE

Jumper cables must be rated at 500 cranking amperes. If jumper cable length is 20 feet (6 m) or less, use 2/0 (AWG) gauge wires. If cable length is between 20 to 30 feet (6 to 9 m), use 3/0 (AWG) gauge wires.



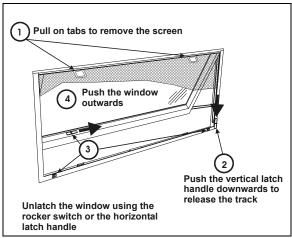
**ENGINE COMPARTMENT** 

### SAFETY FEATURES AND EQUIPMENT

### **EMERGENCY EXITS**

Locate and learn how to use all possible emergency exits. Inform all guests or passengers of the location of exits and how to use them in case of an emergency.

### **ELECTRIC AWNING WINDOWS**

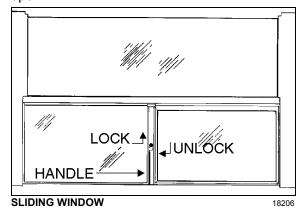


**ELECTRIC AWNING WINDOW** 

18584

### **SLIDING WINDOWS**

Sliding windows can be used as emergency exits. To open, unlock, pull in window then slide open.

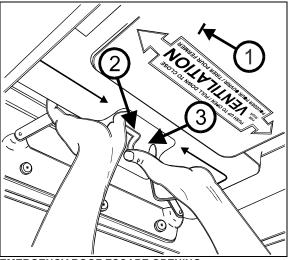


### **FIXED WINDOWS**

Fixed windows are glued to the structure of the vehicle; they do not open and are very hard to break. Do not attempt to open, instead find and use the entrance door, the nearest awning or sliding window or a roof escape hatch.

#### **ROOF ESCAPE HATCH**

A roof ventilation hatch, designed to be opened by occupants may be installed in the roof at the rear of the vehicle. It can serve as an emergency escape (1). Another optional roof hatch may be located at the front of the vehicle. In case of an emergency, push out the ventilation hatch completely. To release the emergency hatch, pull tab (2) rearward while pushing handle (3) out. An instruction decal with complete operating instructions is located on the hatch.



**EMERGENCY ROOF ESCAPE OPENING** 

OEH3B60

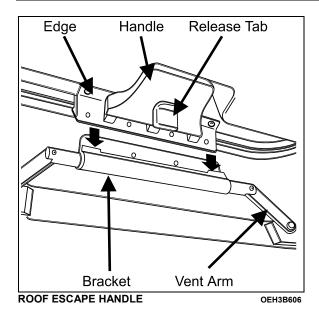
### NOTE

In the event of ventilation blower motor failure, the emergency roof escape may be used to aid ventilation by pushing the hatch upward.

## ⚠ CAUTION ⚠

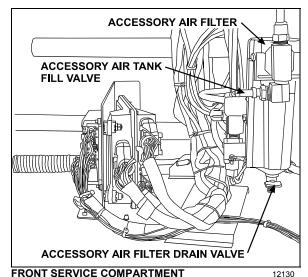
Be aware of reduced vehicle overhead clearance when driving under overpasses when the emergency roof escape hatch is open.

To latch handle after use, vent arms must be pushed upright in FULL OPEN VENT position. Insert edge between the two sections of the bracket and pull handle in to lock the hatch. Finally, pull the hatch in to closed position, one side at a time.

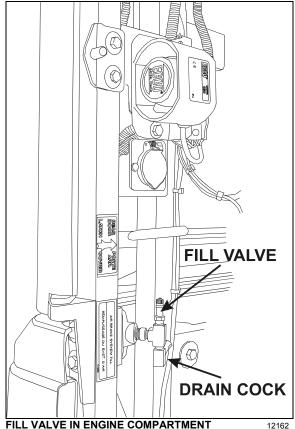


### **EMERGENCY AIR-FILL VALVES**

The vehicle is equipped with two air system emergency fill valves to supplement the air system when air pressure is low and the engine cannot be operated. One valve is located inside the front service compartment. The other valve is located inside the engine compartment.



Both air system emergency fill valves are fitted with standard tire valve stems. The air systems can be filled using any standard external air supply line. The fill valve located in the engine compartment supplies air for all systems (brakes, suspension and accessories). The fill valve located in the service compartment supplies air for accessories only.



FILL VALVE IN ENGINE COMPARTMENT

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Air filled through the two emergency fill valves will pass through the standard air filtering system. Do not fill air at any other location. Do not exceed 120 psi (827 kPa).

#### **EMERGENCY** AND **PARKING BRAKES**

During normal operation, if air pressure in both brake circuits drops below 40 psi (276 kPa), spring-loaded emergency parking brakes will be immediately applied at full capacity to the drive axle wheels to stop the vehicle.

Spring-loaded parking brakes are applied by pulling up the control valve knob located on the L.H. lateral console.

Parking brakes are not designed to be used as service brakes. For normal driving conditions, the control valve knob must remain in the down position.

### 🛆 WARNING 🛆

Always apply the parking brakes before leaving the driver's seat.

### NOTE

Only use the parking brakes to supplement the service brakes to stop the vehicle in emergency conditions. The stopping distance will be considerably longer than when using normal service brakes.

### NOTE

Before releasing the parking brakes by pushing down the control valve knob, check the pressure gauges to make sure that the brake system air pressure is greater than or equal to 95 psi (655 kPa).

### NOTE

A beep will sound if the ignition switch has been turned off without applying the parking brakes. The same beep will sound if pressure is still applied to the service brake pedal.

### NOTE

The stoplights will automatically turn on when the parking brake is applied and the ignition key is turned to the ON position.

### SAFETY EQUIPMENT

### FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

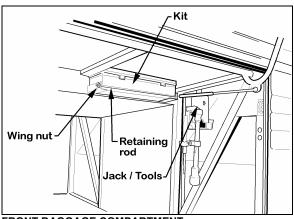
Two fire extinguishers are located on the vehicle L.H. side just behind the driver's seat. Instructions for use are found on the extinguishers. Make sure you know how to operate fire extinguishers in case of an emergency.

### **FIRST AID KIT**

The optional first aid kit is usually stored near the driver's seat. A white cross over red background decal identifies the first aid kit.

### **WARNING REFLECTORS**

A kit containing three triangular reflectors is provided to warn other drivers on the road in case of a breakdown. The kit is located on the ceiling of the first R.H. side baggage compartment, but may have been relocated by the converter. The reflectors provide visible warning of an emergency situation. The three reflectors should be placed as indicated on the box cover. These reflectors comply with FMVSS 125 (Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards).



FRONT BAGGAGE COMPARTMENT

23010

### JACK/TOOLS

A kit for jacking up the vehicle is stored in the first R.H. side baggage compartment, attached to the forward bulkhead of the compartment. The kit includes a:

- 30 ton bottle jack;
- Bumper wrench;
- Wheel nut wrench and lever.

### **SPARE PARTS KIT**

The vehicle may be equipped with a spare parts kit (optional). The kit contains parts such as bulbs, circuit breakers, belts, etc. The spare parts kit is stored in the first baggage compartment.

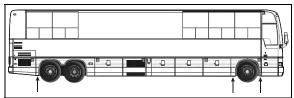
### **CHANGING WHEELS**

In case of a flat tire, turn *ON* the hazard flashers and bring the vehicle to a stop on the side of the road. Apply the parking brake. Make sure the vehicle is parked safely away from traffic. Set up the triangular reflectors in accordance with applicable highway regulations.

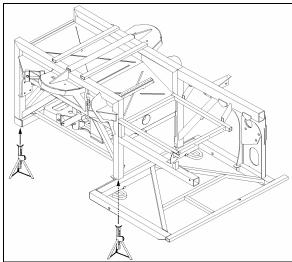
We suggest that you **do not** attempt to change a wheel. First, the wheel and tire are very heavy and usually there is no space available to put the removed flat. Second, the wheel nuts, especially those on inner dual, can become very tight after being on for only a short time. Often a heavy air wrench is required to get these nuts loose. We suggest you get help via CB radio or cellular phone. There are tire service trucks all over the country that can bring a wheel and make the change safely.

### **JACKING POINTS**

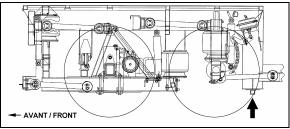
Twelve jacking points are located on the vehicle: three are located on each side of the frame and two are located under each axle. Refer to the following illustrations for the location of jacking points.



JACKING POINTS ON FRAME



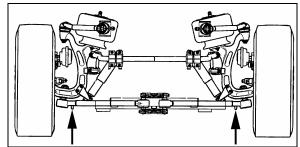
FRONT SUB-FRAME JACKING POINTS



REAR SUB-FRAME JACKING POINTS

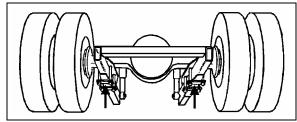
### $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

The suspension of the vehicle must be in the normal ride position before jacking. The level low system must be in the *OFF* position prior to turning *OFF* the ignition key.



JACKING POINTS ON FRONT AXLE

6139

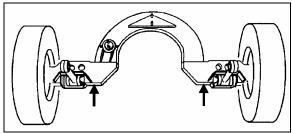


JACKING POINTS ON DRIVE AXLE

11005

### A WARNING A

Always unload or retract the tag axle before jacking the vehicle from the front and drive axle jacking points to prevent damage to suspension components.



JACKING POINTS ON TAG AXLE

11023

### $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

The jacking points on the tag axle must be used for raising the tag axle only.

Several kinds of hydraulic jacks can be used. Only jack at the specified jacking points. Jack must support the following capacities:

Front axle: 20,000 lb (9 100 kg); Drive axle: 40,000 lb (18 200 kg).

### **HYDRAULIC JACK**

<u>To raise</u>: turn release valve clockwise. Insert handle in socket and raise by pumping.

<u>To lower</u>: remove handle and turn the release valve slowly counterclockwise.

Always keep ram and extension screw retracted when jack is not in use.

<u>Service</u>: Check oil level when jack fails to raise to full height. Lower ram completely with release valve open and jack in upright position, remove filler plug and refill to level of filler hole with hydraulic jack oil. <u>Never use brake fluid</u>.

### △ WARNING △

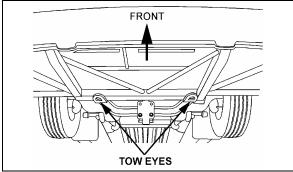
Jack is intended for lifting only. Do not get under the vehicle or load for any reason unless it is properly supported with safety stands and securely blocked.

### △ WARNING △

Do not overload jack above rated capacity. Prevent "side loading", make sure load is centered on ram. Do not push or tilt load off jack.

### **TOWING**

To prevent damage to the vehicle, use the two tow eyes located under the back bumper and/or fixed to the vehicle's frame between the front axle and the front bumper. Use only a solid link tow bar and a safety chain to tow the vehicle. If required, connect an auxiliary air supply to the vehicle so brakes can be operated while towing.



TOW EYES 18003A

### △ WARNING △

During a towing operation, the driver should be alone inside the vehicle.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

To prevent damage to the drive train components, disconnect axle shafts or driveshaft before towing. Do not attempt to push or pull-start a vehicle equipped with an automatic transmission.

#### NOTE

Make sure axle shafts or driveshaft are installed correctly after towing. Tighten axle shaft and driveshaft nuts to the correct torque settings. Do not invert shafts.

#### DAYTIME RUNNING LIGHTS

The low beams come *ON* automatically at reduced intensity when the engine is started and the parking brake is released. The daytime running lights provide added safety by making the traveling vehicle more visible to other drivers.

The lights are not used when:

- Engine is stopped;
- Parking brake is applied;
- The exterior lighting switch is turned to the OFF position.

### △ WARNING △

Do not drive with the daytime running lights at night. For night driving, turn *ON* the headlights by depressing the exterior lighting rocker switch to the second position. The daytime running lights do not provide sufficient illumination for safe driving at night

### **FOG LIGHTS**

Fog lights provide better visibility in fog and precipitation. They improve visibility immediately in front of the vehicle. They also provide added safety.

### NOTE

Some states or provinces may restrict the use of fog lights. Verify local state or provincial regulations before using.

### CORNERING AND DOCKING LIGHTS

The vehicle may be equipped with up to four halogen cornering lights. Two lights are installed at the front of the vehicle, on each side as standard equipment. Two optional lights may be installed on each side at the rear of the vehicle. When activated, the front lights illuminate at the same time as the turn signal flashers to increase lateral visibility while turning. The rear lights illuminate when the reverse (R) range is selected to increase visibility while backing-up

the vehicle. All four lights will illuminate when the docking position is selected using the rocker switch. Refer to chapter: "Controls and Instruments".

### **COMPARTMENT LIGHTING**

Baggage and front service compartment lights are automatically turned *ON* when the corresponding compartment door is opened. A telltale light on the dashboard illuminates when the baggage compartment door is open.

### MUD FLAPS AND SPLASH GUARDS

Mud flaps are installed behind each front and tag axle wheel in order to minimize dirt on the lower panels of the vehicle and prevent stones and debris from being thrown at vehicles traveling behind the vehicle. Splash guards may be installed behind each dual wheel of the drive axle to prevent stone projectiles from being thrown at the tag axle wheels.

### **BACK-UP CAMERA**

An optional back-up camera is available which provides the driver with visual assistance when backing-up.

The TV monitor may be mounted on the left side pillar. It switches *ON* automatically when the transmission is in the reverse (R) range.

### **BACK-UP ALARM**

The back-up alarm alerts pedestrians and other drivers when the vehicle is being backed-up. Take extra precautions whenever backing-up. If necessary, use a guide to provide directions when backing-up. Both the alarm and optional camera are automatically activated when the transmission is put in the reverse (R) range.

### **BACK-UP ALARM CANCEL SWITCH**

A rocker switch located on the L.H. side dashboard panel allows the driver to cancel the back-up alarm system (as for example: at night on a camping site).

NOTE
After use, return to normal operation.

### **ALARM SYSTEM**

In addition to the dashboard indicator lights, the vehicle is equipped with an audible alarm system to provide audible indications to the driver of the conditions given in the following table.

Indicator Light	Audible Alarm	Condition
90 1 120 150 30 150 150 100 203 06227	Yes	Air pressure in primary system below 66 psi (860 kPa)
90 1 120 150 30 1 150 150 150 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Yes	Air pressure in secondary system below 66 psi (860 kPa)
30 80 90 1	Yes	Engine oil pressure Below 50 psi (345 kPa)

Indicator Light	Audible Alarm	Condition
150 190 210 220 220 06231	Yes	Coolant temperature above 223°F (106°C)
CHECK TRANS	Yes	Gear changing inhibited
None	Yes	Reverse gear engaged
06288	Yes	Fire in engine compartment
06271	Yes	Tag axle retracted
None	Yes	Engine OFF but parking brake not applied
STOP 06309	Yes	Major problem detected by engine ECU
06273	Yes	Outside temperature close to water freezing point
06292	Yes	Transmission fluid too hot

### **CLEANING**

The cleaning information provided in this section is regarded as recommended cleaning practices. Cleaning results may vary depending on the condition of the stain. Always clean stains promptly for best results.

#### NOTE

Use only approved cleaning products such as Prevost A.P.C., all purpose cleaner (Prevost # 683664). Never use stain protection products on new fabrics. To prevent permanent staining of fabrics, clean stains soon after they occur. Incorrect treatment of stains can worsen them. Get help from a cleaning specialist to remove stubborn stains.

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Custom fabrics and materials may require different cleaning and maintenance practices. Consult your converter.

#### **SEAT UPHOLSTERY**

Firmly beat the fabric with a blunt object, such as a wooden paddle, to release dust and dirt. Vacuum the seat fabric in the direction of the stitching using an upholstery nozzle.

### NOTE

The abrasive nature of dirt and grit. will reduce upholstery life expectancy. Vacuum regularly.

### **Removal Of Stains And Marks**

Depending on the nature of the stain, apply one of the two methods explained below to remove stains and marks on wool plush.

#### Method One:

- 1. Apply a nonflammable solvent (Trichloroethylene) to stained area with a clean, white absorbent rag:
- 2. Clean stain by starting at the outer edges of the stain and working in toward the center;
- 3. Blot affected area frequently with a clean, dry absorbent cloth to prevent stain rings caused by excess solvent.

## △ WARNING △

Use solvents in a well ventilated area. Open all windows and doors.

#### Method Two

- Wet the stain with a solution of household detergent and lukewarm water. Do not soak the stain:
- 2. Rub the stain with a damp cloth;
- 3. Rinse cloth after each application.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not use soap, soap powder, ammonia, soda, bleach or cleaning products containing any of these compounds.

### **Beverage Stains**

Remove beverage stains by following method one. If stain persists, repeat method one using methylated spirits instead of solvent.

### **Alcoholic Beverage Stains**

Remove alcoholic beverage stains by wetting the stain with water, then cleaning following method two.

#### **Burns**

Scrape burnt area using a knife or razor blade then clean following method two. Consult an upholstery specialist when dealing with extensive burns.

#### **Cosmetic Stains**

Remove stains left by cosmetics by following method one then method two.

#### **Ink Stains**

Remove ink stains following method two. If stain persists, apply a warm oxalic acid solution. Rinse with water.

### **Blood, Urine Or Vomit Stains**

Remove such stains by following method two.

### Copying Ink - Ball-Point Pen Ink

Treat with methylated spirits, blotting frequently to avoid spreading stain, followed by method two.

### Marking Ink (Felt-tip Pens)

Treat with Methyl-Ethyl-Ketone (MEK) followed by method two.

#### Oil, Grease And Paint

Remove excess using a knife. Treat with method one followed by method two. If stain persists, repeat procedure.

#### **Rust Stains**

Remove rust stains by following method two. Apply a warm oxalic acid solution to stained area. Rinse with water.

#### Tar

Soften tar with benzene, then treat using method one followed by method two.

### **Chewing Gum**

Soften gum with cyclohexane. Carefully scrape off stains using a sharp knife or razor blade.

### **PLASTIC AND VINYL**

Clean plastic and vinyl trim using a clean damp cloth or sponge. For vinyl trim marks, use a lukewarm all purpose cleaner or a mild saddle soap. Remove water spots and soap traces using a clean damp cloth or sponge. Dry with a clean soft cloth.

Remove grease, tar or oil stains with a clean cloth or sponge and an all purpose or solvent-type vinyl cleaner.

Apply a colorless vinyl or leather protective product to maintain the luster and pliability of the plastic or vinyl surface.

#### **WINDOWS**

Clean the inside of the windows with a solution of one part vinegar to ten parts water.

### STAINLESS STEEL

Use a stainless steel cleaner and follow the manufacturer's instructions. Stainless steel cleaning solution may be ordered from Prevost Car Inc. quoting part number 68-0356.

### **FORMICA**

Remove stains on formica surfaces with a household detergent, methylated spirits or mineral turps. Clean with a mild abrasive and water solution if stain persists.

### **CARPET**

Vacuum carpets regularly to prolong carpet life.

### **RUBBER COMPONENTS**

Use only pure water or glycerin to clean stains on rubber components.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Never use solvents on rubber components.

#### **FLOOR CLEANING**

Clean vinyl floors with a quality nonionic detergent cleaner. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for cleaning.

Remove any excess detergent solution using a wet/dry vacuum or mop. Rinse floor with a solution of one part Clorox to ten parts warm water.

Polish dry floor using a high-speed buffer and a smooth red 3-M polishing pad.

Mop floor periodically with a solution of 5 per cent Clorox in warm water.

### NOTE

For custom or special floor covering materials, consult the manufacturer or your converter for information on how to clean and maintain these types of floors.

#### **EXTERIOR SURFACES**

Frequent washing and waxing of the vehicle exterior will help protect the finish and luster. The paint finish is attacked by the abrasive effects of airborne particles and corrosive pollutants.

Before washing the exterior of the vehicle, close the fresh air dampers using the "REC" button located on HVAC control panel and on the air intake duct in the evaporator compartment. Install keyhole protectors to prevent water from penetrating. Rinse vehicle with water to remove all loose dirt. Wash vehicle using a quality brand car wash soap. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for cleaning. Rinse well with water.

The vehicle exterior should be cleaned, waxed and buffed when water droplets no longer form on the painted surfaces.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Hot water can damage paint. Keep water cool or lukewarm.

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Make sure cleaning solutions are not harmful to painted surfaces. Read the manufacturer's instructions before using.

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not spray water jet directly into fresh air inlet dampers.

## riangle CAUTION riangle

Do not aim high pressure water jet at radiator doors. This could damage the radiator fins.

To prevent corrosion, remove caked-on dirt and road salt from the vehicle underbody using a high pressure water jet. Clean wheel housings, bumpers, muffler, tailpipe and brackets.

Carry out corrosion prevention cleaning at least twice a year. Spray underneath of the vehicle and let soak before cleaning. Let engine and exhaust system cool down before cleaning.

### Tar Or Oil

Remove tar or oil as soon as possible with an approved automotive tar and oil remover or turpentine. Thoroughly clean area with car wash soap and water. Let dry, then wax.

### Insects

Remove insect stains as soon as possible with lukewarm soap and water or insect remover.

### Tree Sap

Remove tree sap or bird droppings with lukewarm soap and water. Do not allow to harden.

### **WINDSHIELD**

To prevent windshield wiper streaking, keep silicone sprays away from windshield. Remove road film and wax build-up from windows with lukewarm soap and water or with an alcoholbased cleaning agent. If a chamois is used to dry and polish glass, use it exclusively for that purpose.

### Wiper Blades

To avoid tearing frozen wiper blades, loosen them before removing. Remove and clean wiper blades periodically with an alcohol-based cleaning solution. Clean wiper blades using a sponge or soft cloth.

### FLUID LEVEL VERIFICATION

Periodic inspection of oil level is the most economical and easiest way to help your vehicle perform at its best. Rigorous oil level inspection and replacement will greatly help minimize expensive and unscheduled repairs.

#### **ENGINE OIL LEVEL**

Check engine oil level when engine is still warm and with vehicle parked on a level surface. Shut *OFF* engine and wait at least 10 minutes for oil to drain into oil pan before checking. Check engine oil level daily or before each trip. Add oil as required. Do not overfill. Remove dipstick, wipe clean and fully reinsert to ensure an accurate reading. Remove dipstick and check engine oil level.

The oil level must be maintained between the two marks indicated on the dipstick. Do not let the oil level drop below the L mark. Add oil by opening the oil reserve tank drain valve or through the oil filler tube. Use the markings on the tank to check the quantity of oil added. Close the oil reserve tank drain valve or oil filler cap after adding oil. Recheck the oil level. Do not let the oil level go above the F mark on the dipstick.

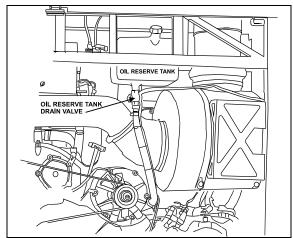


ENGINE OIL LEVEL DIPSTICK

01027

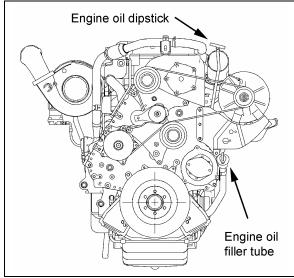
## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Keep engine oil level between "L" and "F" on dipstick. Do not overfill. Check when refueling.



**ENGINE COMPARTMENT** 

01063



**ENGINE COMPARTMENT** 

01051

#### **AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL LEVEL**

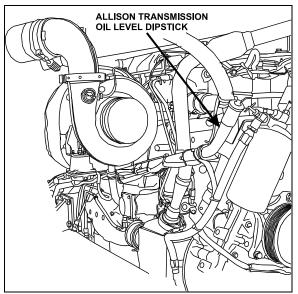
Transmission fluid level may be checked using dipstick or transmission control pad display. Refer to section "Technical Information" in this manual for how to use the control pad as a transmission oil level indicator.

The automatic transmission oil level dipstick is accessible through the engine compartment rear door and is located on the left side of the engine.

To check the transmission oil level, a "cold check" and a "hot check" must be performed. A cold check must be made when the transmission oil is between 60°F and 140°F (16°C and 60°C).

### NOTE

Perform the cold check first to verify the transmission oil level before performing the hot check.



**AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL LEVEL DIPSTICK** 

### riangle WARNING riangle

To prevent personal injury, do not service transmission wearing loose clothing. Stand clear of the engine and rotating components while checking the oil level.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not mix fluid types or brands because of possible incompatibility.

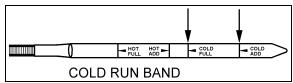
## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Use clean fluid and containers when filling transmission. Never use containers that have contained water or anti-freeze (Glycol).

To prevent dirt and foreign matter from entering the transmission, clean the end of the oil fill tube before removing dipstick. To remove dipstick, unscrew filler cap approximately three turns and pull out dipstick.

### **Cold Check**

Run the engine until the transmission oil temperature is between 60°F and 120°F (16°C and 50°C). With the engine idling, make sure the parking brake is applied and the transmission is in neutral (N). Remove and wipe the dipstick with a clean cloth. Check oil level. If the oil level is within the COLD RUN band, the oil level is correct and a hot check can be performed. If the oil level is on or below the lower line of the COLD RUN band, add oil until the level lies within the COLD RUN band. If the oil level is above the COLD RUN band, drain oil until the level is within the band.



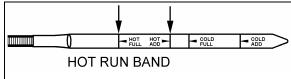
**AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL LEVEL DIPSTICK 07006** 

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

The oil level rises as oil temperature rises. Do not add oil above the "cold run" band before the transmission reaches 180°F to 220°F (82°C to 104°C).

#### **Hot Check**

Make sure the transmission oil temperature is between 180°F and 220°F (82°C and 104°C) before performing the hot check. Run the engine 1,000 1,200 between and RPM approximately one minute to purge air from the system. With the engine idling and the parking brake applied, shift transmission from forward (D) to reverse (R) and back into neutral (N) to fill clutch cavities with oil. Remove and clean dipstick, then check oil level. If the oil level is on or under the lower HOT RUN line, add just enough oil to bring up the level to the middle of the HOT RUN band.



**AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL LEVEL DIPSTICK 07006** 

### NOTE

Approximately 1 quart (0.95 liters) of oil will raise the oil level from the lower line of the HOT RUN band to the middle of the HOT RUN band.

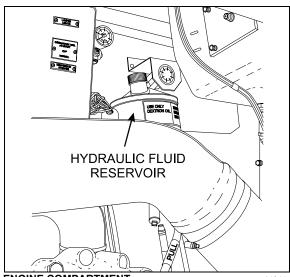
Replace dipstick and tighten the filler tube cap until the rubber seal is correctly seated.



Do not overfill transmission oil reservoir. Severe damage may result.

### **POWER STEERING FLUID LEVEL**

The vehicle is equipped with a power steering system. The hydraulic fluid tank is located in the engine compartment.



**ENGINE COMPARTMENT** 

14044

Check fluid level as follows:

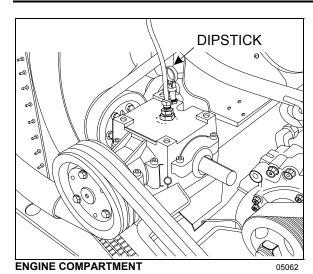
- 1. Stop engine, open engine compartment doors and place rear start switch to *OFF* position;
- 2. Unscrew and remove the dipstick located on top of the fluid tank and wipe with a clean rag;
- Replace dipstick in tank, then remove to check fluid level;
- 4. Add hydraulic fluid until it reaches the FULL mark on the dipstick (use Dexron II, Dexron IIE, Dexron III or Mercon fluid type);
- 5. Replace and tighten dipstick;
- 6. Place engine rear start switch to *NORMAL* position. Close engine compartment doors.

### **RADIATOR FAN GEARBOX OIL LEVEL**

The radiator fan is belt-driven by the engine crankshaft pulley through a gearbox and drive shaft. A dipstick located on top of the gearbox is used to check the radiator fan gearbox oil level.

Check radiator fan gear box oil level as follows:

- Stop engine, open engine compartment R.H. side door and place battery master switch to the *OFF* position;
- 2. Open engine compartment doors and place engine starter switch to *OFF* position;
- 3. Remove the dipstick located on top of the gearbox and wipe with a clean rag;
- 4. Insert dipstick in gearbox case, then remove again to check mark;



 Add, if necessary, MOBIL SHC 630 synthetic lubricant (Prévost #180217) until it reaches "FULL" mark;

### NOTE

Mobil SHC 630 is a new lubricant and is not compatible with SHC 634 lubricant that was previously used.

- 6. Reinsert the dipstick;
- 7. Place engine rear start switch to *NORMAL* position. Close engine compartment doors;
- 8. Set battery master switch to *ON* position.

### DRIVE AXLE WHEEL BEARING OIL LEVEL

Drive axle wheel bearings are lubricated by the differential oil. Maintain differential oil at correct level to ensure adequate lubrication of drive axle wheel bearings at all times.

### FRONT AND TAG AXLE WHEEL HUBS

The unitized hub bearings used on the NDS range of axles, are non-serviceable items. Bearings are pre-adjusted, lubricated and have seals fitted as part of the manufacturing process. The bearings are greased for life and there is no need or facility for re-lubrication.

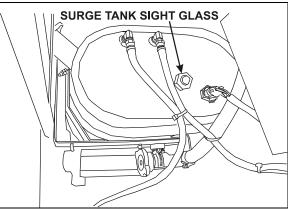
### **COOLANT FLUID LEVEL**

Coolant level is correct when coolant is visible through the surge tank sight glass when cold. If coolant level is low, fill system with the same 50-50 mixture normally used.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Use only coolant that meets DDC specs for use in DDC engines.

The cooling system must be maintained according to DDC maintenance specs for coolant, ratio of 50/50 and supplemental coolant additives (SCAs). Failure to do so could damage the cooling system. Refer to Maintenance Manual or DDC for instructions.



ENGINE COMPARTMENT

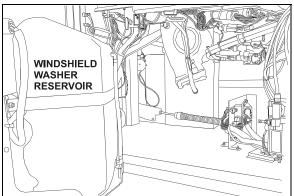
05094

### △ WARNING △

Hot engine coolant is under high pressure. Allow engine to cool down before adding coolant.

### WINDSHIELD WASHER TANK

The windshield washer reservoir is located in the front service compartment door. The reservoir has a capacity of 5.3 US gallons (20 liters). Check fluid level regularly.



FRONT SERVICE DOOR

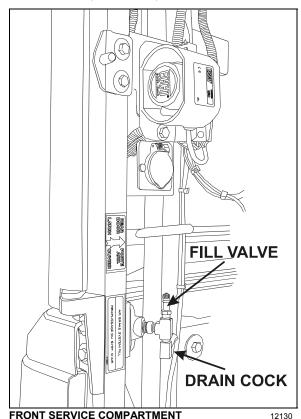
1838

The spray jets are located on the windshield wipers and are angled to spray towards the center of the windshield.

### OTHER VERIFICATIONS

### **AIR TANK PURGE**

The vehicle may be equipped with up to twelve air tanks. Purge accessory and wet air tanks before each trip. The primary and secondary air tanks must be purged at every oil change. Oil changes should be scheduled at least every 12,500 miles (20 000 km).



ACCESSORY AIR FILTER

ACCESSORY AIR TANK

FILL VALVE

ACCESSORY AIR FILTER DRAIN VALVE

FRONT SERVICE COMPARTMENT 12:162

The accessory air tank drain cock is accessible from the front service compartment. The wet air tank drain cock is accessible from the engine compartment. All air tanks are equipped with a drain cock underneath the tank. Refer to the "Lubrication and Service Check Point Chart" in the "Maintenance Manual" for tank locations.

Drain tanks by turning cocks counterclockwise.

### **FIRE EXTINGUISHERS**

Inspect fire extinguishers monthly to insure operation in emergency situations.

On extinguishers with a pressure gauge, the needle should be in the green or *NORMAL* range. Refill or replace extinguisher if pressure is below normal;

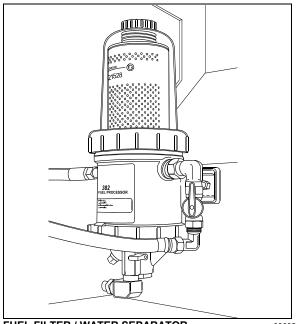
Check that seal on handle is intact:

Check that hose nozzle is in good condition and the nozzle is free of obstruction;

Keep fire extinguishers clean.

### **FUEL FILTER / WATER SEPARATOR**

The optional water separator installed in the engine compartment is used to prevent water from entering the fuel system. The water separator should be drained periodically or when the water separator telltale light on the dashboard illuminates. To drain water, loosen bleed screw below separator one quarter turn. Tighten bleed screw when finished.



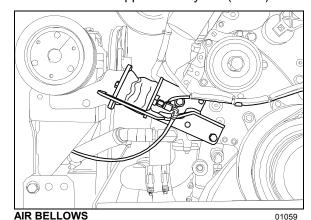
FUEL FILTER / WATER SEPARATOR

03032

### **BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT**

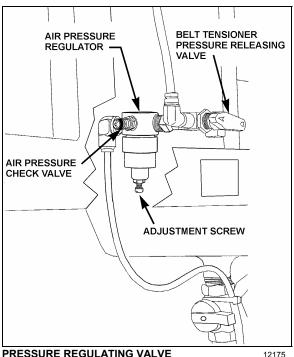
The radiator transfer fan and air conditioning compressor are driven by V-belts.

Belt tensioning is applied through air bellows which are adjusted by an air pressure regulating valve mounted in the engine compartment, right behind the belt tensioning pressure control valve. The correct pressure of 45 psi (310 kPa) for W5 and 50 psi (345 kPa) for W0 and WE is set at the factory. Periodically verify the pressure at the regulating valve using a tire pressure gauge and correct if necessary. The distance between the stop and the plate at the top of the bellow should be approximately 1/4 " (7 mm).



For belt replacement, air pressure must be released from bellows by means of the belt tensioning pressure control valve. This valve, mounted close to the pressure regulating valve, is manually operated. Before handling, be sure that all engine stopping safety precautions have been observed.

- Refer to the Parts Manual, Maintenance **Bulletins**" Manual or "Service for recommended belt sizes and tension settings;
- Periodically inspect belt and pulleys for wear or damage:
- Do not treat belts with any compounds. Keep belts dry.



PRESSURE REGULATING VALVE

### **BACK-UP CAMERA**

The optional back-up camera is located on the rear cap. To clean the camera's protective glass. spray with soapy water. Wipe with a clean damp rag or wiper blade.

### $\triangle$ WARNING $\triangle$

To avoid injury, do not clean camera with transmission in reverse (R). Shut off engine and apply parking brake before cleaning.

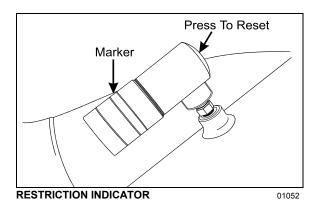
## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

To prevent scratches to the camera protective glass, do not wipe with dry rag. Use a clean damp rag.

### AIR FILTER RESTRICTION INDICATOR

A filter restriction indicator (optional) is used to monitor the vacuum level between the air filter and engine. A red marker is displayed when the air filter is clogged. When a red marker is displayed, the air filter must be replaced. Reset by pressing on the indicator's extremity.

The filter restriction indicator is located on the engine air intake duct.



### A/C AND HEATING SYSTEM AIR FILTERS

For maximum air conditioning and heating system efficiency, air filters should be inspected and cleaned as required in maintenance schedule to ensure proper ventilation of the evaporator and heating radiator cores. To clean filters, back flush with water, then dry with air.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not use high pressure water jet to avoid damaging filter.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

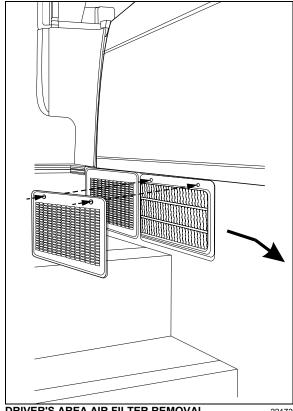
Be sure not to reverse filter upon installation.

### **DRIVER'S AREA AIR FILTERS**

The driver HVAC system's air filters are located behind the R.H. console. To gain access to the A/C filters, unscrew the grill located at the top step of the entrance door steps. Remove the filters for cleaning or replacement.

### NOTE

If the windshield is continuously fogged, check that the driver's air filter is not clogged.



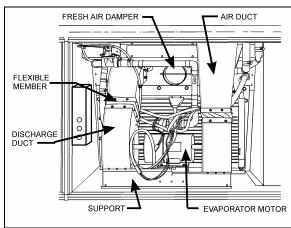
DRIVER'S AREA AIR FILTER REMOVAL

### **CABIN SYSTEM AIR FILTER**

position.

The central HVAC system's air filters are located in the evaporator compartment on L.H. side of the vehicle. To gain access, open evaporator compartment door. Remove filter panel by unscrewing the six fixing screws. Slide out the filter for cleaning.

## riangle Caution riangleBe sure not to install filter in inverted



CABIN SYSTEM AIR FILTER REMOVAL

22178

### **HOSE INSPECTION**

Inspect hoses regularly to ensure efficient, economical and safe operation of the engine and related equipment.

#### LUBRICATION

Grease all lubrication points during scheduled maintenance. For heavy loads or extended use, lubricate more often. Refer to the Maintenance Manual, section 24 for information on lubrication.

### PRE-STARTING INSPECTION

### WITH ENGINE STOPPED:

Inspect hoses for leaks. Carefully inspect all fittings, clamps and ties. To prevent chafing, make sure hoses are not touching shafts, couplings, heated surfaces, sharp edges or other parts. Since hose clamps and ties can vibrate loose or fail over time, inspect frequently and tighten or replace as necessary.

Check for loose nuts and bolts. Visually inspect safety of compartment door latches. Test operation of all exterior lights.

## riangle CAUTION riangle

All hose clamps of 1 3/8" ID and over, used on the heating and cooling systems, are of the "Constant-torque" type. This type of clamp is designed to automatically adjust its diameter to compensate for the normal expansion /contraction of a hose and metal connection that occurs during vehicle operation and shutdown. A torque wrench should be used for proper installation. The recommended torque is 90 to 100 lbf-in. (10 to 11 Nm). The hose clamps will break if over-torqued and cause loss of coolant. Do not over-tighten, especially during cold weather when hose has contracted.

### Leaks

Check for leaks under vehicle and in compartments.

Correct leaking hoses immediately. Failure to correct leaks can cause severe damage to the equipment, as well as increase operating costs due to lost fluids. Treat fuel and oil leaks as an immediate fire hazard.

### △ WARNING △

Fire hazard - personal injury and property damage may result from fire caused by leaking flammable fluids.

#### **Hose Service Life**

Hoses have a limited service life. Thoroughly inspect hoses annually. Look for surface damage or indications of twisted, worn, crimped, cracked or leaking lines. Replace damaged hoses immediately.

Hoses should be replaced during major overhaul or after a maximum of five years service. Make sure replacement hoses match the original equipment manufacturer's specifications.

#### Wheels And Tires

Check for loose wheel nuts. Both aluminum alloy and steel wheel nuts should be tightened to 450 to 500 lbf-ft (610 to 680 Nm) torque.

### **Tire Pressure**

Keep the tires inflated to the recommended inflation pressure to prolong tire life and for safety.

### NOTE

Recommended tire inflation pressures are given in the "Coach Final Record", placed in the technical publications package supplied with the vehicle. The cold tire inflation pressures are on the Department of Transport certification plate located on the L.H. console besides the driver's seat.

### △ WARNING △

Do not exceed maximum inflation pressure. Incorrect tire pressure increases tire wear and could lead to loss of driving control because of reduced road handling. Check tire pressure regularly.

#### **Doors**

Close all exterior doors and windows. Check for good tightness and fit.

### **Tools And Spares**

Make sure the vehicle is equipped with a wheel nut wrench, door keys, spare belts, reflectors and jack.

### Air System

To purge water from air and accessory tanks, open drain cocks. Close drains when completed. Refer to heading "Air Tank Purge" in this chapter.

### **Water Separator**

To purge water separator, loosen bleed screw. Tighten bleed screw after purging.

#### **Coolant Level**

Check coolant level. Coolant level is correct when visible in the filler neck of the surge tank. If coolant level is low, fill system with 50-50 coolant mixture. Refer to the vehicle "Maintenance Manual" for more information.

### △ WARNING △

Hot engine coolant is under pressure. Do not attempt to open the coolant filler cap when the engine is hot. Allow engine to cool before adding coolant.

### **Wheel Bearings**

Check wheel bearing cover for overheating (especially after brake work) during fuel stops by touching the wheel bearing cover.

### Windshield Washer Reservoir

Make sure windshield washer reservoir is full. For cold weather, use antifreeze windshield washer fluid.

#### **Engine Oil**

Check engine oil level during fuel stops. It is normal for diesel engines to burn some oil. If the oil level is low, refer to heading "Engine Oil Level" in this chapter.

## △ WARNING △

Check the engine oil level with vehicle parked on a level surface and with the parking brake engaged.

### **Power Steering Oil Tank**

Check steering oil level. Refer to heading "Power Steering Fluid Level" in this chapter.

#### **Belts**

Check for loose, worn or broken belts.

### **Belt Tension Adjustment**

Check belt tension using a pressure gauge. Refer to heading "Belt Tension Adjustment" in "Other Verifications" section in this chapter.

### Fire Extinguishers

Check fire extinguishers to make sure they are ready for operation. Refer to heading "Fire Extinguishers" in "Other Verifications" section in this chapter.

### **Emergency Exits**

Verify emergency exits for correct operation.

#### **Driver's Section**

Adjust driver's mirrors and seat.

### WITH ENGINE RUNNING:

#### Leaks

Walk around vehicle and listen for air leaks.

### Turbocharger

Check for leaks and listen for unusual sounds coming from the turbocharger.

### **Automatic Transmission**

Check automatic transmission oil level. Refer to heading "Automatic Transmission Oil Level" in this chapter.

### Gauges and Buzzers

Perform a telltale light test (see "Controls and Instruments" chapter). Make sure gauges are in normal operating condition. Indicator lights and buzzers should all be *OFF* before driving.

### **Fuel Level**

Make sure fuel level is sufficient.

### **Service Brakes**

Check for correct pressure build-up. Pressure loss should not exceed 3 psi/minute (21 kPa/minute) with engine stopped and without brake applied. Perform a full brake application. Air loss should not exceed 7 psi/minute (48 kPa/minute).

### **Brake Test**

Release parking and emergency brakes. Pump service brake pedal until air pressure drops to 65 psi (448 kPa). Make sure the warning buzzer operates and that the emergency brakes apply (the control valve knob lifts up). Allow air pressure to reach 95 psi (655 kPa) before releasing parking brake.

### **Parking And Emergency Brake Test**

Driving the vehicle while the parking brake is applied should not be possible.

### FIRST SERVICE ON NEW VEHICLE

### NOTE

Refer to Maintenance Manual for precise service schedule.

### **ENGINE OIL**

Preliminary oil change is not required since the engine has been test-run at the factory. Change oil and filter every 12,500 miles (20 000 km) or once a year, whichever comes first.

### **AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL FILTER**

Replace World transmission main filter cartridge after the first 5,000 miles (8 000 km) and then, according to the lubrication and servicing schedule, depending if the vehicle is equipped or not with a retarder and depending on the type of oil used (Dexron-III/VI or TranSynd fluid).

### **COOLANT SYSTEM STRAINER**

The coolant system strainer is designed to recover the soldering residues trapped inside the coolant lines during their initial assembly. Clean strainer after first 3,000 miles (5 000 km) and then every 50,000 miles (80 000 km). Refer to the Maintenance Manual under section 05: Cooling System.

### NOTE

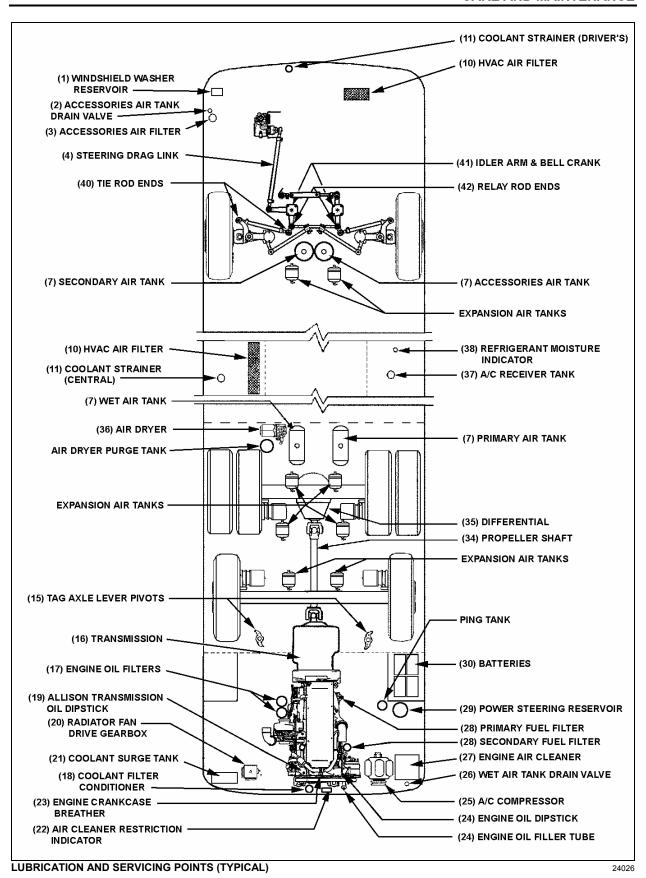
If soldering has been performed on cooling system, clean strainer after 3,000 miles (5 000 km).

### **GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Understand basic principles of vehicle operation;
- Always maintain the vehicle in good running condition;
- Do not drive with low fuel. If the fuel tank runs dry, the engine will not start until the air is bled from the fuel system. Refer to "Maintenance Manual" for more information;
- Allow engine to run for at least two minutes at slow idle before shutting OFF;
- Engine should be at idle when shifting from neutral (N) to forward (D) or from neutral (N) to reverse (R);
- The automatic transmission does not have a park (P) position. Place transmission in neutral (N) position and apply parking brake when the vehicle is stopped. A warning buzzer will sound if the engine is stopped and the parking brake has not been applied when foot pressure is removed from the brake pedal;
- Always follow the procedures described in this manual:
- Unless stated otherwise, shut OFF the engine before performing all servicing, lubrication and maintenance tasks:
- Do not attempt to push or pull-start a vehicle equipped with an automatic transmission;
- The vehicle may be damaged if towed with the axle shafts or driveshaft connected. Do not push or pull-start the vehicle in first or reverse gears;
- Two chemical fire extinguishers are stored near the back of the driver's seat. In case of fire, immediately evacuate all occupants. Human life safety is the first priority. Do not attempt to extinguish the fire if there is immediate danger or risk for personal injury;
- When driving on ice and snow, accelerate and decelerate gradually.

## △ WARNING △

Report all problems affecting passenger or driver safety to your service center or an authorized service center. Have problems corrected immediately.



95

### **WALK-AROUND INSPECTION** (BEFORE EVERY TRIP)

It is a good practice to make a basic visual inspection of key areas on the vehicle before every trip and to report any problem areas to your Prévost service center or a Prévost-authorized service center.

### **Outside The Vehicle**

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION
	Check for leaks under vehicle and in engine compartment.
	Check that baggage and service compartment doors are properly closed.
	Inspect tires and wheels for correct tire pressure, wear or damage and for missing wheel studs and nuts.
1	Check windshield washer fluid level and add if necessary.
	Check condition of windshield wiper blades.
	Verify proper operation of all road lights, signal lights, brake lights, marker lights and back up lights; Replace light bulbs as required.
2-26	Drain accumulated water in accessory and wet air tanks.

### **Engine Compartment**

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION
24	Check engine crankcase oil level; add if necessary.
19	Check transmission oil level (can be checked from push-button shift selector); add if necessary.
29	Check power steering reservoir fluid level; add if necessary.
21	Check coolant surge tank fluid level; add if necessary.
28	Drain accumulated water in primary fuel filter/water separator (if equipped).
22, 27	Check air cleaner restriction indicator; Replace air cleaner when red signals locks in full view.

### **Inside The Vehicle**

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION
	Check for proper operation of the entrance door.
	Check that emergency exit windows and roof escape hatches can be opened, then close all windows and hatches securely.
	Verify proper operation of windshield wiper/washer.
	Adjust mirrors for adequate rear view vision.
	Start engine and check for proper operation of all gauges and indicator lights.
	Check for proper operation of electric and air horns and back up alarm.

<sup>\*</sup> Item numbers refer to figure on lubrication and servicing points of this section.

### **LUBRICATION AND SERVICING SCHEDULE**

### SERVICE EVERY 6,250 MILES (10 000 KM) OR TWICE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST.

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
27	Engine Air Cleaner	Inspect and replace element if required	Filter: #530197
	Engine Air Pre-Cleaner	Check discharge tube	
25	A/C Compressor	Check oil level, add if necessary	Polyolester Oil
37	A/C Receiver Tank	Check refrigerant level, add if necessary	HFC 134a
38	Refrigerant Moisture Indicator	Replace filter dryer unit according to moisture indicator (as needed)	Filter: #950332
20	Radiator Fan Drive Gearbox	Check oil level, add if necessary	Mobil SHC 630
34	Propeller Shaft	Grease one fitting on each universal joint and one fitting on slip joint	Multi purpose grease
15	Tag Axle Lever Pivot	Grease one fitting on each pivot	Multi purpose grease
	Steering King Pins	Grease fitting	Multi-purpose grease
	A-arm ball joints	Grease fitting	Multi-purpose grease
4	Drag Link Ends	Grease one fitting at each end	Multi purpose grease
36	Relay Rod Ends	Grease one fitting at each end	Multi purpose grease
40	Steering Tie Rod Ends	Grease one fitting at each end	Multi purpose grease
37	Idler Arm	Grease fitting	Multi purpose grease
37	Bell Crank	Grease fitting	Multi purpose grease

<sup>\*</sup> Item numbers refer to figure on lubrication and servicing points of this section.

### SERVICE EVERY 12,500 MILES (20 000 KM) OR TWICE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST.

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
16	Allison World Automatic Transmission (if equipped with retarder)	Change oil and filters	Dexron-III/VI

<sup>\*\*</sup> See end of this section for lubricant and part number specifications.

### SERVICE EVERY 12,500 MILES (20 000 KM) OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST.

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
17	Engine Oil Filters	Change oil and filters	Engine oil: SAE 15W40, API CG4 Filters: #510458
28	Fuel Filters	Change primary and secondary fuel filters (Fill with clean fuel before installation)	Primary: #510137 Prim. w/sep.: #531390 Secondary: #510128
18	Coolant Filter/Conditioner	Replace element	Filter: #550630
21	Coolant Surge Tank	Test coolant solution	
7	Air Tanks	Drain accumulated water from all tanks	
10	A/C and Heating Air Filters	Clean or replace two elements (twice a year)	Driver's: #871049 Passenger's: #871051

# SERVICE EVERY 25,000 MILES (40 000 KM) OR ACCORDING TO THE FLEET MAINTENANCE INTERVAL, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST.

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
35	Differential	Check oil level, add if necessary	Same type of gear oil

### SERVICE EVERY 25,000 MILES (40 000 KM) OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST..

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
16	Allison World Automa Transmission without retarder		Dexron-III/VI

### SERVICE EVERY 50,000 MILES (80 000 KM) OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST.

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
20	Radiator Fan Drive Gearbox	Change oil	Mobil SHC 630
29	Power Steering Reservoir	Replace oil filter cartridge element	Cartridge: #660987
18	Coolant Strainer	Check and clean, change cartridge if required. ‡‡	Cartridge: #871029
23	Engine Crankcase Breather	Clean breather steel mesh	
	Hoses	Thoroughly inspect all hoses	

<sup>\*</sup> Item numbers refer to figure on lubrication and servicing points of this section.

<sup>‡‡</sup> If soldering has been performed on the system, clean strainer after 3,000 miles (5 000 Km).

### SERVICE EVERY 50,000 MILES (80 000 KM) OR ONCE EVERY TWO YEARS, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
16	Allison Transmission (with or without retarder)	Change filters (if containing TranSynd fluid only).‡	Filters: #571709
16	Allison Transmission (equipped with retarder)	Change fluid (if containing TranSynd fluid only).‡	Fluid: TranSynd™

### SERVICE EVERY 100,000 MILES (160 000 KM) OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
35	Differential	Change oil; Clean breathers	Multigrade gear oil

### SERVICE EVERY 100,000 MILES (160 000 KM) OR ONCE EVERY TWO YEARS, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
3	Accessories Air Filter	Change filter element	Filter: #641252
36	Air Dryer	Change cartridge	Cartridge: #641278

### SERVICE EVERY 150,000 MILES (240 000 KM) OR ONCE EVERY FOUR YEARS, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
16	Allison Transmission (without retarder)	Change fluid (if containing TranSynd fluid only).‡	Fluid: TranSynd™

### SERVICE EVERY 250,000 MILES (400 000 KM) OR ONCE EVERY FOUR YEARS, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
35	Differential	Change oil; Clean breathers	Full synthetic gear oil

### **MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE**

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	LUBRICANT &/OR PART**
18, 21	Cooling System	Drain, flush and refill every two years or 200,000 miles (320 000 km) whichever comes first	Engine coolant
30	Battery Terminals	Clean and coat terminals yearly	Battery terminal coating
	Discharge Tubes***	Every three months: Check 2 condenser's discharge tubes Check 6 evaporator's discharge tubes Check 2 front discharge tubes	

<sup>\*</sup> Item numbers refer to figure on lubrication and servicing points of this section.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See end of this section for lubricant and part number specifications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> When the transmission contains a mixture of fluids (defined as the quantity of non-TranSynd fluid remaining in the transmission after a fluid change combined with the quantity of TranSynd required to fill the transmission to the proper level), perform the fluid and filter change at 25,000 miles (40 200 Km) or 1 year, whichever comes first.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Discharge tubes are rubber tubes located under vehicle.

### CARE AND MAINTENANCE

### **LUBRICANT SPECIFICATIONS**

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	SPECIFICATIONS
24	Engine Oil	SAE Viscosity Grade: 15W40 API Classification: CI-4
29	Power Steering Oil	Automatic Transmission Oil (Dexron-III/VI)
18, 21	Engine Coolant	Low silicate, ethylene glycol coolant 50% antifreeze/water solution is normally used Antifreeze concentration should be between 30% and 67%
25	A/C Compressor Oil	Polyolester Oil, HFC 134a compatible: Castrol SW-68 (POE) or equivalent
35	Differential Oil	Multigrade gear oil meeting MIL-L-2105-D: 85W140 If temperature drops below 10°F (-12°C), 80W90 should be used, and below -15°F (-26°C), 75W90 should be used. (In extreme conditions or for better performance, full synthetic gear oil can be used.)
20	Fan Gearbox Oil	Mobil SHC 630
19	Automatic Transmission Oil	Dexron-III/VI or TranSynd
	Multi Purpose Grease	Good quality lithium-base grease: NLGI No.2 Grade is suitable for most temperatures NLGI No.1 Grade is suitable for extremely low temperatures

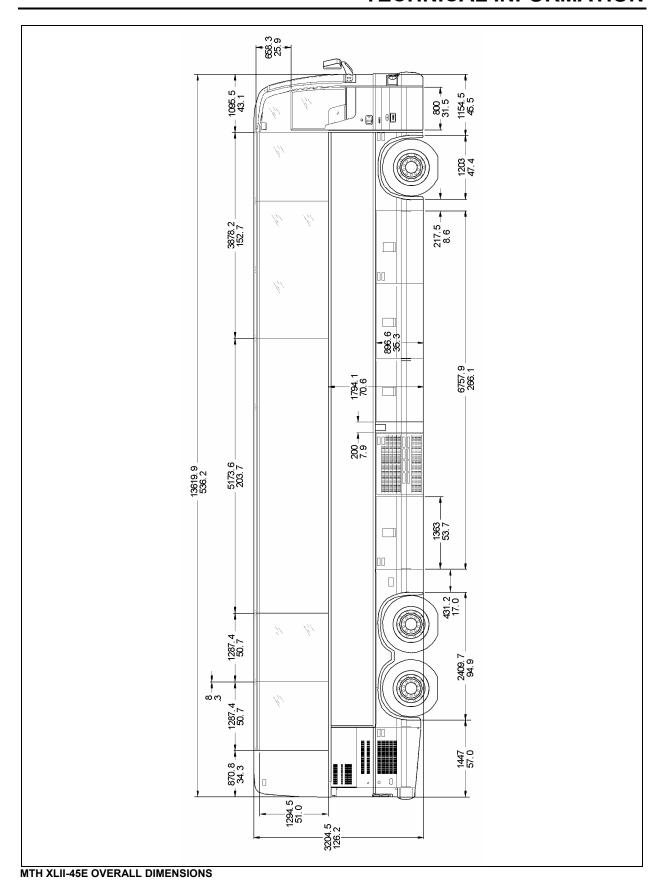
<sup>\*</sup> Item numbers refer to figure on lubrication and servicing points of this section.

### PART NUMBER SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM*	DESCRIPTION	PRÉVOST NO
17	Engine Oil Filters	#510458
29	Power Steering Reservoir Oil Filter	#660528
27	Engine Air Cleaner Filter	#530197
18	Refrigerant Filter Dryer Unit	#950262
28	Engine Primary Fuel Filter	#510137
28	Engine Primary Fuel Filter With Water Separator (Optional)	#531407
28	Engine Secondary Fuel Filter	#510128
28	Secondary "Racor" Fuel Filter	#531390
18	Engine Coolant Precharge Unit	#550629
18	Engine Coolant Filter/Conditioner	#550630
10	A/C And Heating Driver's Air Filter	#871147871144
10	A/C And Heating Cabin's Air Filter	#871051
16	Automatic Transmission Oil Filter Kit	#571709
11	Coolant Strainer	#871029
3	Accessories Air Filter	#641340
20	Radiator Fan Drive Gearbox Oil	#180217
36	Air Dryer Cartridge	#641244
	Alternator drive belt Delco 50DN	#5060055
	Fan gearbox drive belt (MTH 40' & MTH 45E)	#506691
	Fan gearbox drive belt (MTH 45')	#509822
	Fan drive belt (MTH 40' & MTH 45E)	#506684
	Fan drive belt (MTH 45')	#507627
	Seltec compressor drive belt	#506685
	05G Compressor drive belt, BX100 (MTH 40' & MTH 45')	#506664
	05G Compressor drive belt, BX100 (MTH 45E)	#506681
	Windshield wiper blade	#800329

<sup>\*</sup> Item numbers refer to figure on lubrication and servicing points of this section.

## **TECHNICAL INFORMATION**



DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS	W0-40	W5-45 WE-45
Overall length (including bumpers)	40'0" (12,2 m)	45' (13,7 m)
Overall width	102"	(2,59 m)
Overall height	148 3/4	1" (3,78 m)
Wheelbase (center of front axle to center of drive axle)	279" (7087 mm)	W5-45: 314" (7976 mm) WE-45: 339" (8611 mm)
Floor height from ground	48 1/2	" (1,23 m)
Ground clearance	11" (2	280 mm)
Step height from ground	15" (3	380 mm)
Step height (other steps)	7" (1	78 mm)
Headroom	86" (2184 mm)	89" (2261 mm)
Entrance door opening width	30" (	762 mm)
Front overhang	68¾" (	1746 mm)
Rear overhang	82¾" (2102 mm)	W5-45: 107 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " (2736 mm) WE-45: 82 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " (2102 mm)
Front track	85.9"	(2,18 m)
Drive track	76.7"	(1,95 m)
Rear track	83.6"	(2,12 m)
Turning circle radius (exterior front corner)	38'-5" (11709mm)	W5-45: 41'-10" (12751 mm) WE-45: 44'-3" (13487 mm)
	W0-40 WE-45	W5-45
Curb weight (before conversion)	N/A	N/A
Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (G.V.W.R.)	50,400 lb (22 861 kg)	54,500 lb (24 721 kg)
Front axle Gross Axle Weight Rating (G.A.W.R.)	18,000 lb (8 165 kg)	18,000 lb (8 165 kg)
Drive axle (G.A.W.R.)	20,400 lb (9 253 kg)	22,500 lb (10 206 kg)
Tag axle (G.A.W.R.)	12,000 lb (5 443 kg)	14,000 lb (6 350 kg)

The Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (G.V.W.R.) and the Gross Axle Weight Rating (G.A.W.R.) for front, drive and tag axles are listed on a

certification plate located on the L.H. control panel in driver's section.

CAPACITIES	W0-40 WE-45	W5-45
Engine oil (in crankcase)	37 U.S. qts (35 I)	
Engine oil (in reserve tank)	8.4 U.S. q	ts (8,0 I)
Fuel tank (legal capacity equal to 95% of volume)	250 U.S. gal. (945 I)	208 U.S. gal. (787 I) plus 90 U.S. gal. (opt) (341 I)
Cooling system	18.7 U.S. gal. (71 I)	
Cooling system	27.6 U.S. gal. (104,5 l)	
Transmission (does not include external circuit)	6 U.S. ga 6.9 U.S. g with re	al. (26 l)
Differential oil	20 U.S. qts (18,7 I)	
Power steering reservoir	4.0 U.S. qts (3,8 I)	
A/C compressor oil	4.5 U.S. qts (4,3 l)	
Windshield washer reservoir	5.3 U.S. gal. (20 I)	
Refrigerant	24.1 lb (	(11 kg)

### **FUEL TYPE**

ASTM specification	D-975
Recommended grade	1-D
Acceptable grade	2-D

### **WHEELS AND TIRES**

Drive Axle Aluminum forged	wheels 9" X 221/2"
Drive Axle Tires	315/80 R 22½"
Tag & Front Axle Wheels	10½" X 22½"
Tag & Front Axle Tires	365/70 R 22½"

# RECOMMENDED TIRE INFLATION PRESSURE AT MAXIMUM COLD LOAD

The recommended tire inflation pressures are given in the applicable documents supplied with the vehicle. In addition, maximum cold tire inflation pressures are listed on the Department of Transport's certification plate, affixed on the panel behind the driver's seat.

## △ WARNING △

Special tire selection may lower maximum allowable speed limit, even below posted speed limit. For maximum safety, check with tire manufacturer.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

These tire pressures are established in accordance with the maximum allowable load on each axle. A lower pressure is recommended if the axle load is less than the above specifications. Weigh vehicle fully loaded and pressurize according to tire manufacturer's recommendations. For non standard tire and wheel specifications. see Prévost tire pressure tabulation in "Coach Final Record" or special specification chart affixed next to the DOT certification plate.

### **BELTS**

Use	Make	Model	Qty
Radiator fan drive (gearbox) MTH 40-45E	Dayco	AX 73	3
Radiator fan drive (gearbox) MTH 45'	Dayco	BX-77	3
Radiator fan drive (fan) MTH 40-45E	Dayco	Poly-V 10/55	1
Radiator fan drive (fan) MTH 45'	Dayco	12PK 2100	1
A/C system 05G compressor (MTH 40'-45')	Gates	V Belt	2
A/C system 05G compressor (MTH 45E with 2 Bosch)	Gates	V Belt BX-100	2
A/C system Seltec compressor	Gates	V Belt A35	1
Alternator Delco 1X 24V, 270 Amp	Detroit Diesel	Poly-V 10/2232	1
Alternator Bosch 2X 28V, 140 Amp	Detroit Diesel	Poly-V 10/2232	1

### **ENGINE**

The engine is a Detroit Diesel DDEC V Series 60, displacing 12.7 or 14.0 liters. It is an inline six cylinder, four stroke, turbocharged, air to air charge cooled, diesel engine with an overhead camshaft, and four valves per cylinder.

Rated h	orsepower
---------	-----------

MTH 40' & 45E (12.7 I)455 F MTH 45' (14.0 I)515 F	
Peak torque	
MTH 40' & 45E1,550 lbf MTH 45'1,650 lbf	
Operating range 1.2	200 – 2.100 rpm

#### TRANSMISSION

Allison World Transmission B500 electronically controlled six speed automatic transmission (B500R with the optional output retarder).

#### **GEAR RATIOS**

1 <sup>st</sup>	3.510
2 <sup>nd</sup>	1.906
3 <sup>rd</sup>	1.429
4 <sup>th</sup>	1.000
5 <sup>th</sup>	0.737
6 <sup>th</sup>	0.639
Reverse	4.801
Converter	1.790
Drive axle ratio	4.56

### **BRAKES**

The features of the braking system include a dual system where the front and rear circuits are completely independent from each other. The brakes are air operated disc type brakes with automatic slack adjusters on front, drive and tag axles. The emergency/parking brakes are located on drive and tag axles.

#### **BRAKE CHAMBER EFFECTIVE AREA:**

Front axle	24 in <sup>2</sup>
Drive axle	24 in <sup>2</sup> (service)
2	4 in <sup>2</sup> (emergency/parking)
Tag axle	14 in <sup>2</sup> (service)
1	6 in <sup>2</sup> (emergency/parking)

#### **AIR SYSTEM**

Compressed air is provided by a 15.8 cfm Bendix-Westinghouse BA-921, one cylinder, gear driven, water cooled and engine-oil lubricated air compressor.

Other features and components of the air system include an air dryer and nylon color coded air lines.

#### **ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM (ABS)**

The anti-lock braking system has one Electronic Control Unit (ECU) controlling a four channel system. One wheel slip sensor is mounted at each front axle and drive axle wheel. The Tag axle wheels are slave to the drive axle wheels.

The Electronic Control Module (ECM) is maintenance free. Its operating voltage is  $24 \pm 6$  volts DC. The thermal operating range for the ECM is from -40 to  $167^{\circ}$ F (-40 to  $75^{\circ}$ C).

The solenoid control valves are maintenance free. Their operating voltage is 24 (+4.8, -2.4) volts DC. The rated current draw is 1.65 amps. The thermal operating range of the solenoid control valves is from -40 to 176°F (-40 to 80°C).

#### TROUBLESHOOTING AND TESTING

For troubleshooting and testing of the vehicle's anti-lock braking system, refer to Meritor WABCO Maintenance Manual: "Anti-Lock Brake Systems For Trucks, Tractors and Buses" or use dashboard Message Center Display (MCD) Diagnostic Mode under ECU Diagnostic: "ABS".

#### **STEERING**

- Tilt steering wheel and telescopic steering column
- Integral hydraulic assisted steering gear
- System pressure: 2175 psi (15 000 kPa)

#### **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**

- 24 volt, negative ground
- 12 volt exterior lighting
- Alternator: either a 24 volt, 270 amp, self-rectified, belt-driven, oil-cooled Delco alternator (optional) lubricated by the engine circuit, or either single or twin 28 volt, 140 amp, self-regulated, belt-driven, air-cooled Bosh alternators.

- Four 12 volt, group 31 format maintenancefree batteries connected in series/parallel. Cold cranking capacity is 1900 amps with a reserve capacity of 195 minutes.
- 100 amp battery equalizer.
- 12 volt, 145 amp, air-cooled, belt-driven, additional alternator (optional).

#### SUSPENSION

Goodyear rolling lobe type air springs (bellows) are used throughout.

#### INDEPENDENT FRONT SUSPENSION

- 2 Bellows (14.5") for a G.A.W.R. of 18,000 lb;
- 2 Shock absorbers;
- 2 Upper V-Links;
- 2 Lower V-Links;
- 2 Torque rods;
- 2 Steering Levers;
- 1 Leveling valve;
- 1 sway bar (1¾" diameter).

#### **DRIVE AXLE**

- 4 Bellows (11");
- 4 Shock absorbers;
- 3 Radius rods;
- 1 Panhard rod:
- 2 Leveling valves.

#### **TAG AXLE**

- 2 Bellows (11");
- 2 Shock absorbers;
- 3 Radius rods:
- 1 Lateral Panhard rod.

#### **ALIGNMENT SPECIFICATIONS**

Use wheel alignment systems which work with angle measurements only, such as Josam or Hunter systems. Alignment specifications are listed in the following tables:

FRONT AXLE (INDEPENDENT FRONT SUSPENSION)								
	Minimum	value	Nominal v	/alue	Maximum value			
Load	Non-converted	Converted	Non-converted	Converted	Non-converted	Converted		
Right camber (degrees)	0.2	-0.150	0.35	0.0	0.55	0.200		
Left camber (degrees)	0.2	-0.150	0.35	0.0	0.55	0.200		
Right caster (degrees)	2.55		2.8		3.05			
Left caster (degrees)	2.55		2.8		3.05			
Total toe-in (degrees)	0.08		0.13		0.17	0.17		

DRIVE AXLE						
	Minimum value	Nominal value	Maximum value			
Thrust angle (degrees)	-0.04	0	0.04			

TAG AXLE			
	Minimum value	Nominal value	Maximum value
Parallelism (degrees)	-0.02	0	0.02

#### **HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING**

Two air conditioning systems are available: the large capacity (central A/C) or the small capacity A/C (also known as driver's air). Vehicles equipped with the large capacity A/C benefit from a combination heating and cooling system that provides adequate capacity of conditioned and filtered air for all climatic conditions. Fresh air is drawn into the system from the left (driver's) side of the vehicle. Return air is taken from the middle of the vehicle. The driver's heater and defogger are controlled separately from the central unit. An air mixture selector enables air to be drawn into the system from outside the vehicle or recirculated. Driver's air provides cooling for the driver's area only, maximizing available baggage space for other uses. The small capacity A/C enables cooling the driver's area only.

SMALL CAPACITY A/C					
Air conditioning capacity	2 tons				
Refrigerant type	134a				
Air flow	450 cfm (12,7 m <sup>3</sup> /min)				

COMPRESSOR (For small capacity A/C)					
Number of cylinders	6				
Operating speed	700 to 6 000 rpm				
Oil capacity	6.0 U.S. oz (0,18 l)				
Approved oil	ZXL100PG				

LARGE CAPACITY A/C					
Air conditioning capacity	7.5 tons				
Refrigerant type	134a				
Heating capacity	152 000 Btu/h				
Air flow	2 600 cfm (73,6 m <sup>3</sup> /min)				

COMPRESSOR (For large capacity A/C)					
Number of cylinders	6				
Operating speed	400 to 2 200 rpm (1,750 rpm, nominal)				
Minimum speed for lubrication	400 rpm				
Oil capacity	4.5 U.S. qts (4,3 I)				
Approved oil	Castrol SW-68 (POE)				

#### NOTE

The previously mentioned oils are suitable for use with reciprocating compressors using refrigerant R-134a and with evaporator temperatures above -40°F (-40°C).

#### OIL SPECIFICATIONS

#### **ENGINE**

Heavy-duty engine oil SAE 15W-40 meeting API Classification CI-4.

#### **AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION**

The transmission must be filled with *Dexron III/VI* automatic transmission fluid, Castrol TranSynd Synthetic Fluid or any equivalent Class C4 hydraulic fluid.

#### **DIFFERENTIAL**

Multigrade gear oil meeting MIL-L-2105-D: 85W140 is recommended for use in drive axle. This lubricant performs well over a broad temperature range, providing good gear and bearing protection in a variety of climates. If temperature drops below 10°F (-12°C), 80W90 should be used, and below -15°F (-26°C), 75W90 should be used. In extreme conditions or for better performance, full synthetic gear oil can be used.

#### **FAN GEARBOX**

Synthetic oil *Mobil SHC 630 (Prévost #180217)* is recommended for the fan gearbox.

#### **POWER STEERING RESERVOIR**

This reservoir must be filled with automatic transmission oil, *Dexron III/VI* or Mercon fluid.

#### **DDEC V DIAGNOSTIC CODES**

To read the diagnostic codes, a Diagnostic Data Reader should be plugged into the receptacle located on the lower side panel of the L.H. control panel. To read diagnostic codes as blink codes, momentarily depress the STOP ENGINE OVERRIDE switch while the ignition is ON, the engine is idling or shut off. Active codes will be flashed on the STOP ENGINE indicator light followed by the inactive codes being flashed on the CHECK ENGINE indicator light. The cycle is repeated until the operator depresses the STOP ENGINE OVERRIDE switch again. For example: code "43" consists of four flashes, followed by a short pause, then another three flashes in quick succession. The following table is a list of the DDEC diagnostic codes.

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
11	187		4	Variable Speed Governor Sensor Voltage Low
11	187		7	Variable Speed Governor Switch System Not Responding
12	187		3	Variable Speed Governor Sensor Voltage High
13	111		4	Coolant Level Sensor Input Voltage Low
13	111		6	Add Coolant Level Sensor Input Voltage Low
13		146	6	EGR Valve Current too High
14	52		3	Intercooler Coolant Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
14	110		3	Coolant Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
14	175		3	Oil Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
15	52		4	Intercooler Coolant Temperature Sensor Input Voltage Low
15	110		4	Coolant Temperature Sensor Input Voltage Low
15	175		4	Oil Temperature Sensor Input Voltage Low

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
16	111		3	Coolant Level Sensor Input Voltage High
16	111		5	Add Coolant Level Sensor Input Voltage High
16		146	5	EGR Valve Current too Low
17	51		3	Throttle Plate Position Sensor Input Voltage High
17	72		3	Blower Bypass Position Input Voltage High
17	354		3	Relative Humidity Sensor Circuit Failed High
18	51		4	Throttle Plate Position Sensor Input Voltage Low
18	72		4	Blower Bypass Position Input Voltage Low
18	354		4	Relative Humidity Sensor Circuit Failed Low
21	91		3	Throttle Position Sensor Input Voltage High
22	91		4	Throttle Position Sensor Input Voltage Low
23	174		3	Fuel Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
23		65	3	Oxygen Content Circuit Input Voltage High
24	174		4	Fuel Temperature Sensor Input Voltage Low
24		65	4	Oxygen Content Circuit Input Voltage Low
25				Reserved for "No Codes"
26		25	11	Aux. Shutdown #1 Active
26		61	11	Aux. Shutdown #2 Active
27	105		3	Intake Manifold Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
27	171		3	Ambient Air Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
27	172		3	Air Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
28	105		4	Intake Manifold Temperature Sensor Input Voltage Low
28	171		4	Ambient Air Temperature Sensor Input Voltage Low
28	172		4	Air Temperature Sensor Input Voltage Low
29	351	_	4	TCI Temperature Circuit Failed Low
29	404	_	4	Turbo Compressor Temperature Out Sensor Input Voltage Low
31		51	3	Aux. Output #3 Open Circuit (High Side) – Pin E-49
31		51	4	Aux. Output #3 Short To Ground (High Side) – Pin E-49
31		51	7	Aux. Output #3 Mechanical System Fail - Pin E-49
31		52	3	Aux. Output #4 Open Circuit (High Side) - Pin E-48
31		52	4	Aux. Output #4 Short to Ground (High Side) - Pin E-48
31		52	7	Aux. Output #4 Mechanical System Failure - Pin E-48
31		260	3	Aux. Output #12 Open Circuit (High Side) - Pin E-46
31		260	4	Aux. Output #12 Short to Ground (High Side) - Pin E-46
31		260	7	Aux. Output #12 Mechanical System Failure - Pin E-46
31		261	3	Aux. Output #13 Open Circuit (High Side) - Pin E-47

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
31		261	4	Aux. Output #13 Short to Ground (High Side) - Pin E-47
31		261	7	Aux. Output #13 Mechanical System Failure - Pin E-47
31		262	3	Aux. Output #14 Open Circuit (High Side) - Pin E-50
31		262	4	Aux. Output #14 Short to Ground (High Side) - Pin E-50
31		262	7	Aux. Output #14 Mechanical System Failure - Pin E-50
31		263	3	Aux. Output #15 Open Circuit (High Side) - Pin E-51
31		263	4	Aux. Output #15 Short to Ground (High Side) - Pin E-51
31		263	7	Aux. Output #15 Mechanical System Failure - Pin E-51
31		264	3	Aux. Output #16 Open Circuit (High Side) - Pin E-52
31		264	4	Aux. Output #16 Short to Ground (High Side) - Pin E-52
31		264	7	Aux. Output #16 Mechanical System Failure - Pin E-52
31		265	3	Aux. Output #17 Open Circuit (High Side) - Pin E-53
31		265	4	Aux. Output #17 Short to Ground (High Side) - Pin E-53
31		265	7	Aux. Output #17 Mechanical System Failure - Pin E-53
32		238	3	RSL Short to Battery (+)
32		238	4	RSL Open Circuit
32		239	3	AWL Short to Battery (+)
32		239	4	AWL Open Circuit
33	102		3	Turbo Boost Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
34	102		4	Turbo Boost Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
35	19		3	High Range Oil Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
35	100		3	Oil Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
36	19		4	High Range Oil Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
36	100		4	Oil Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
37	18		3	High Range Fuel Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
37	94		3	Fuel Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
37	95		3	Fuel Restriction Sensor Input Voltage High
38	18		4	High Range Fuel Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
38	94		4	Fuel Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
38	95		4	Fuel Restriction Sensor Input Voltage Low
39	_	146	2	EGR Leak- Boost Power
39	_	146	12	EGR Leak- Boost Jake
39	_	146	7	EGR Valve Not Responding
39	_	147	2	VNT Vanes Not Responding – Boost Power
39	_	147	11	VNT Vanes at Max – Jake
39	_	147	12	VNT Vanes Not Responding – Boost Jake
39	_	147	14	EGR Flow too low

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
39	_	147	7	VNT Vanes Not Responding – EGR
41		21	0	Too Many CKP Sensor (missing CMP Sensor)
42		21	1	Too few CKP Sensor (missing CKP Sensor)
43	111		1	Coolant Level Low
44	52		0	Intercooler Coolant Temperature High
44	105		0	Intake Manifold Temperature High
44	105		14	Engine Power Derate Due to Intake Manifold Temperature
44	110		0	Coolant Temperature High
44	110		14	Engine Power Derate Due to Coolant Temperature
44	172		0	Air Inlet Temperature High
44	175		0	Oil Temperature High
45	19		1	High Range Oil Pressure Low
45	100		1	Oil Pressure Low
46	168		1	ECM Battery Voltage Low
46		155		Injector V (reg) Voltage Failed Low
46	1	211	1	Sensor Supply Pins V-11/V-12 Low
46		212	4	Injector V (slope) Voltage Failed Low
46	1	214	1	RTC Backup Battery Voltage Low, Pin E-59
46	-	221	4	Injector I (pull-in) Voltage Failed Low
46		232	1	Sensor Supply Voltage Low, Pin E-12/E-26
47	18		0	High Range Fuel Pressure High
47	94		0	Fuel Pressure High
47	102		0	Turbo Boost Pressure High
47	102		14	Engine Power Derate Due to Turbo Boost Pressure
47	106		0	Air Inlet Pressure High
47	164		0	Injection Control Pressure High
48	18		1	High Range Fuel Pressure Low
48	94		1	Fuel Pressure Low
48	106		1	Air Inlet Pressure Low
48	164		1	Injection Control Pressure Low
48	351		1	TCI Temperature Low
48	404	_	1	Turbo Compressor Temperature Out Low
48	404		14	Engine Power Derate Due to Turbo Compressor Out Temperature
48	411		1	EGR Differential Pressure Low
48	412		1	EGR Temperature Low
49	351		0	TCI Temperature High

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
49	404		0	Turbo Compressor Out Temperature High
51	351		3	TCI Temperature Circuit Failed High
51	404		3	Turbo Compressor Out Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
52		254	12	A/D Conversion Fail
53		253	2	Nonvolatile Checksum Incorrect
53		253	12	EEPROM Write Error
53		253	13	Out of Calibration
54	84		12	Vehicle Speed Sensor Fault
55		216	14	Other ECU Fault (This fault is logged in conjunction with another fault to indicate missing information from another ECU.)
55		231	12	J1939 Data Link Fault
55		248	8	Proprietary Data Link Fault (Master)
55		248	9	Proprietary Data Link Fault (Receiver)
56		250	12	J1587 Data Link Fault
57		249	12	J1922 Data Link Fault
58	92		0	Torque Overload
61		xxx	0	Injector xxx Response Time Long
62		26	3	Aux. Output #1 Short to Battery (+) – Pin V-4
62		26	4	Aux. Output #1 Open Circuit - Pin V-4
62	_	26	7	Aux. Output #1 Mechanical System Not Responding Properly - Pin V-4
62		40	3	Aux. Output #2 Short to Battery (+) - Pin V-5
62		40	4	Aux. Output #2 Open Circuit - Pin V-5
62	_	40	7	Aux. Output #2 Mechanical System Not Responding Properly – Pin V-5
62		53	3	Aux. Output #5 Short to Battery (+) - Pin V-6
62		53	4	Aux. Output #5 Open Circuit - Pin V-6
62	_	53	7	Aux. Output #5 Mechanical System Not Responding Properly - Pin V-6
62		54	3	Aux. Output #6 Short to Battery (+) - Pin V-7
62		54	4	Aux. Output #6 Open Circuit - Pin V-7
62		54	7	Aux. Output #6 Mechanical System Not Responding Properly - Pin V-7
62		55	3	Aux. Output #7 Short to Battery (+) - Pin V-40
62		55	4	Aux. Output #7 Open Circuit - Pin V-40
62	_	55	7	Aux. Output #7 Mechanical System Not Responding Properly - Pin V-40
62		56	3	Aux. Output #8 Short to Battery (+) – Pin V-53

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION	
62		56	4	Aux. Output #8 Open Circuit - Pin V-53	
62		56	7	Aux. Output #8 Mechanical System Not Responding Properly - Pin V-53	
62		257	3	Aux. Output #9 Open Circuit – Pin V-54	
62		257	4	Aux. Output #9 Short to Gnd – Pin V-54	
62		257	7	Aux. Output #9 Mechanical System Failure – Pin V-54	
62		258	3	Aux. Output #10 Open Circuit – Pin V-55	
62		258	4	Aux. Output #10 Short to Gnd – Pin V-55	
62		258	7	Aux. Output #10 Mechanical System Failure – Pin V-55	
62		259	3	Aux. Output #11 Open Circuit – Pin E-13	
62		259	4	Aux. Output #11 Short to Gnd – Pin E-13	
62		259	7	Aux. Output #11 Mechanical System Failure – Pin E-13	
63		57	0	PWM #1 Above Normal Range, Pin V-53	
63		57	1	PWM #1 Below Normal Range, Pin V-53	
63		57	3	PWM #1 Short to Battery (+), Pin V-53	
63		57	4	PWM #1 Open Circuit, Pin V-53	
63		58	0	PWM #2 Above Normal Range, Pin V-46	
63		58	1	PWM #2 Below Normal Range, Pin V-46	
63		58	3	PWM #2 Short to Battery (+), Pin V-46	
63		58	4	PWM #2 Open Circuit, Pin V-46	
63		59	0	PWM #3 Above Normal Range, Pin E-3	
63		59	1	PWM #3 Below Normal Range, Pin E-3	
63		59	3	PWM #3 Short to Battery (+), Pin E-3	
63		59	4	PWM #3 Open Circuit, Pin E-3	
63		60	0	PWM #4 Above Normal Range, Pin E-4	
63		60	1	PWM #4 Below Normal Range, Pin E-4	
63		60	3	PWM #4 Short to Battery (+), Pin E-4	
63		60	4	PWM #4 Open Circuit, Pin E-4	
63		267	0	PWM #5 Above Normal Range - Pin E-8	
63		267	1	PWM #5 Below Normal Range - Pin E-8	
63		267	3	PWM #5 Short to Battery (+) - Pin E-8	
63		267	4	PWM #5 Open Circuit - Pin E-8	
63		267	7	PWM #5 Mechanical System Failed - Pin E-8	
63		268	0	PWM #6 Above Normal Range - Pin E-11	
63		268	1	PWM #6 Below Normal Range - Pin E-11	
63		268	3	PWM #6 Short to Battery (+) - Pin E-11	
63		268	4	PWM #6 Open Circuit - Pin E-11	
63		268	7	PWM #6 Mechanical System Failed - Pin E-11	

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
64	103		0	Turbo Overspeed
64	103		8	Turbo Speed Sensor Input Failure – Abnormal Period
65	51		0	Throttle Plate Position Above Normal Range
65	51		1	Throttle Plate Position Below Normal Range
65	51		2	Throttle Plate Position Erratic
65	51		7	Throttle Plate Not Responding
65	107		3	Air Filter Restriction Sensor Voltage High
65	107		4	Air Filter Restriction Sensor Voltage Low
66	99		3	Oil Filter Restriction Sensor Voltage High
66	99		4	Oil Filter Restriction Sensor Voltage Low
66		76	0	Engine Knock Level Above Normal Range
66		76	3	Engine Knock Level Sensor Input Voltage High
66		76	4	Engine Knock Level Sensor Input Voltage Low
66		76	7	Engine Knock Level Sensor Not Responding
67	20		3	High Range Coolant Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
67	20		4	High Range Coolant Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
67	106		3	Air Inlet Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
67	106		4	Air Inlet Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
67	109		3	Coolant Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
67	109		4	Coolant Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
68		230	5	TPS Idle Validation Circuit Fault (open circuit)
68		230	6	TPS Idle Validation Circuit Fault (short to ground)
71		xxx	1	Injector xxx Response Time Short
72	84		0	Vehicle Overspeed
72	84		11	Vehicle Overspeed (Absolute)
72		65	0	Oxygen Content Too High
72		65	1	Oxygen Content Too Low
73	107		0	Air Filter Restriction High
73		77	0	Gas Valve Position Above Normal Range
73		77	1	Gas Valve Position Below Normal Range
73		77	3	Gas Valve Position Input Voltage High
73		77	4	Gas Valve Position Input Voltage Low
73		77	7	Gas Metering Valve Not Responding
74	70		4	Optimized Idle Safety Loop Short to Ground
74	99		0	Oil Filter Restriction High
75	168		0	ECM Battery Voltage High
75		155	3	Injector V (reg) Voltage Failed High

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
75		211	0	Sensor Supply Pins V-11/V-12 Voltage High
75		212	3	Injector V (slope) Voltage Failed High
75		221	3	Injector V (pull-in) Voltage Failed High
75		214	0	RTC Backup Battery Voltage High
75		232	0	Sensor Supply Voltage High, Pin E-26
76	121		0	Engine Overspeed With Engine Brake
77	19	_	0	High Range Oil Pressure High
77	20	_	0	High Range Coolant Pressure High
77	21	_	0	ECU Temperature Above Range
77	21	_	1	ECU Temperature Below Range
77	21	_	3	ECU Temperature Above Failed High
77	21	_	4	ECU Temperature Above Failed Low
77	72	_	0	Blower Bypass Door Position High
77	72	_	1	Blower Bypass Door Position Low
77	73	_	1	Fire Pump Pressure Low
77	81	_	0	Exhaust Back Pressure High
77	81	_	1	Exhaust Back Pressure Low
77	81	_	3	Exhaust Back Pressure Sensor Voltage High
77	81	_	4	Exhaust Back Pressure Sensor Voltage Low
77	81	_	12	Exhaust Back Pressure at Rampdown Threshold
77	95	_	1	Fuel Filter Differential Pressure Low
77	99	_	1	Oil Filter Differential Pressure Low
77	100	_	0	Engine Oil Pressure High
77	102	_	1	Turbo Boost Pressure Low
77	105	_	1	Inlet Manifold Temperature Low
77	107	_	1	Air filter Restriction Pressure Low
77	108	_	0	Barometric Pressure High
77	108	_	1	Barometric Pressure Low
77	109	_	0	Coolant Pressure High
77	110	_	1	Coolant Temperature Low
77	111	_	0	Coolant Level High
77	171	_	0	Ambient Air Temperature High
77	171		1	Ambient Air Temperature Low
77	172	_	1	Air Inlet Temperature Low
77	174	_	0	Fuel Temperature High
77	174		1	Fuel Temperature Low
77	175		1	Engine Oil Temperature Low

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
77	222	_	14	Anti-Theft Fault Present
77	251	_	10	Clock Module Abnormal Rate of Change
77	251	_	13	Clock Module Failure
77	252	_	10	Clock Module Abnormal Rate of Change
77	252	_	13	Clock Module Failure
77	354	_	0	Relative Humidity Above Range
77	354	_	1	Relative Humidity Below Range
77	446	_	0	Cylinder Head Temperature Above Range
77	_	151	11	Service Now Lamp Fault Expiration
78	86		14	Cruise Control/Adaptive Cruise Control Fault
81	98		3	Oil Level Sensor Input Voltage High
81	101		3	Crankcase Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
81	153		3	Extended Crankcase Pressure Input Voltage High
81	164		3	Injection Control Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
81	173		3	Exhaust Temperature Sensor Input Voltage High
81	411	_	3	EGR Delta Pressure Sensor Circuit Failed High
81	412	_	3	EGR Temperature Circuit Failed High
81	412	_	9	EGR Temperature Network Sensor Not Responding
81		20	3	Timing Actuator Failed High
81		20	4	Timing Actuator Failed Low
81	1	129	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #1 Sensor Voltage High
81	1	130	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #2 Sensor Voltage High
81	1	131	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #3 Sensor Voltage High
81	-	132	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #4 Sensor Voltage High
81	-	133	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #5 Sensor Voltage High
81	-	134	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #6 Sensor Voltage High
81		135	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #7 Sensor Voltage High
81		136	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #8 Sensor Voltage High
81		137	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #9 Sensor Voltage High
81		138	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #10 Sensor Voltage High
81		139	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #11 Sensor Voltage High
81		140	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #12 Sensor Voltage High
81		141	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #13 Sensor Voltage High
81		142	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #14 Sensor Voltage High
81		143	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #15 Sensor Voltage High
81		144	3	Exhaust Port Temperature #16 Sensor Voltage High
81	_	277	9	EGR Rate Sensor not Responding

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
81	_	277	12	EGR Rate Sensor Failed
82	98		4	Oil Level Sensor Input Voltage Low
82	101		4	Crankcase Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
82	153		4	Extended Crankcase Pressure Input Voltage Low
82	164		4	Injection Control Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
82	173		4	Exhaust Temperature Sensor Input Voltage Low
82	411	_	4	EGR Delta Pressure Sensor Circuit Failed Low
82	412	_	4	EGR Temperature Circuit Failed Low
82	412	_	12	EGR Temperature Network Sensor Failed
82		129	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #1 Sensor Voltage Low
82		130	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #2 Sensor Voltage Low
82		131	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #3 Sensor Voltage Low
82		132	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #4 Sensor Voltage Low
82		133	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #5 Sensor Voltage Low
82		134	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #6 Sensor Voltage Low
82		135	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #7 Sensor Voltage Low
82		136	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #8 Sensor Voltage Low
82		137	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #9 Sensor Voltage Low
82		138	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #10 Sensor Voltage Low
82		139	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #11 Sensor Voltage Low
82		140	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #12 Sensor Voltage Low
82		141	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #13 Sensor Voltage Low
82		142	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #14 Sensor Voltage Low
82		143	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #15 Sensor Voltage Low
82		144	4	Exhaust Port Temperature #16 Sensor Voltage Low
82	_	277	12	EGR Rate Sensor Failed
82	412	_	9	EGR Temperature Smart Sensor not Responding
82	412	_	12	EGR Temperature Smart Sensor failed
83	73	_	0	Pump Pressure High
83	98		0	Oil Level High
83	101		0	Crankcase Pressure High
83	153		0	Extended Crankcase Pressure High
83	173		0	Exhaust Temperature High
83	411	_	0	EGR Delta Pressure High
83	412	_	0	EGR Temperature High
83		129	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #1 High
83		130	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #2 High

DDEC V Code	PID	SID	FMI	DESCRIPTION
83		131	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #3 High
83		132	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #4 High
83		133	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #5 High
83		134	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #6 High
83		135	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #7 High
83		136	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #8 High
83		137	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #9 High
83		138	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #10 High
83		139	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #11 High
83		140	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #12 High
83		141	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #13 High
83		142	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #14 High
83		143	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #15 High
83		144	0	Exhaust Port Temperature #16 High
84	98		1	Oil Level Low
84	101		1	Crankcase Pressure Low
84	153		1	Extended Crankcase Pressure Low
85	190		0	Engine Overspeed
85	190		14	Engine Overspeed Signal
86	73		3	Pump Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
86	108		3	Barometric Pressure Sensor Input Voltage High
87	73		4	Pump Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
87	108		4	Barometric Pressure Sensor Input Voltage Low
88	20		1	High Range Coolant Pressure Low
88	109		1	Coolant Pressure Low
89	95		0	Fuel Restriction High
89	111		12	Maintenance Alert Coolant Level Fault

## WORLD TRANSMISSION (WT) DIAGNOSTIC CODES

The WT Diagnostic Code Memory List contains the following headings: Code List Position, Main Code, Sub Code, Active indicator, Ignition Cycle Counter and Event counter. Up to five (5) codes can be stored at the same time in this memory.

The last occurring codes are listed first. Accessing the code list position, main code, sub code and active indicator is done through the Shift Selector Display or by using the Pro-Link Diagnostic Tool. Access to the ignition cycle counter and event counter can be done only through the Pro-Link diagnostic tool. The following table is an example of the information stored in memory.

#### **DIAGNOSTIC CODE MEMORY LIST**

Code List Position	Main Code	Sub Code	Active Indicator	Ignition Cycle Counter	Event Counter
d1	21	12	YES	00	10
d2	41	12	YES	00	04
d3	23	12	NO	08	02
d4	34	12	NO	13	01
d5	56	11	NO	22	02
Displayed on Diagnostic Tool	Shift Selector	Display and	"YES" = ACTIVE = "MODE ON"		ounter and event ot available on splay

#### NOTE

All information stored in memory can be accessed using the Pro-Link Diagnostic Tool.

#### NOTE

The diagnostic codes are stored in the memory queue in positions 1 through 5. The location of a diagnostic code in the memory queue is identified by "d1" (diagnostic code #1) through "d5".

The following paragraphs define the different WT Diagnostic Code Memory List headings:

#### **MAIN CODE**

The general condition or area of fault detected by the ECU.

#### **SUB CODE**

The specific area or condition under the Main Code in which the condition was detected.

#### **ACTIVE INDICATOR**

Illuminates when a fault condition is active (Shift Selector will display *MODE ON* or the Pro-Link Diagnostic Tool will display *YES*). The indicator will extinguish when the fault condition is gone.

#### **IGNITION CYCLE COUNTER**

Used to clear inactive diagnostic codes from the code list in memory. The counter is incremented each time a normal ECU power-down occurs following the clearing of the active indicator. A diagnostic code will be cleared from the list when the counter exceeds 25.

#### **EVENT COUNTER**

Used to record the number of times a diagnostic code occurs prior to the incident being cleared from the code list. The last occurring code will be stored in position "d1". If the most recent code is already in the code list, that code will be moved to position "d1". The Active Indicator will illuminate (Shift Selector will display MODE ON or the Diagnostic Tool will display YES), the Ignition Cycle Counter will be cleared and "1" will be added to the Event Counter.

# CLEARING THE ACTIVE INDICATOR AND CODE RECORDS FROM THE CODE LIST IN MEMORY

If the conditions causing a diagnostic code to be set are cleared, the Active Indicator can be manually cleared by holding the *MODE* button down continuously for 3 seconds until a tone is heard from the shifter. To clear code records from the list, hold the *MODE* button down continuously for ten seconds until a second tone sounds. All diagnostic records in the list that are not active will then be cleared and the remaining records will then be moved up the list.

## CODE READING AND CODE CLEARING PROCEDURES

Diagnostic codes can be read and cleared by two methods: by using the Pro-Link 9000 Diagnostic Tool plugged into the receptacle located in the driver's footwell or by using the Shift Selector Display. The operation of the Pro-Link 9000 Diagnostic Tool is described in the user's manual provided with the Tool. This section describes how to read and clear codes using the Shift Selector Display.

The Diagnostic Display Mode can be entered for viewing codes at any speed. Codes can only be cleared when the output speed = 0 and no output speed sensor failure is active.

#### **READING CODES**

Read codes as follows:

Enter the Diagnostic Display Mode by pressing both the "♠" (up arrow) and "♥" (down arrow) push buttons at the same time, twice on the push-button Shift Selector.

#### NOTE

To obtain the oil level, press the "♠" (up arrow) and "♥" (down arrow) push-buttons once, at the same time. Refer to "Oil Level Sensor (OLS) Codes" in this chapter.

Read the first code in the first of the five code positions on the digital display of the Shift Selector. For example, code "25 11" is stored in the first position. The display will change every two seconds as follows:

- \* Code list position = "d1"
- \* Main code = "25"
- \* Sub code = "11"

Display will repeat steps a, b and c.

Press the MODE button momentarily to view the second position (d2) as described in step 2.

To view the third, fourth and fifth positions (d3, d4 and d5), momentarily press the MODE button as explained above.

Pressing the MODE button momentarily after the fifth position (d5) is displayed will return the code display to the first position (d1).

Any code which is active will be indicated by the MODE ON indicator (Active Indicator) being illuminated while in that code position. While in the normal operating mode, the MODE ON indicator is illuminated to indicate the ECONOMY mode operation. Refer to "Controls & Instruments" chapter under MODE.

Any code position in the list which does not have a diagnostic code logged will display "- -" for both the Main and Sub Code displays. All positions after a code position without any code stored will also display "- -".

#### **CLEARING CODES**

Clearing of the Active Indicator is automatically done at ECU power-down for all codes except code "69 34".

Some codes will clear the Active Indicator automatically when the condition causing the code is no longer detected by the ECU. Refer to the "Diagnostic Code List and Description" table in this chapter.

Manual clearing is possible while in the Diagnostic Display Mode and after the condition causing the code is corrected (output speed must be zero).

To clear all Active Indicators, hold down the MODE button continuously for 3 seconds until the Shift Selector tone sounds for 0.5 second.

Release the MODE button to return to normal operating mode. If the condition causing the code was not active at the time, the active indicator will go out.

#### NOTE

If clearing a code while locked in a drive (D) or reverse (R) position (fail-to-range), the transmission will still be in drive (D) or reverse (R) when the clearing procedure is completed. Neutral (N) must be manually selected.

#### **EXITING THE DIAGNOSTIC DISPLAY MODE**

The Diagnostic Display Mode can be exited by any of the following methods:

- Press the "♣" (up arrow) and "♣" (down arrow) push buttons at the same time on the push-button Shift Selector.
- Press any range button, "D", "N" or "R" on the push-button Shift Selector (the shift will be commanded if it is not inhibited by an active code).
- Do nothing and wait until the calibrated time (approximately 10 minutes) has passed. The system will automatically return to the normal operating mode.
- Turn off power to the ECU (shut off the engine with the ignition key).
- After clearing the active indicator as described in "Clearing Codes" section.

## CLEARING RECORDS FROM THE CODE LIST IN MEMORY

If the Active Indicator has been successfully cleared manually and the MODE button is held down continuously for 10 seconds while in the display mode until a tone sounds, all diagnostic records in the Code List that are not active will be cleared and the remaining records will be moved up the Code List.

#### **DIAGNOSTIC CODE RESPONSE**

The following responses are used in the "Diagnostic Code List and Description" table to command safe operation when diagnostic codes are set.

#### DNS - Do Not Shift Response

- Release lock-up clutch and inhibit lock-up operation.
- Inhibit all shifts.
- Turn ON the CHECK TRANS light.
- Display the range attained.

Ignore any range selection inputs from the pushbutton or lever Shift Selector.

#### DNA - Do Not Adapt Response

The ECU stops adaptive shift control while the code is active.

#### SOL OFF - SOLenoid OFF Response

All solenoids are commanded *OFF* (turning solenoids "A" and "B" off electrically cause them to be on hydraulically).

#### **RPR - Return to Previous Range Response**

When the speed sensor ratio or C3 pressure switch test associated with a shift not successful, the ECU commands the same range as commanded before the shift.

#### **NNC - Neutral No Clutches Response**

When certain speed sensor ratio or C3 pressure switch tests are not successful, the ECU commands a neutral condition with no clutches applied.

#### DIAGNOSTIC CODE LIST AND DESCRIPTION

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
13	12	ECU input voltage, low	Yes	DNS, DNA, SOL OFF, (Hydraulic default)
13	13	ECU input voltage, medium low	No	DNA
13	23	ECU input voltage, high	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF (Hydraulic default)
14	12	Oil level sensor, failed low	No	None
14	23	Oil level sensor, failed high	No	None
21	12	Throttle position sensor, failed low	No	Use throttle default value, DNA
21	23	Throttle position sensor, failed high	No	Use throttle default value, DNA
22	14	Engine speed sensor reasonableness test	No	Use default engine speed, DNA
22	15	Turbine speed sensor reasonableness test	Yes	DNS, lock in current range, DNA
22	16	Output speed sensor reasonableness test	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, LOCK IN CURRENT RANGE, DNA

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
23	12	Primary Shift Selector or RSI Link Fault	Yes	Hold in last valid direction. May cause "cateye" display
23	14	Secondary Shift Selector or RSI Link Fault	Yes	Hold in last valid direction
23	16	Shift Selector display line fault	No	None, may cause "cateye" display
24	12	Sump fluid temperature, cold	Yes	DNS, lock in neutral
24	23	Sump fluid temperature, hot	No	No upshifts above a calibration range
25	0	Output speed sensor detected at 0 speed (Low)	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, lock in current range (Low), DNA
25	11	Output speed sensor detected at 0 speed (1st)	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, lock in current range (1st), DNA
25	22	Output speed sensor detected at 0 speed (2nd)	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, lock in current range (2nd), DNA
25	33	Output speed sensor detected at 0 speed (3rd)	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, lock in current range (3rd), DNA
25	44	Output speed sensor detected at 0 speed (4th)	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, lock in current range (4th), DNA
25	55	Output speed sensor detected at 0 speed (5th)	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, lock in current range (5th), DNA
25	66	Output speed sensor detected at 0 speed (6th)	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, lock in current range (6th), DNA
25	77	Output speed sensor detected at 0 speed (R)	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, lock in current range (R), DNA
26	00	Throttle source not detected	No	Use throttle default values, DNA
26	11	Engine coolant source not detected	No	Use default value of 0°F
32	0	C3 pressure switch open, Low range	Yes	DNS, lock in current range (Low), DNA
32	33	C3 pressure switch open, 3rd range	Yes	DNS, lock in current range (3rd), DNA
32	55	C3 pressure switch open, 5th range	Yes	DNS, lock in current range (5th), DNA
32	77	C3 pressure switch open, Reverse range	Yes	DNS, lock in current range (R), DNA
33	12	Sump oil temperature sensor failed low	No	Use default value of 200°F (93°C)
33	23	Sump oil temperature sensor, failed high	No	Use default value of 200°F (93°C)

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
34	12	Factory calibration compatibility number wrong	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF (Hydraulic default), DNA
34	13	Factory calibration block chacksum	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
34	13	Factory calibration block checksum	165	(Hydraulic default), DNA
34	14	Power off block checksum	No	Use previous location or factory calibration and reset adaptive, DNA
34	15	Diagnostic queue block checksum	No	Use previous location or clear diagnostic queue, DNA
34	16	Real time block checksum	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
34	10	Real time block checksum	165	(Hydraulic default), DNA
34	17	Customer modifiable constants	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
34	17	checksum	165	(Hydraulic default), DNA
35	0	Power interruption (code set after power restored)	No	None (Hydraulic default during interruption)
35	16	Real time write interruption	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
33	10			(Hydraulic default), DNA
36	0	Hardware/Software not compatible	Yes <sup>(2)</sup>	DNS, SOL OFF
30	O	Tradware/Software not compatible		(Hydraulic default), DNA
42	12	Short to battery, A solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF, DNA
42	13	Short to battery, B solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF, DNA
42	14	Short to battery, C solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF, DNA
42	15	Short to battery, D solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF, DNA
42	16	Short to battery, E solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF, DNA
42	21	Short to battery, F solenoid circuit	No	Lock-up inhibited, DNA
42	22	Short to battery, G solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, lock in a range
42	23	Short to battery, H solenoid circuit	No	Differential lock inhibited (3070 only), retarder inhibited
42	24	Short to battery, J solenoid circuit	No	Low and 1st inhibited
42	26	Short to battery, N solenoid circuit	No	Low and 1st inhibited, allow retarder
44	10	Chart to around A salamaid singuit	Voc	DNS, SOL OFF
44	12	Short to ground, A solenoid circuit	Yes	(Hydraulic default), DNA
44	12	Chart to ground D colonaid signif	Voc	DNS, SOL OFF
44	13	Short to ground, B solenoid circuit	Yes	(Hydraulic default), DNA

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
44	14	Short to ground, C solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
<b>4</b> 4	17	official to ground, o soleriold circuit	103	(Hydraulic default), DNA
44	15	Short to ground, D solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
	10	Official to ground, D soleriold circuit	103	(Hydraulic default), DNA
44	16	Short to ground, E solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
	10	Chort to ground, 2 solenold direct	100	(Hydraulic default), DNA
44	21	Short to ground, F solenoid circuit	No	Lockup inhibited, DNA
44	22	Short to ground, G solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
<b></b>	22	Short to ground, O solehold circuit	163	(Hydraulic default), DNA
44	23	Short to ground, H solenoid circuit	No	Differential lock inhibited (3070 only), retarder operation inhibited
44	24	Short to ground, J solenoid circuit	No	Low and 1st inhibited
44	26	Short to ground, N solenoid circuit	No	Low and 1st inhibited, retarder allowed
45	12	On an aircuit A calancid aircuit	uit Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
45	12	Open circuit, A solenoid circuit		(Hydraulic default), DNA
45	13	On an aircuit D calamaid aircuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
45	13	Open circuit, B solenoid circuit	165	(Hydraulic default), DNA
45	14	Open circuit, C solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
43	14	Open circuit, o solenola circuit		(Hydraulic default), DNA
45	15	Open circuit, D solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
	13	Open circuit, D solenoid circuit	163	(Hydraulic default), DNA
45	16	Open circuit, E solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
45	10	Open circuit, L solenoid circuit	163	(Hydraulic default), DNA
45	21	Open circuit, F solenoid circuit	No	Lock-up inhibited, DNA
45	22	Open circuit, G solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF
45	22	Open circuit, G soleriola circuit	165	(Hydraulic default), DNA
45	23	Open circuit, H solenoid circuit	No	Differential lock inhibited (3070 only), retarder inhibited
45	24	Open circuit, J solenoid circuit	No	Low and 1st inhibited
45	26	Open circuit, N solenoid circuit	No	Low and 1st inhibited, retarder allowed
46	21	Overcurrent, F solenoid circuit	No	Lock-up inhibited, DNA
46	26	Overcurrent, N and H solenoid circuits	No	Low and first inhibited or retarder inhibited, DNA

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
46	27	Overcurrent, A-Hi solenoid circuit	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF (Hydraulic default), DNA
51	01	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), Low to 1	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	10	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 1 to Low	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	12	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 1 to 2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	21	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 2 to 1	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	23	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 2 to 3	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	24	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 2 to 4	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	35	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 3 to 5	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	42	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 4 to 2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	43	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 4 to 3	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	45	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 4 to 5	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	46	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 4 to 6	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	53	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 5 to 3	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	64	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 6 to 4	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
51	65	Offgoing ratio test (during shift), 6 to 5	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
	XY	Offgoing ratio test, X to Y <sup>(3)</sup>		
52	1	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), Low to 1	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
52	8	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), L to N1	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
52	32	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), 3 to 2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
52	34	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), 3 to 4	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
52	54	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), 5 to 4	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
52	56	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), 5 to 6	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
52	71	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), R to 1	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
52	72	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), R to 2	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
52	78	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), R to N1	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
52	99	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift), N3 to N2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
52	XY	Offgoing C3PS test (during shift) X to Y <sup>(3)</sup>		
53	8	Offgoing speed test (during shift), L to N1	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
53	18	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 1 to N1	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
53	28	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 2 to N1	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
53	29	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 2 to N2	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, RPR, DNA
53	38	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 3 to N1	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
53	39	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 3 to N3	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, RPR, DNA
53	48	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 4 to N1	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
53	49	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 4 to N3	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, RPR, DNA
53	58	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 5 to N1	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
53	59	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 5 to N3	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, RPR, DNA
53	68	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 6 to N1	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
53	69	Offgoing speed test (during shift), 6 to N4	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, RPR, DNA
53	78	Offgoing speed test (during shift), R to N1	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
53	99	Offgoing speed test (during shift), N2 to N3 or N3 to N2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
53	XY	Offgoing speed test (during shift), X to $Y^{(3)}$		
54	1	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), L to 1	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	7	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), L to R	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
54	10	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 1 to L	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	12	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 1 to 2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	17	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 1 to R	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
54	21	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 2 to 1	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	23	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 2 to 3	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	24	Oncoming ratio test (during shift), 2 to 4	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	27	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 2 to R	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	32	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 3 to 2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	34	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 3 to 4	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	35	Oncoming ratio test (during shift), 3 to 5	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	42	Oncoming ratio test (during shift), 4 to 2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	43	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 4 to 3	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	45	Opposition to the control of the con	Yes	DNS, RPR or SOL OFF
34	45	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 4 to 5	res	(Hydraulic default), DNA
54	46	Oncoming ratio test (during shift), 4 to 6	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	53	Oncoming ratio test (during shift), 5 to 3	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	54	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 5 to 4	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	56	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 5 to 6	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	64	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 6 to 4	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	65	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), 6 to 5	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	70	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), R to L	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
54	71	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), R to 1	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
54	72	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), R to 2	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
54	80	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N1 to L	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	81	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N1 to 1	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	82	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N1 to 2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	83	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N1 to 3	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	85	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N1 to 5	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	86	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N1 to 6	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
54	92	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N2 to 2	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	93	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N3 to 3	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	95	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N3 to 5	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	96	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), N4 to 6	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
54	XY	Oncoming ratio test (after shift), X to Y <sup>(3)</sup>		
55	07	Oncoming C3PS test (after shift), Low to R	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
55	17	Oncoming C3PS test (after shift), 1 to R	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
55	27	Oncoming C3PS test (after shift), 2 to R	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
55	87	Oncoming C3PS test (after shift), N1 to R	Yes	DNS, RPR, DNA
55	97	Oncoming C3PS test (after shift), NVL to R	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, NNC, DNA
55	XY	Oncoming C3PS test (after shift), X to $Y^{(3)}$		
56	0	Range verification test, L	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, 1st, Low or SOL OFF (Low),DNA
56	11	Range verification ratio test, 1st	Yes	DNS, 6th, DNA
56	22	Range verification ratio test, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, 6th or 5th, DNA
56	33	Range verification ratio test, 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, 5th or SOL OFF (4th), DNA
56	44	Range verification ratio test, 4 <sup>th</sup>	Yes	DNS, 3rd or 5th, DNA
56	55	Range verification ratio test, 5 <sup>th</sup>	Yes <sup>(1)</sup>	DNS, SOL OFF (5th) or 3rd, DNA
56	66	Range verification ratio test, 6 <sup>th</sup>	Yes	DNS, 5th, 3rd or SOL OFF (3rd), DNA
56	77	Range verification ratio test, R	Yes	DNS, N2 or N3, DNA
57	11	Range verification C3PS test, 1 <sup>st</sup>	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF (3rd), DNA
57	22	Range verification C3PS test, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Yes	DNS, 3rd, DNA
57	44	Range verification C3PS test, 4 <sup>th</sup>	Yes	DNS, 5th or SOL OFF (3rd), DNA
57	66	Range verification C3PS test, 6 <sup>th</sup>	Yes	DSN, SOL OFF (5th), DNA

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
57	88	Range verification C3PS test, N1	Yes	DNS, N3, DNA
57	99	Range verification C3PS test, N2 or N4	Yes	DNS, N3, DNA
61	0	Retarder oil temperature, hot	No	None
62	12	Retarder oil temperature sensor, low	No	None
62	23	Retarder oil temperature sensor, high	No	None
62	32	Engine coolant sensor, failed low	No	Use default value of 0°F
62	33	Engine coolant sensor, failed high	No	Use default value of 0°F
63	0	Input function fault	Yes	Depends on input function, DNA
63	26	Kickdown input, failed on	No	Kickdown operation inhibited
63	40	Service brake status input, failed on	No	No auto Neutral to Drive shifts for refuse packer (I/O package # 41). No retarder if a TPS code is also active
64	12	Retarder modulation request sensor, failed low	No	Retarder operation inhibited
64	23	Retarder modulation request sensor, failed high	No	Retarder operation inhibited
66	0	Serial communications interface fault	No	Use default throttle values, DNA
66	11	SCI engine coolant source fault No Use default		Use default value of 0°F
69	27	ECU, inoperative A-Hi switch	Yes	DNS, NNC, DNA
69	28	ECU, inoperative F-Hi switch	Yes	Lock-up inhibited, DNA
69	29	ECU, inoperative N and H-Hi switch	No	Low and 1st inhibited, retarder inhibited, DNA
69	33	ECU, Computer Operating Properly (COP) timeout  No  ECU ON 2ND OCCURRENCE (POLOSS: HYDRAULIC DEFAULTS), MAY C.		OCCURRENCE (POWER
69	34	ECU, write timeout	Yes	DNS, SOL OFF (Hydraulic default), DNA
69	35	ECU, checksum test	No	Induce COP timeout (reset ECU), DNA <sup>(4)</sup>
69	36	ECU, RAM self test	No	INDUCE COP TIMEOUT (reset ECU), DNA <sup>(4)</sup>
69	39	Communication chip addressing error	No	Use default for J1939 data, DNA

MAIN CODE	SUB CODE	DESCRIPTION	CHECK TRANS LIGHT	INHIBITED OPERATION DESCRIPTION
69	41	ECU, I/O ASIC addressing test	No	Induce COP timeout (reset ECU), DNA <sup>(4)</sup>
69	42	SPI output failure	Yes	GPO 1-8 and reverse warning inoperable
69	43	SPI input failure	Yes	DNS, lock in range, DNA

This code is logged in real time to protect the transmission in case a loss of power to the ECU (Power Interruption code 35 00) occurs.

The ECU hardware or software must be changed so that they are compatible.

Additional codes could be logged for other shifts where X indicates range shifted from and Y indicates range shifted to

The COP reset will clear the active inhibit.

#### OIL LEVEL SENSOR (OLS) CODES

Oil level codes are obtained as follows:

Press both the "♠" (up arrow) and "♥" (down arrow) push-buttons simultaneously. Oil level codes are displayed in 2 minutes (e.g. display will flash and 8, 7, ...; countdown will occur during the 2 minutes) once the following parameters are met:

- Waiting time, vehicle must be stationary for at least 2 minutes to allow the oil to settle;
- Engine at idle;
- Oil at normal operating temperature, between 140°F (60°C) and 220°F (104°C):
- Transmission in neutral (N):
- Transmission output shaft stopped;
- Oil level sensor present and working.
- After 2 minutes, the display will flash one of the codes shown below:

CODE	CAUSE OF CODE
O, LO, K	Oil level is correct
O, LL, O01	One quart low
O, LL, O02	Two quarts low
O, LH, I01	One quart high
O, LH, I02	Two quarts high

#### NOTE

Failure to meet one of the above parameters will stop the two minute countdown. One of the codes shown hereafter will indicate the cause of the countdown interruption. Once all parameters are met, the countdown will continue from where it left off.

CODE	CAUSE OF CODE
O, L0,X	Waiting time too short
OL-50	Engine speed (rpm) too low
OL-59	Engine speed (rpm) too high
OL-65	Neutral must be selected
OL-70	Sump oil temperature too low
OL-79	Sump oil temperature too high
OL-89	Output shaft rotation
OL-95	Sensor failure

#### **Exiting The Fluid Level Display Mode**

To exit the Oil Level Display Mode, press any range button ("R", "N" or "D").

#### **CLEARING CODES**

If the CHECK TRANS light is illuminated, first clear all diagnostic codes by pressing both the "♠" (up arrow) and "♣" (down arrow) pushbuttons at the same time, twice.

Take the vehicle for a test drive. If the CHECK TRANS light illuminates again, record the diagnostic codes. Refer to "World Transmission (WT) Diagnostic Codes" in this chapter.

### **LIGHT BULB DATA**

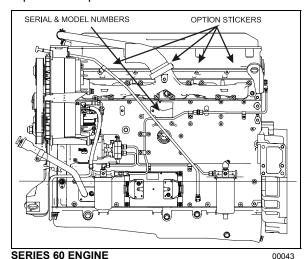
LIGHT BULB DATA	LIGHT BULB DATA				
APPLICATION	PREVOST PART NO.	TRADE OR SAE NUMBER	WATTS OR CANDLE POWER	VOLTS	QTY
EXTERIOR LIGHTING					
Hi/Lo-beam	930291	9004	65/45 W	12	2
Lo-Beam Xenon (optional)	930388	D2S	35 W	12	2
Docking & cornering	930319	9415	37.5W	12	4
Fog	561882	H3 (OSRAM)	55 W	12	2
License plate (sealed)	930266	TL 15206		12	2
Side Lamp (red)	930340	Grote 47072-3		12	12
Side Lamp (amber)	930341	Grote 47073		12	12
Identification (red)	930334	25350R		12	6
Clearance (red)	930334	25350R		12	8
Identification (amber)	930337	25350Y		12	6
Clearance (amber)	930337	25350Y		12	8
Front directional (hazard & marker)	562135	3057	32/3W	12	2
Rear directional	560589	1156	32 W	12	4
Stop	560589	1156	32 W	12	8
Back-up	560589	1156	32 W	12	4
Center stop	930330	HELLA 96208		12	3
Tail	560123	67	4 W	12	4
Exterior compartment (except engine)	562278	HELLA 78207 OSRAM 6429	10 W	24	12
Engine compartment	930383	Sealed	25 W	12	2
INTERIOR LIGHTING					
Instrument cluster lights	562838	2721 MFX (OSRAM)			
Telltale panel assy.	562791				1
Step light	562278	HELLA 78207 OSRAM 6429	10 W	24	3

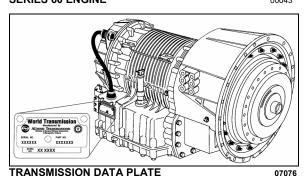
#### PLATES AND CERTIFICATION

The main components of the vehicle such as engine, transmission, axles and chassis are identified by different serial numbers. It may be necessary to locate these numbers for warranty purposes.

The engine serial and model number are stamped on the cylinder block (as viewed from the flywheel end) on the left side just below the fire deck and above the cast-in Detroit Diesel logo "O".

In addition, option decals are located on the rocker cover (starter side). The engine serial and model number and a list of the optional engine equipment are written on these decals. Refer to this information when ordering replacement parts.

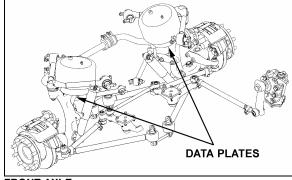




Data Plates

DRIVE AXLE

11019



**FRONT AXLE** 

10003

#### SAFETY CERTIFICATION

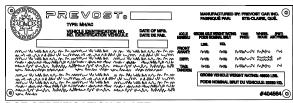
Vehicle components meet specifications and standards as follows:

- Material and parts conform to ASTM and/or SAE standards in effect at the time of manufacture.
- All factory-installed interior materials meet FMVSS 302 for fire resistance.
- Certified according to Provincial, State and Federal Safety standards (Canadian and US) BMCSS, FMVSS and CMVSS.

Other applicable certification labels are affixed to the component.

#### **DOT CERTIFICATION PLATE**

This certifies that vehicles manufactured by Prévost Car Inc. comply with all Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards at the time of manufacture. Information such as gross vehicle weight rating and tire pressure is also marked on this plate. The DOT Certification plate is affixed to L.H. control panel.



DOT CERTIFICATION PLATE

00016

#### **EPA ENGINE LABEL**

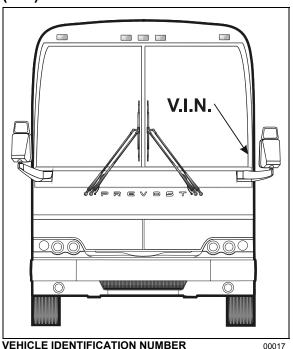
The emissions certification label affixed to the rear junction box certifies that the engine conforms to federal and any state exhaust emissions regulations.



**ENGINE COMPARTMENT** 

00019

## VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (VIN)



The Vehicle Identification Number is stamped on a plate located on the windshield frame pillar (driver's side). The VIN is visible from the outside of the vehicle. Make sure the correct vehicle identification number is given when ordering replacement parts. Using the VIN when ordering parts will facilitate processing.

#### NOTE

Record the VIN in the vehicle documentation and keep with company records. The VIN will normally be used for vehicle registration and for obtaining vehicle insurance coverage.

#### **COACH FINAL RECORD**

The Coach Final Record is a record of all data pertaining to the assembly of the vehicle. This record is included in the technical publications package supplied with the vehicle. Retain this record in the company records office for reference and safe-keeping.

#### **SERVICE LITERATURE**

Visit our web sit at www.prevostcar.com for on-line product information and technical publications!

Additional copies of the following service literature are available upon request and at low cost.

- \* Maintenance Manual
- \* Owner's Manual
- \* Parts Manual
- \* Service Center Directory

To order, please call Prevost Parts toll free 1-800-463-8876 or write to:

## PRÉVOST PARTS INC.

2955-A, Watt Street, Sainte-Foy, (Quebec) Canada, G1X 3W1

Please specify the complete vehicle serial number.

Allow 30 days for delivery.

#### NOTICE

## DECLARATION OF THE MANUFACTURING DEFECTS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES

If you believe that your vehicle has defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Prévost Car Inc.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign.

However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or Prévost Car Inc.

To contact NHTSA you may either call the toll-free Auto Safety Hotline at **1-800-424-9393** (or **366-0123**) in the Washington, D.C. area) or write to:

#### **NHTSA**

## U.S. Department of transportation Washington, D.C. 20590

You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from the Hotline.

#### DECLARATION OF THE MANUFACTURING DEFECTS TO THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT

If you live in Canada and you believe that your vehicle has a safety defect, you should immediately inform Transport Canada and Prévost Car Inc. You may write to:

Transport Canada

Box 8880
Ottawa, Ontario, K1G 3J2

#### DECLARATION OF THE MANUFACTURING DEFECTS TO PRÉVOST CAR INC.

In addition to notify the NHTSA (or Transport Canada), please contact Prévost Car at **1-418-831-2046**. Or you may write to:

Prévost Car Inc.

After-sales service department
850, chemin Olivier
St-Nicolas (Québec)
Canada G7A 2N1

## **INDEX**

A	EXTERIOR SURFACES	84
	FLOOR CLEANING	84
A/C CONDENSER DOOR11	FORMICA	84
ADJUSTABLE HVAC REGISTERS19	PLASTIC AND VINYL	84
AIR SYSTEM106	RUBBER COMPONENTS	84
ALARM SYSTEM80	SEAT UPHOLSTERY	83
ALIGNMENT SPECIFICATIONS106	STAINLESS STEEL	84
DRIVE AXLE107	WINDOWS	
FRONT AXLE (INDEPENDENT FRONT	WINDSHIELD	
SUSPENSION)	COACH FINAL RECORD	
	COLD WEATHER STARTING	
ALLISON WORLD TRANSMISSION ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT (ECU)54	COMPARTMENT LIGHTING	
ANTILOCK BRAKING SYSTEM (ABS)55, 106	CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS	21
TROUBLESHOOTING AND TESTING106	CORNERING AND DOCKING LIGHTS	79
APPENDIX 135	D	
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION42	<u>D</u>	
FUNCTIONS OF THE "MODE" BUTTON43	DASHBOARD CONTROL SWITCHES	28
OPERATION43	AIR VENTS	33
RANGE SELECTION	HVAC CONTROL UNIT	32
PUSH BUTTON SHIFTER42	L.H. DASHBOARD PANEL	
В	R.H. DASHBOARD PANEL	
_	DAYTIME RUNNING LIGHTS	
BACK-UP ALARM80	DDEC V DIAGNOSTIC CODES	108
BACK-UP ALARM CANCEL SWITCH80	DDEC V ELECTRONIC CONTROL MODULE (ECM)	46
BACK-UP CAMERA15, 79	DEFENSIVE DRIVING PRACTICES	
BAGGAGE COMPARTMENTS10	DETROIT DIESEL ELECTRONIC	
BELTS105	CONTROL (DDEC) SYSTEM	45
BRAKES105	DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS	104
BRAKE CHAMBER EFFECTIVE AREA105	DRIVER CONTROLLED DIFFERENTIAL	
С	LOCK (DCDL)	
	LOCKING THE DCDL	
CAPACITIES104	OPERATION TIPS	
CARE AND MAINTENANCE83	UNLOCKING THE DCDL	
CHANGING WHEELS77	DRIVER'S SEAT - DELIVERY	17
HYDRAULIC JACK78	DRIVER'S AND CO-PILOT'S SEATS -	17
JACKING POINTS78	ISRI (OPTIONAL) ELECTRIC ISRI SEATS	
CLEANING83	PNEUMATIC ISRI SEATS	
CARPET84	I NEUWATIO IONI SEATS	1

#### **INDEX**

DRIVING MODE MENU47	RADIATOR FAN GEARBOX OIL LEVEL87
FAULT ? MENU (Fault messages)48	WINDSHIELD WASHER TANK88
FUEL ECONOMY MENU47	FOG LIGHTS79
GAUGE MODE MENU47	FOOT-OPERATED CONTROLS41
TIME / DIST MENU47	ACCELERATOR PEDAL41
=	SERVICE BRAKES41
E	STEERING WHEEL ADJUSTMENT
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM106	UNLOCK AIR VALVE42
EMERGENCY AIR-FILL VALVES76	FOREWORD1
EMERGENCY AND PARKING BRAKES76	FRONT SERVICE COMPARTMENT12
EMERGENCY EXITS75	FUEL FILLER DOOR10
ELECTRIC AWNING WINDOW75	FUEL TYPE104
FIXED WINDOWS75	G
ROOF ESCAPE HATCH75	G
SLIDING WINDOWS75	GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS94
ENGINE BLOCK HEATER72	
ENGINE COMPARTMENT COMPONENTS8	Н
ENGINE COMPARTMENT R.H. SIDE DOOR9	HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING 107
ENGINE COMPARTMENT REAR DOORS11	COMPRESSOR (for large capacity A/C)107
110-120 VOLT CONNECTOR12	COMPRESSOR (for small capacity A/C)107
ENGINE WARM-UP72	LARGE CAPACITY A/C107
ENGINE105	SMALL CAPACITY A/C107
ENTRANCE DOOR13	1
KEYLESS ENTRY SYSTEM14, 56	1
EVAPORATOR COMPARTMENT13	IGNITION SWITCH23
_	INDEX 137
F	INSIDE MIRROR19
FIRST SERVICE ON NEW VEHICLE94	INSTRUMENT CLUSTER34
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL FILTER94	CLUSTER34
COOLANT SYSTEM STRAINER94	DASHBOARD GAUGES34
ENGINE OIL94	MESSAGE CENTER DISPLAY (MCD)34
FLUID LEVEL VERIFICATION85	VEHICLE CLEARANCE INFORMATION36
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION OIL LEVEL86	
COOLANT FLUID LEVEL88	J
DRIVE AXLE WHEEL BEARING OIL LEVEL88	JACOBS ENGINE BRAKE55
ENGINE OIL LEVEL85	JUMP STARTING73
FRONT AND TAG AXLE WHEEL HUBS88	
POWER STEERING FLUID LEVEL87	

K	М
KEYLESS ENTRY SYSTEM57	MESSAGE CENTER DISPLAY (MCD) 33, 46
KEYLESS OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS57	MUD FLAPS AND SPLASH GUARDS79
PROGRAMMING A PERSONAL CODE57	N
PROGRAMMING TRANSMITTERS58	IN
REMOTE ENTRY TRANSMITTER57	NON-DRIVING MODE MENU48
KEYS21	DATA LOG MODE MENU53
1	FAULT DIAGNOSTIC MENU51
-	PART NUMBER52
LATERAL CONTROL PANEL24	PASSWORDS53
12-VOLT DC POWER OUTLET27	SET UP MODE MENU48
ACCESSORY POCKET27	STATUS TEST52
ASHTRAY27	SYSTEM DIAGNOSTIC MENU50
BLANK27	NOTICE136
CIGARETTE LIGHTER27	
CRUISE CONTROL SWITCHES24	0
LEVEL LOW SYSTEM26	OIL LEVEL SENSOR (OLS) CODES130
MIRROR CONTROLS25	CLEARING CODES130
PARKING BRAKES CONTROL VALVE27	OIL SPECIFICATIONS108
POWER WINDOW SWITCH27	AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION108
TAG AXLE CONTROL VALVE27	DIFFERENTIAL108
TRANSMISSION CONTROL PAD24	ENGINE108
LIGHT BULB DATA131	FAN GEARBOX108
LUBRICANT SPECIFICATIONS100	POWER STEERING RESERVOIR108
LUBRICATION AND SERVICING SCHEDULE97	OTHER FEATURES45
MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE99	OTHER PRECAUTIONS4
SERVICE EVERY 100,000 MILES (160 000 KM)	OTHER VERIFICATIONS89
OR ONCE EVERY TWO YEARS, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST99	A/C AND HEATING SYSTEM AIR FILTERS91
SERVICE EVERY 12,500 MILES (20 000 KM)	AIR FILTER RESTRICTION INDICATOR90
OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES	AIR TANK PURGE89
FIRST98	BACK-UP CAMERA90
SERVICE EVERY 50,000 MILES (80 000 KM) OR ONCE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES	BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT90
FIRST98	CABIN SYSTEM AIR FILTER91
SERVICE EVERY 6,250 MILES (10 000 KM) OR TWICE A YEAR, WHICHEVER COMES	DRIVER'S AREA AIR FILTERS91
FIRST97	FIRE EXTINGUISHERS89
	FUEL FILTER / WATER SEPARATOR89
	HOSE INSPECTION92
	LUDDICATION

P	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS58
	SLIDE-OUT LOGIC CONTROLLER60
PART NUMBER SPECIFICATIONS101	SLIDE-OUT MANUAL OVERRIDE PROCEDURE61
PLATES AND CERTIFICATION132	SLIDE-OUT TROUBLESHOOTING – THIRD
DOT CERTIFICATION PLATE132	GENERATION68
EPA ENGINE LABEL	STARTING AND STOPPING PROCEDURES71
PRE-STARTING INSPECTION92	STARTING THE ENGINE71
WITH ENGINE RUNNING93	STARTING FROM THE DRIVER'S SEAT71
WITH ENGINE STOPPED92 PRODRIVER <sup>TM</sup> 54	STARTING FROM THE ENGINE COMPARTMENT71
<b>n</b>	STEERING COLUMN CONTROLS39
R	HORN41
R.H. SIDE REAR SERVICE COMPARTMENT	MULTI-FUNCTION LEVER39
(XL2-45 MTH ONLY)9	TRANSMISSION OUTPUT RETARDER40
RADIATOR DOOR13	STEERING WHEEL ADJUSTMENT19
REAR VIEW MIRRORS15	STEERING106
RECLINING BUMPER COMPARTMENT12	SUNSHADES (BLINDS)19
REMOTE ENTRY TRANSMITTER22, 57	SUSPENSION106
RETRACTABLE TAG AXLE55	DRIVE AXLE106
S	INDEPENDENT FRONT SUSPENSION106 TAG AXLE106
SAFE OPERATING PRACTICES3	т
SAFETY BELTS18	•
SAFETY EQUIPMENT77	TECHNICAL INFORMATION 103
FIRE EXTINGUISHERS77	TELLTALE PANEL36
FIRST AID KIT77	TOWING78
JACK AND TOOLS77	TRAILER HITCH16
SPARE PARTS KIT77	TRANSMISSION RETARDER39, 54
WARNING REFLECTORS77	TRANSMISSION105
SAFETY FEATURES AND EQUIPMENT75	GEAR RATIOS105
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS 3	V
SERVICE LITERATURE135	VARIABLE ASSISTANCE STEERING
SLIDE-OUT OPERATION58	GEAR (OPTIONAL)56
CODE DESCRIPTION69	VEHICLE EXTERIOR5
FRONT SLIDE-OUT OPERATION59 REAR SLIDE-OUT OPERATION60	VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (VIN)133

VEHICLE INTERIOR	17
W	
WALK-AROUND INSPECTION (BEFORE EVERY TRIP)	96
WHEELS AND TIRES	104
RECOMMENDED TIRE INFLATION PRESSURE AT MAXIMUM COLD LOAD .	104
WINDOWS	.19, 84
AWNING WINDOWS	19, 75
DRIVER'S POWER WINDOW	19
FIXED WINDOWS	19, 75
SLIDING WINDOWS	20, 75
WORLD TRANSMISSION (WT) DIAGNOSTIC CODES	118
ACTIVE INDICATOR	119
CLEARING CODES	120
CLEARING RECORDS FROM THE CODE IN MEMORY	
CLEARING THE ACTIVE INDICATOR AN CODE RECORDS FROM THE CODE LIS MEMORY	T IN
CODE READING AND CODE CLEARING PROCEDURES	
DIAGNOSTIC CODE LIST AND DESCRIPTION	121
DIAGNOSTIC CODE MEMORY LIST	119
DIAGNOSTIC CODE RESPONSE	121
EVENT COUNTER	119
EXITING THE DIAGNOSTIC DISPLAY MODE	120
IGNITION CYCLE COUNTER	119
MAIN CODE	119
READING CODES	120
SUB CODE	119
WORLD TRANSMISSION (WT) WARM-I	IP 73